Better Health, Brighter Future



News Release

Takeda Spotlights High-Value, Late-Stage Pipeline Accelerating the Development of Potential Transformative Treatments for Patients in Multiple Therapeutic Areas

- Six Late-Stage Programs with Peak Revenue Potential of \$10B \$20B¹ Poised to Deliver Sustainable Growth
- Expected Phase 3 Data Readouts in 2025 for Oveporexton (TAK-861), Zasocitinib (TAK-279) and Rusfertide (TAK-121)
- Regulatory Filings for Oveporexton (narcolepsy type 1), Zasocitinib (psoriasis) and Rusfertide (polycythemia vera) on Track for Fiscal Years 2025 2026
- Five Additional Filings Anticipated in Fiscal Years 2027-2029 Including First Indication Submissions for Mezagitamab (TAK-079), Fazirsiran (TAK-999) and Elritercept (TAK-226)

OSAKA, Japan and CAMBRIDGE, Massachusetts, December 13, 2024 – Takeda (<u>TSE:4502/NYSE:TAK</u>) will host an investor R&D Day today beginning at 8:30 a.m. JST in Tokyo. The meeting will focus on programs in the company's late-stage pipeline, the transformative value they could deliver to patients, and the market opportunities they represent.

"We are focused on advancing our innovative pipeline and accelerating late-stage programs to deliver sustainable revenue growth to 2030 and beyond, building upon the strong momentum of our Growth and Launch Products," said Christophe Weber, Takeda chief executive officer. "The first three Phase 3 programs will read out in 2025, initiating a cadence of potential filings across multiple indications over the next several years."

Eight Regulatory Filings in FY2025 – FY2029

The late-stage pipeline includes oveporexton (TAK-861), zasocitinib (TAK-279), rusfertide (TAK-121), mezagitamab (TAK-079), fazirsiran (TAK-999) and elritercept (TAK-226). Combined these programs have potential peak revenue¹ of \$10B-\$20B. Data from three Phase 3 programs is expected to read out in 2025:

- oveporexton, a potential best-in-class and first-in-class investigational oral orexin receptor 2 agonist will report Phase 3 results in narcolepsy type 1;
- zasocitinib, an investigational next-generation, highly selective and potent oral allosteric tyrosine kinase 2 (TYK2) inhibitor will deliver Phase 3 results in psoriasis; and

¹ References in this press release to peak revenue potential are estimates that have not been adjusted for probability of technical and regulatory success (PTRS) and should not be considered a forecast or target. These peak revenue ranges represent Takeda's assessments of various possible future commercial scenarios that may or may not occur.

• rusfertide, an investigational injectable hepcidin mimetic in development with partner Protagonist Therapeutics, will have Phase 3 results in polycythemia vera.

Filings for these three indications are expected in fiscal years 2025 and 2026. Five additional indication filings for latestage programs are on pace for fiscal years 2027 through 2029:

- zasocitinib in psoriatic arthritis;
- mezagitamab, an investigational anti CD38 antibody providing rapid, selective and sustained depletion of disease-causing immune cells that could set a new standard for the treatment of immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) and immunoglobulin A neuropathy (IgAN);
- fazirsiran, an investigational RNA interference (RNAi) therapy that stops the production of misfolded abnormal protein Z-AAT directly addressing the pathology of alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency liver disease (AATD-LD) and;
- elritercept, an investigational activin inhibitor designed to treat anemia associated with certain hematologic cancers, including myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS). Takeda recently <u>signed an exclusive licensing agreement</u> <u>with Keros Therapeutics</u> to further develop, manufacture and commercialize elritercept worldwide outside of mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau. The agreement is subject to customary closing conditions, including completion of antitrust reviews.

"Takeda has established an exciting, late-stage pipeline of transformative therapies that we believe will deliver value to our company and, most importantly, to the patients we serve around the world," said Andy Plump, president of R&D at Takeda. "As we continue scaling our capabilities and maximizing R&D investment to deliver the late-stage pipeline, we are also progressing an exciting early-stage pipeline, supporting a cutting-edge research organization, and focusing on creative business development across our therapeutic areas to sustain Takeda's future and continue to meet significant unmet patient needs."

2024 R&D Day Agenda

The meeting includes the following presentations and speakers:

A Global, Innovation-Driven Biopharmaceutical Company

Christophe Weber, President & CEO

R&D Strategy and Pipeline Highlights

Andy Plump, President, Research and Development

Neuroscience: Deep-Dive on Orexin Franchise

Sarah Sheikh, Head of Neuroscience Therapeutic Area Unit and Head of Global Development Ramona Sequeira, President of Global Portfolio Division

Gastrointestinal and Inflammation: Deep-Dive on Zasocitinib, Rusfertide, Mezagitamab, Fazirsiran Chinwe Ukomadu, Head of Gastrointestinal and Inflammation Therapeutic Area Unit Ramona Sequeira, President of Global Portfolio Division

Oncology: Deep-dive on Elritercept – Newly Announced Business Development Deal Teresa Bitetti, President Global Oncology Business Unit

P.K. Morrow, Head of Oncology Therapeutic Area Unit

Webcast Details

A live webcast of the meeting begins at 8:30 a.m. JST December 13 (6:30 p.m. EST December 12). Presentations are available on the **Investor Relations section of Takeda's website** where a video replay will be available following the meeting.

About Takeda

Takeda is focused on creating better health for people and a brighter future for the world. We aim to discover and deliver life-transforming treatments in our core therapeutic and business areas, including gastrointestinal and inflammation, rare diseases, plasma-derived therapies, oncology, neuroscience and vaccines. Together with our partners, we aim to improve the patient experience and advance a new frontier of treatment options through our dynamic and diverse pipeline. As a leading values-based, R&D-driven biopharmaceutical company headquartered in Japan, we are guided by our commitment to patients, our people and the planet. Our employees in approximately 80 countries and regions are driven by our purpose and are grounded in the values that have defined us for more than two centuries. For more information, visit <u>www.takeda.com</u>.

Contacts: Investor Relations

Christopher O'Reilly <u>Christopher.oreilly@takeda.com</u> +81 (0) 90-6481-3412

Takeda Media Relations

media_relations@takeda.com

Important Notice

For the purposes of this notice, "press release" means this document, any oral presentation, any question and answer session and any written or oral material discussed or distributed by Takeda Pharmaceutical Company Limited ("Takeda") regarding this release. This press release (including any oral briefing and any question-and-answer in connection with it) is not intended to, and does not constitute, represent or form part of any offer, invitation or solicitation of any offer to purchase, otherwise acquire, subscribe for, exchange, sell or otherwise dispose of, any securities or the solicitation of any vote or approval in any jurisdiction. No shares or other securities are being offered to the public by means of this press release. No offering of securities shall be made in the United States except pursuant to registration under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or an exemption therefrom. This press release is being given (together with any further information which may be provided to the recipient) on the condition that it is for use by the recipient for information purposes only (and not for the evaluation of any investment, acquisition, disposal or any other transaction). Any failure to comply with these restrictions may constitute a violation of applicable securities laws. The companies in which Takeda directly and indirectly owns investments are separate entities. In this press release, "Takeda" is sometimes used for convenience where references are made to Takeda and its subsidiaries in general. Likewise, the words "we", "us" and "our" are also used to refer to subsidiaries in general or to those who work for them. These expressions are also used where no useful purpose is served by identifying the particular company or companies.

Forward-Looking Statements

This press release and any materials distributed in connection with this press release may contain forward-looking statements, beliefs or opinions regarding Takeda's future business, future position and results of operations, including estimates, forecasts, targets and plans for Takeda. Without limitation, forward-looking statements often include words such as "targets", "plans", "believes", "hopes", "continues", "expects", "aims", "intends", "ensures", "will", "may", "should", "could", "anticipates", "estimates", "projects" or similar expressions or the negative thereof. These forward-looking statements are based on assumptions about many important factors, including the following, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements: the economic circumstances surrounding Takeda's global business, including general economic conditions in Japan and the

United States; competitive pressures and developments; changes to applicable laws and regulations, including global health care reforms; challenges inherent in new product development, including uncertainty of clinical success and decisions of regulatory authorities and the timing thereof; uncertainty of commercial success for new and existing products; manufacturing difficulties or delays; fluctuations in interest and currency exchange rates; claims or concerns regarding the safety or efficacy of marketed products or product candidates; the impact of health crises, like the novel coronavirus pandemic, on Takeda and its customers and suppliers, including foreign governments in countries in which Takeda operates, or on other facets of its business; the timing and impact of post-merger integration efforts with acquired companies; the ability to divest assets that are not core to Takeda's operations and the timing of any such divestment(s); and other factors identified in Takeda's most recent Annual Report on Form 20-F and Takeda's other reports filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, available on Takeda's website at: https://www.takeda.com/investors/sec-filings-and-security-reports/ or at www.sec.gov. Takeda does not undertake to update any of the forward-looking statements contained in this press release or any other forward-looking statements it may make, except as required by law or stock exchange rule. Past performance is not an indicator of future results and the results or statements of Takeda's future results.

Peak Sales and PTRS Estimates

References in this press release to peak revenue potential ranges are estimates that have not been adjusted for probability of technical and regulatory success (PTRS) and should not be considered a forecast or target. These peak revenue potential ranges represent Takeda's assessments of various possible future commercial scenarios that may or may not occur.

References in this press release to PTRS are to internal estimates of Takeda regarding the likelihood of obtaining regulatory approval for a particular product in a particular indication. These estimates reflect the subjective judgment of responsible Takeda personnel and have been approved by Takeda's Portfolio Review Committee for use in internal planning.

Medical Information

This press release contains information about products that may not be available in all countries, or may be available under different trademarks, for different indications, in different dosages, or in different strengths. Nothing contained herein should be considered a solicitation, promotion or advertisement for any prescription drugs including the ones under development.

Elritercept license agreement

Elritercept is included for reference only. Takeda entered into an exclusive license agreement with Keros for global rights, in all territories outside of mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau, to Elritercept. The closing of the transaction is subject to receipt of regulatory approval(s), expected in the first calendar quarter of 2025. Takeda does not currently have rights to Elritercept.

###



Takeda R&D Day 2024 Focus on Late-stage Pipeline & Market Opportunity



Friday, December 13th, 2024

Tokyo

This material is prepared and distributed solely for the purpose of providing information about Takeda's management or business to shareholders, investors, and analysts, and is not intended to induce purchase or prescription of any specific drugs and other products. This material is not intended for healthcare professionals, patients, or other persons other than those mentioned above. This material is prohibited from being used by persons other than those mentioned above and for the purpose other than one mentioned above.

Better Health, Brighter Future

Important Notice



For the purposes of this notice, "presentation" means this document, any oral presentation, any question and answer session and any written or oral material discussed or distributed by Takeda Pharmaceutical Company Limited ("**Takeda**") regarding this presentation. This presentation (including any oral briefing and any question-and-answer in connection with it) is not intended to, and does not constitute, represent or form part of any offer, invitation or solicitation of any offer to purchase, otherwise acquire, subscribe for, exchange, sell or otherwise dispose of, any securities or the solicitation of any vote or approval in any jurisdiction. No shares or other securities are being offered to the public by means of this presentation. No offering of securities shall be made in the United States except pursuant to registration under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or an exemption therefrom. This presentation is being given (together with any further information which may be provided to the recipient) on the condition that it is for use by the recipient for information purposes only (and not for the evaluation of any investment, acquisition, disposal or any other transaction). Any failure to comply with these restrictions may constitute a violation of applicable securities laws.

The companies in which Takeda directly and indirectly owns investments are separate entities. In this presentation, "Takeda" is sometimes used for convenience where references are made to Takeda and its subsidiaries in general. Likewise, the words "we", "us" and "our" are also used to refer to subsidiaries in general or to those who work for them. These expressions are also used where no useful purpose is served by identifying the particular company or companies. The product names appearing in this document are trademarks or registered trademarks owned by Takeda, or their respective owners.

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation and any materials distributed in connection with this presentation may contain forward-looking statements, beliefs or opinions regarding Takeda's future business, future position and results of operations, including estimates, forecasts, targets and plans for Takeda. Without limitation, forward-looking statements often include words such as "targets", "plans", "believes", "hopes", "continues", "expects", "aims", "intends", "ensures", "will", "may", "should", "would", "could", "anticipates", "estimates", "projects", "forecasts", "outlook" or similar expressions or the negative thereof. These forward-looking statements are based on assumptions about many important factors, including the following, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements: the economic circumstances surrounding Takeda's global business, including general economic conditions in Japan and the United States; competitive pressures and developments; changes to applicable laws and regulations; challenges inherent in new product development, including uncertainty of clinical success for new and existing products; manufacturing difficulties or delays; fluctuations in interest and currency exchange rates; claims or concerns regarding the safety or efficacy of marketed products or product candidates; the impact of health crises, like the novel coronavirus pandemic; the success of our environmental sustainability efforts, in enabling us to reduce our greenhouse gas emissions or meet our other environmental goals; the extent to which our efforts to increase efficiency, productivity or cost-savings, such as the integration of digital technologies, including artificial intelligence, in our business or other initiatives to restructure our operations will lead to the expected benefits; and other factors identified in Takeda's meets are contained on any make except as required by law or stock exchange rule. Past performance is not an indicator of future results and the

Financial Information and Certain Non-IFRS Financial Measures

Takeda's financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

This presentation and materials distributed in connection with this presentation include certain financial measures not presented in accordance with IFRS, such as Core Revenue, Core Operating Profit, Core Net Profit, Core EPS, Constant Exchange Rate ("CER") change, Net Debt, EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Free Cash Flow and Adjusted Free Cash Flow. Takeda's management evaluates results and makes operating and investment decisions using both IFRS and non-IFRS measures included in this presentation. These non-IFRS measures exclude certain income, cost and cash flow items which are included in, or are calculated differently from, the most closely comparable measures presented in accordance with IFRS. Takeda's non-IFRS measures are not prepared in accordance with IFRS and such non-IFRS measures should be considered a supplement to, and not a substitute for, measures prepared in accordance with IFRS (which we sometimes refer to as "reported" measures). Investors are encouraged to review the definitions and reconciliations of non-IFRS financial measures to their most directly comparable IFRS measures, which are in the financial appendix of Takeda's FY2024 Q2 quarterly earnings presentation.

Peak Revenue Potential and PTRS Estimates

References in this presentation to peak revenue ranges are estimates that have not been adjusted for probability of technical and regulatory success (PTRS) and should not be considered a forecast or target. These peak revenue ranges represent Takeda's assessments of various possible future commercial scenarios that may or may not occur. References in this presentation to PTRS are to internal estimates of Takeda regarding the likelihood of obtaining regulatory approval for a particular product in a particular indication. These estimates reflect the subjective judgment of responsible Takeda personnel and have been approved by Takeda's Portfolio Review Committee for use in internal planning.

Exchange Rates

In this presentation, certain amounts presented in Japanese yen have been translated to US dollars solely for the convenience of the reader at the exchange rates disclosed herein. The rate and methodologies used for these convenience translations differ from the currency exchange rates and translation methodologies under IFRS used for the preparation of Takeda's consolidated financial statements. These translations should not be construed as a representation that the relevant Japanese yen amounts could be converted into U.S. dollars at this or any other rate.

Medical information

This presentation contains information about products that may not be available in all countries, or may be available under different trademarks, for different indications, in different strengths. Nothing contained herein should be considered a solicitation, promotion or advertisement for any prescription drugs including the ones under development.

Elritercept license agreement

Elritercept is included for reference only. Takeda entered into an exclusive license agreement with Keros for global rights, in all territories outside of mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau, to Elritercept. The closing of the transaction is subject to receipt of regulatory approval(s), expected in the first calendar quarter of 2025. Takeda does not currently have rights to Elritercept.

Today's Agenda



TIME (JST)	AGENDA
8:30-8:40	A Global, Innovation-driven Biopharmaceutical Company Christophe Weber, President & CEO
8:40-9:00	R&D Strategy and Pipeline Highlights Andy Plump, President Research & Development
9:00-9:50	Neuroscience: Deep-dive on Orexin Franchise Sarah Sheikh, Head of Neuroscience Therapeutic Area Unit and Head of Global Development Ramona Sequeira, President of Global Portfolio Division
9:50-10:00	Break
10:00-11:30	Gastrointestinal and Inflammation (GI&I): Deep-dive on Zasocitinib, Rusfertide, Mezagitamab, Fazirsiran Chinwe Ukomadu, Head of GI&I Therapeutic Area Unit Ramona Sequeira, President of Global Portfolio Division
11:30-12:00	Lunch
12:00-12:20	Oncology: Deep-dive on Elritercept – newly announced BD deal P.K. Morrow, Head of Oncology Therapeutic Area Unit Teresa Bitetti, President of Global Oncology Business Unit
12:20-13:15	Q&A Session
13:15-14:00	Reception

Better health for people, brighter future for the world





Our vision is to discover and deliver life-transforming treatments, guided by our commitment to:

PATIENT PEOPLE PLANET

We are guided by our values of Takeda-ism which incorporate Integrity, Fairness, Honesty, and Perseverance, with Integrity at the core. They are brought to life through actions based on Patient-Trust-Reputation-Business, in that order.

... AND BY UNLEASHING THE POWER OF DATA AND DIGITAL

A global, innovation-driven biopharmaceutical company





R&D Engine Focused on Discovering & Developing Highly Innovative Medicines

CORE R&D THERAPEUTIC AREAS GASTROINTESTINAL & INFLAMMATION, NEUROSCIENCE, ONCOLOGY

3

5



RESEARCH SITES SHONAN, JAPAN CAMBRIDGE, MA, USA **¥770**B ~\$5.1B²

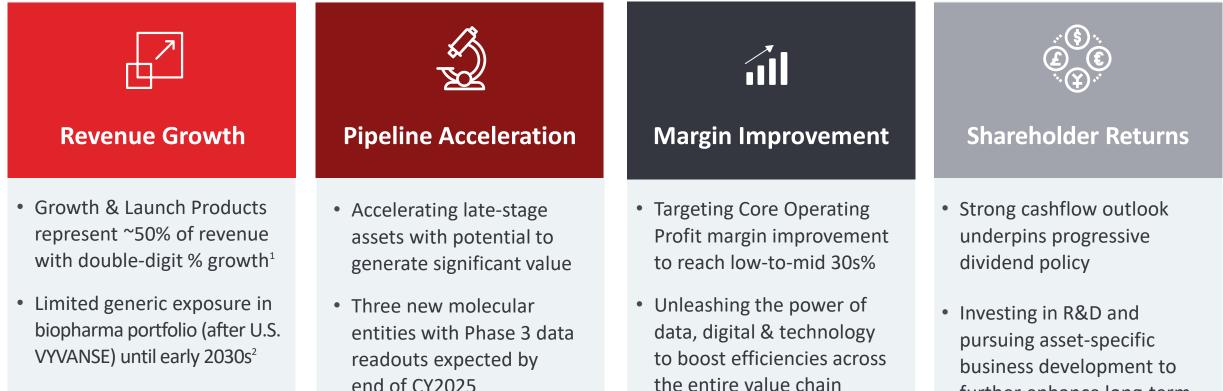
ANNUAL R&D INVESTMENT (FY2024 FORECAST)

Committed to growth & shareholder returns



further enhance long-term

corporate value



2. Major products expected to face generic/biosimilar competition between FY2024-2029 represent less than 10% of FY2023 revenue: Gattex U.S. (FY26), Trintellix U.S. (FY26), Vectibix JP (FY26), Vyvanse EU (FY28), Livtencity U.S. (FY28), Ninlaro U.S. (FY29)

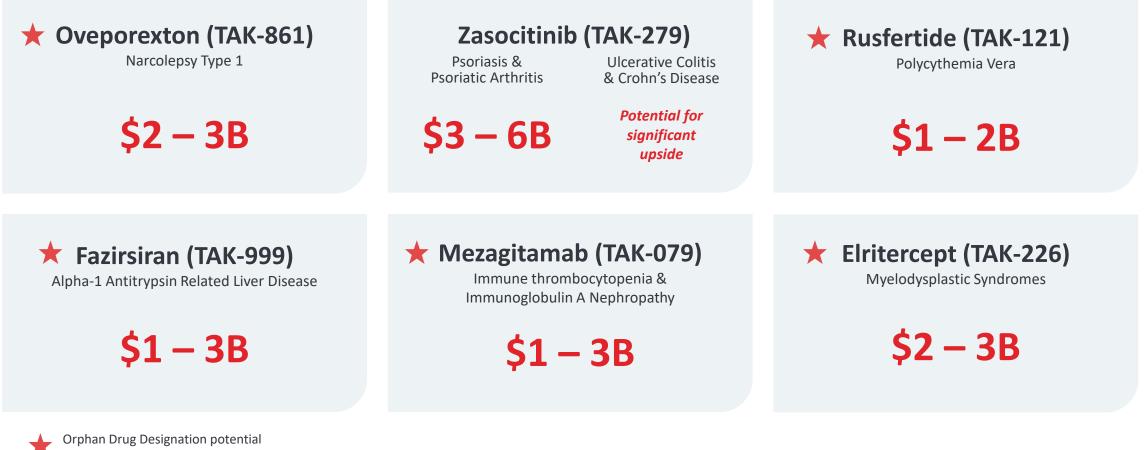
- Long-term stable growth outlook for PDT business with margin improvement
- end of CY2025

1. As of FY2024 H1, growth at Constant Exchange Rate (CER). For the definition please refer to the financial appendix of Takeda's FY2024 Q2 quarterly earnings presentation.

Our late-stage pipeline has significant revenue potential



Late-Stage Pipeline Peak Revenue Potential of \$10 - 20B



(in any region / indication for a given asset)

7

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about peak revenue estimates

Elritercept is included for reference only. Takeda entered into an exclusive license agreement with Keros for global rights, in all territories outside of mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau, to Elritercept The closing of the transaction is subject to receipt of regulatory approval(s), expected in the first calendar quarter of 2025. Takeda does not currently have rights to Elritercept

Late-stage programs have significant value potential; oveporexton, zasocitinib, rusfertide phase 3 data expected in 2025



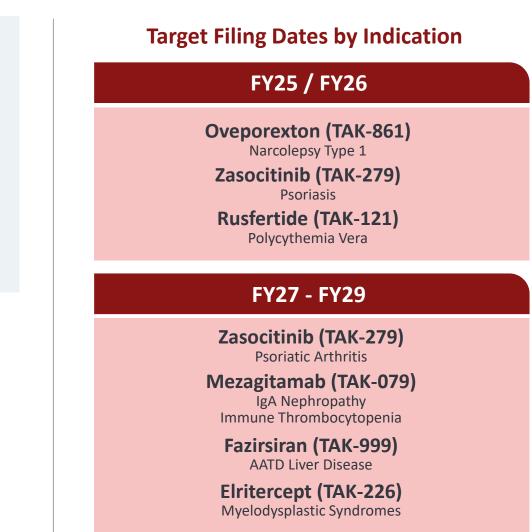
Three Phase 3 Data Readouts Over the Next 12 Months

- Oveporexton in Narcolepsy Type 1
- Zasocitinib in Psoriasis
- Rusfertide in Polycythemia Vera¹



>70% PTRS² to approval





. Our partner Protagonist Therapeutics is responsible for Phase 3 development of Rusfertide and has stated Phase 3 data may be available as soon as March 2025 which is our Q4 FY24

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about PTRS and peak revenue estimates

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about the Elritercept license agreement



R&D Strategy and Pipeline Highlights



Accelerating Our Late-Stage Pipeline to Transform Patients' Lives and Deliver Significant Value to Takeda

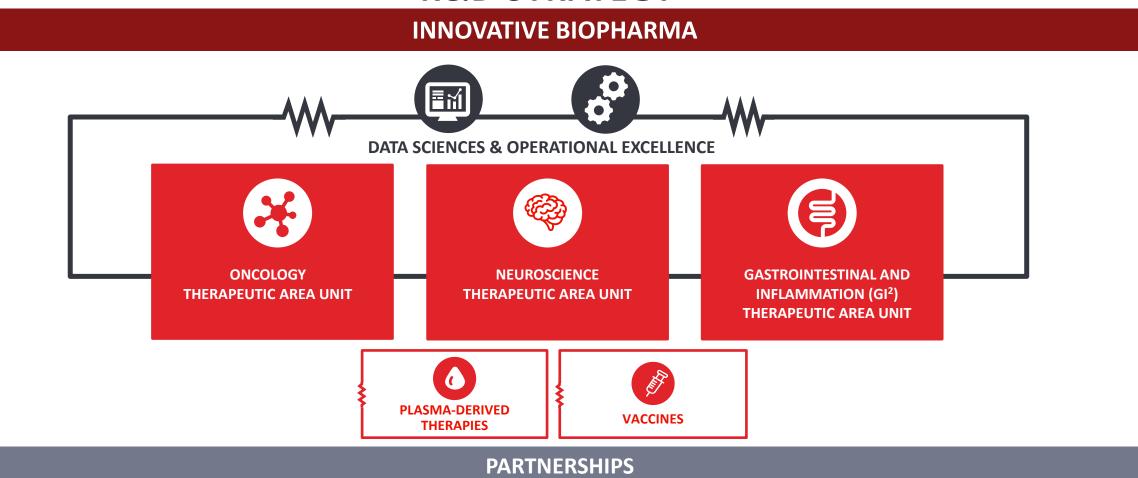


Andy Plump President, Research & Development

We discover, develop and deliver life-transforming medicines for rare and more prevalent diseases across our focused therapeutic areas



R&D STRATEGY



Our scale, focus, and capabilities have advanced significantly since FY2015



FY2015

Regional Development and Launch Capability

10 Therapeutic Areas, Small Molecule Focus

R&D Investment 346 bn JPY

Small Late-Stage Pipeline

FY2024

Global Development, Global Launch Capability

3 Therapeutic Areas, **4** Key Modalities

R&D Investment 770 bn JPY¹

Robust, High Value Late-Stage Pipeline

R&D Transformation Shire Integration Enhance R&D Productivity Invest Data Sciences + AI

Late-stage programs have significant value potential; oveporexton, zasocitinib, rusfertide phase 3 data expected in 2025



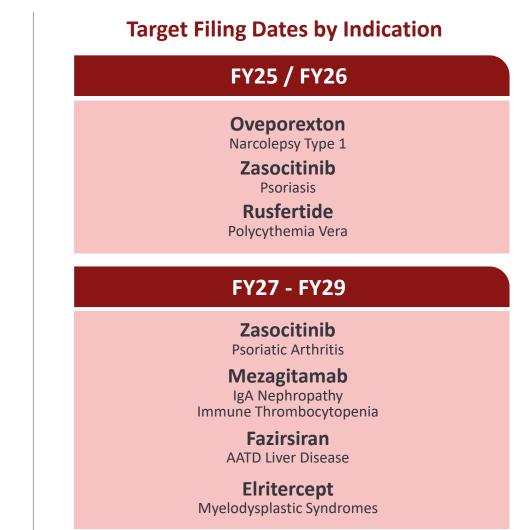
Three Phase 3 Data Readouts Over the Next 12 Months

- Oveporexton in Narcolepsy Type 1
- Zasocitinib in Psoriasis
- Rusfertide in Polycythemia Vera¹



>70% PTRS² to approval





. Our partner Protagonist Therapeutics is responsible for Phase 3 development of Rusfertide and has stated Phase 3 data may be available as soon as March 2025 which is our Q4 FY24

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about PTRS and peak revenue estimates

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about the Elritercept license agreement

12

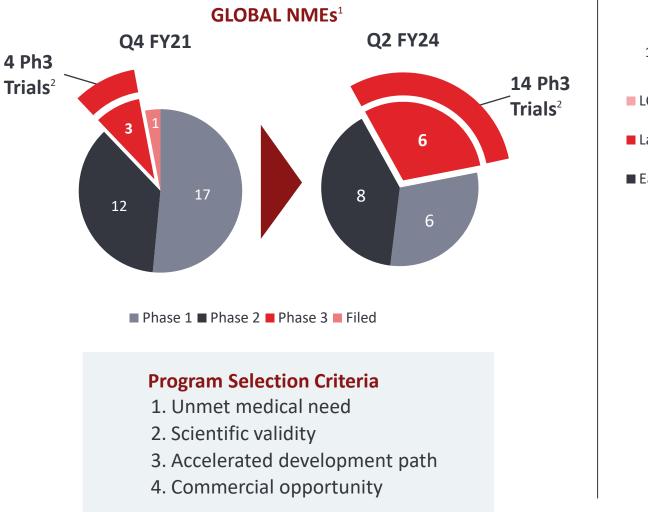
We have built strong global development, regulatory and launch expertise



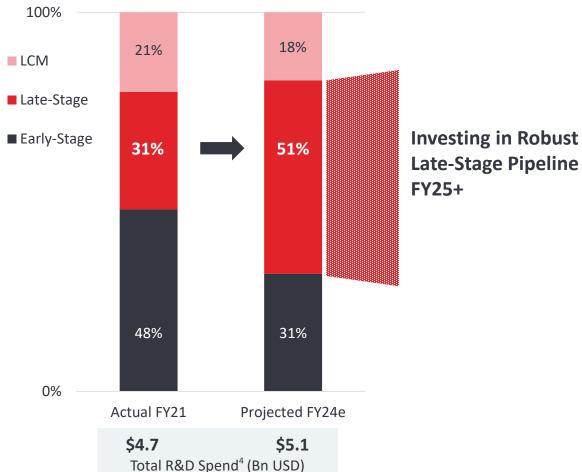


Rigorous prioritization to deliver our high value late-stage pipeline





% OF EXTERNAL SPEND³



1. Lead indication only, no regional assets/expansions

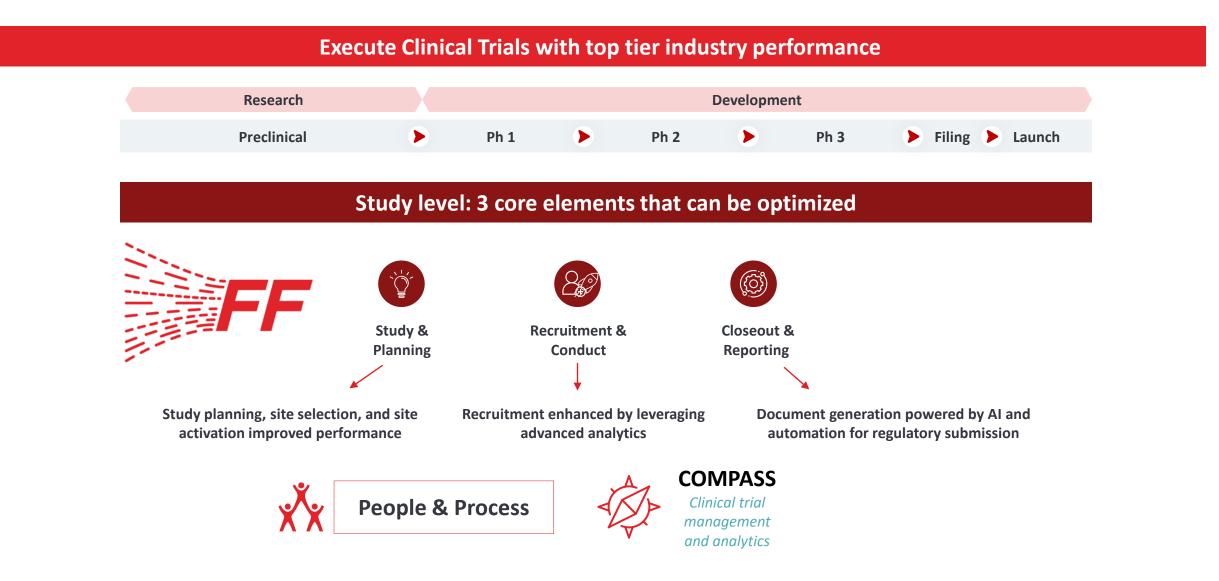
2. Phase 3 trials ongoing or planned that support the development of the NMEs

3. External spend refers to direct pipeline spend in R&D Business Unit. Early-stage refers to pre-proof of concept; late stage refers to post-proof of concept.

4. Total R&D Spend refers to all R&D related expenses as per Takeda's consolidated statement of profit and loss. Calculated with actual FY2021 average exchange rate of 1 USD = 112 JPY and FY2024 full year assumption rate of 1 USD = 150 JPY respectively.

Future Fit development model: delivering improved speed, quality and efficiencies across the pipeline

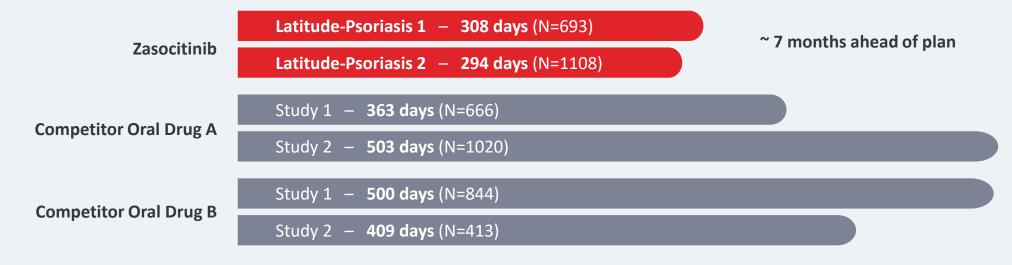




Future Fit and prioritization has led to significant acceleration for zasocitinib and oveporexton



Psoriasis: Time to recruit pivotal trials



Neuroscience: Development timelines



1. Industry average neurology development for FIH to Filing ~11 years. Source: Neurology Industry Source: IQVIA Pipeline Intelligence, Dec 2023; Citeline Trialtrove, IQVIA Institute, Jan 2024

2. Average Sleep Medication development for FIH to Filing ~8 years. Source: FDA website and desk research.

3. FIH: First in human

16

Late-stage programs have significant value potential; oveporexton, zasocitinib, rusfertide phase 3 data expected in 2025



Three Phase 3 Data Readouts Over the Next 12 Months

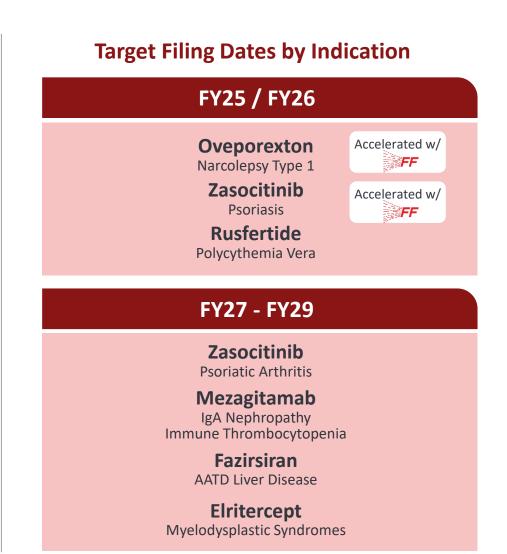
- Oveporexton in Narcolepsy Type 1
- Zasocitinib in Psoriasis
- Rusfertide in Polycythemia Vera¹



17

>70% PTRS² to approval





... Our partner Protagonist Therapeutics is responsible for Phase 3 development of Rusfertide and has stated Phase 3 data may be available as soon as March 2025 which is our Q4 FY24

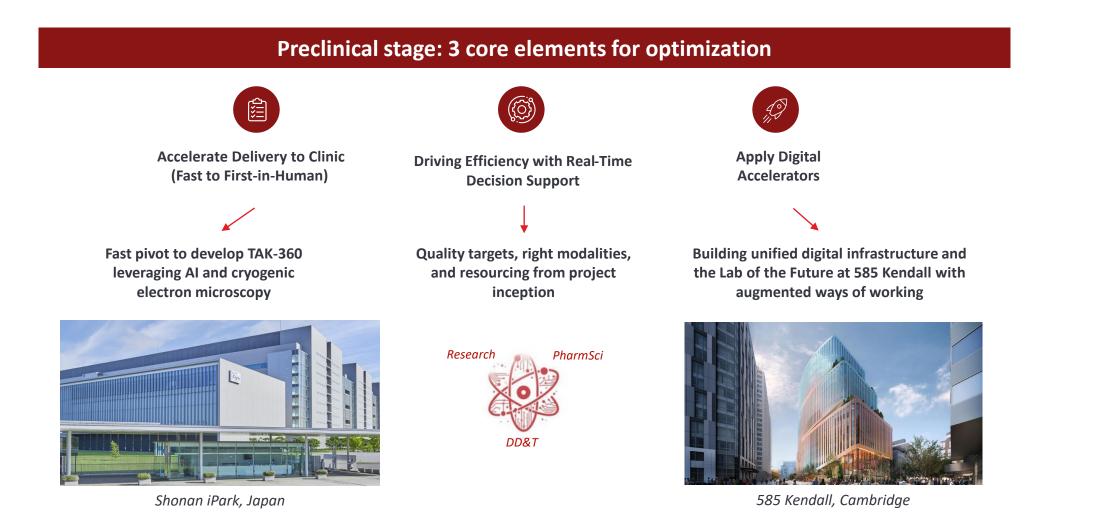
Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about PTRS and peak revenue estimates

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about the Elritercept license agreement

Right modalities and resourcing from project inception; Research engine to fuel our sustainable pipeline



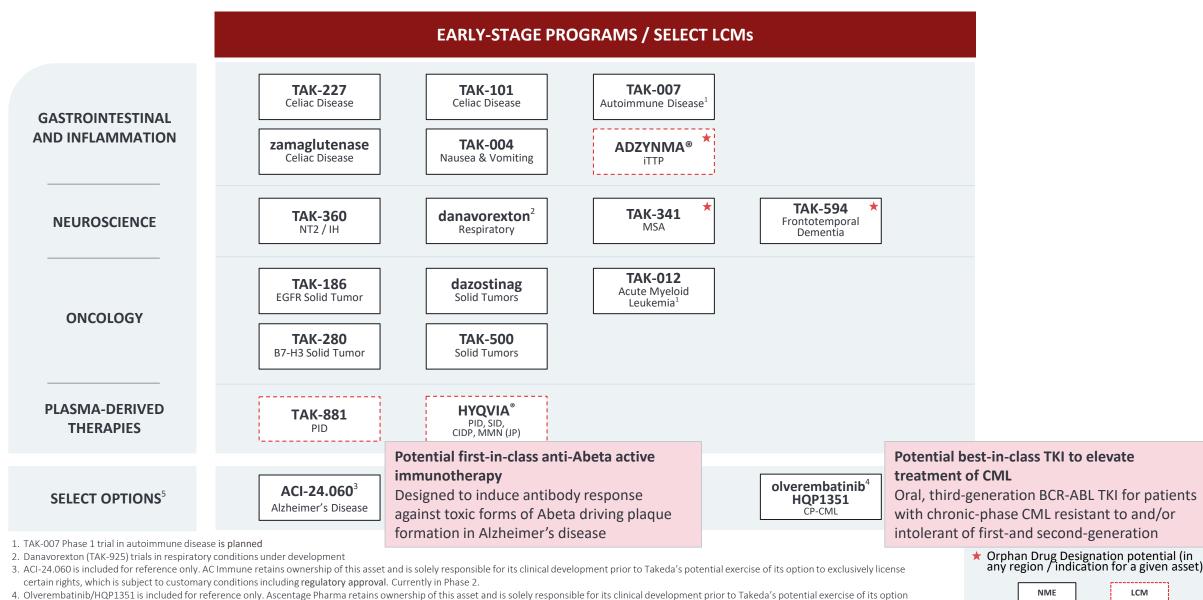
Sustainable acceleration of First-in-Human, and BLA/NDA First Filing



Our sustainable pipeline provides opportunities across all our therapeutic areas



LCM



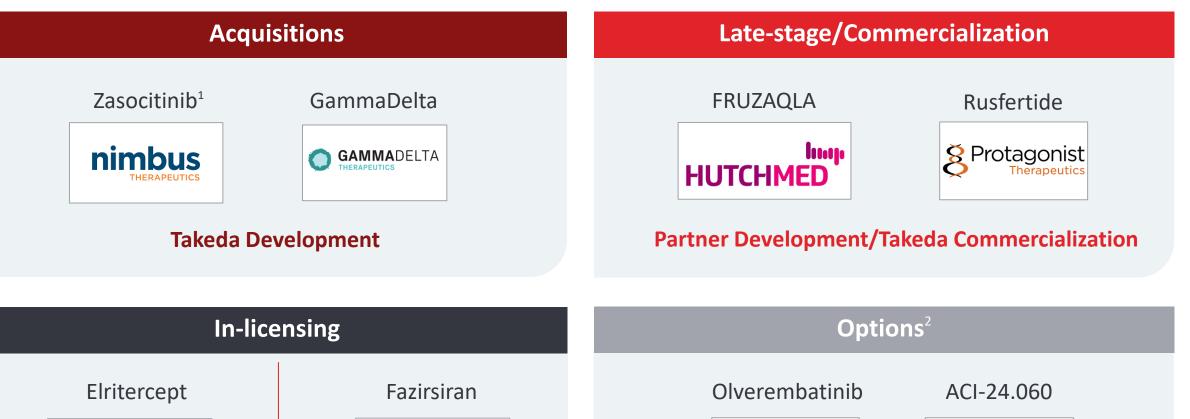
to exclusively license certain rights, which is subject to customary conditions including regulatory approval. Currently in Phase 3.

5. Select options: Other selected assets that Takeda holds contractual rights to potentially clinically develop and/or commercialize in the future.

19

Partnering to expand our pipeline and maximize R&D investment

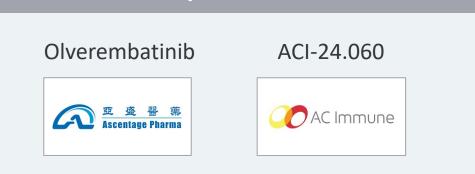








Shared Development



Partner Development with Opt-in Rights

20

Takeda Development

2. Options: Other selected assets that Takeda holds contractual rights to potentially clinically develop and/or commercialize in the future

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about the Elritercept license agreement

^{1.} Takeda acquired zasocitinib from Nimbus Therapeutics

Late-stage programs have significant value potential; oveporexton, zasocitinib, rusfertide phase 3 data expected in 2025



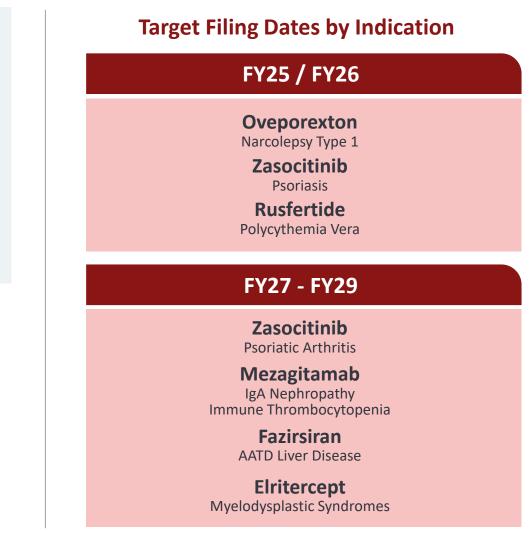
Three Phase 3 Data Readouts Over the Next 12 Months

- Oveporexton in Narcolepsy Type 1
- Zasocitinib in Psoriasis
- Rusfertide in Polycythemia Vera¹



>70% PTRS² to approval





L. Our partner Protagonist Therapeutics is responsible for Phase 3 development of Rusfertide and has stated Phase 3 data may be available as soon as March 2025 which is our Q4 FY24

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about PTRS and peak revenue estimates

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about the Elritercept license agreement

21



Neuroscience: Deep-dive on Orexin Franchise





Sarah Sheikh Head of Neuroscience Therapeutic Area Unit & Global Development



Ramona Sequeira President, Global Portfolio Division

Better Health, Brighter Future

Recent scientific advancements & regulatory momentum heralds a new era in Neuroscience



High Unmet Need

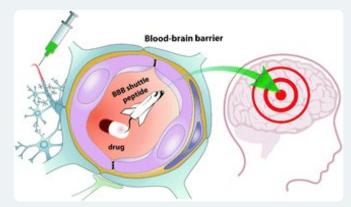
Estimated to be **9 million deaths** per year due to neurological conditions¹



- **1 in 3 people** will develop a neurological disorder in their lifetime
- Neurological disorders impose \$1.1 trillion in direct global healthcare costs annually

Growing Scientific Understanding

- Enhanced understanding of underlying pathophysiology
- Identification & validation of previously undruggable targets
- Discovery of novel biomarkers to de-risk
- Enhanced Drug Delivery tools



BBB Shuttle Technology

Innovative Regulatory Approaches

Evidenced by Numerous Recent FDA Approvals

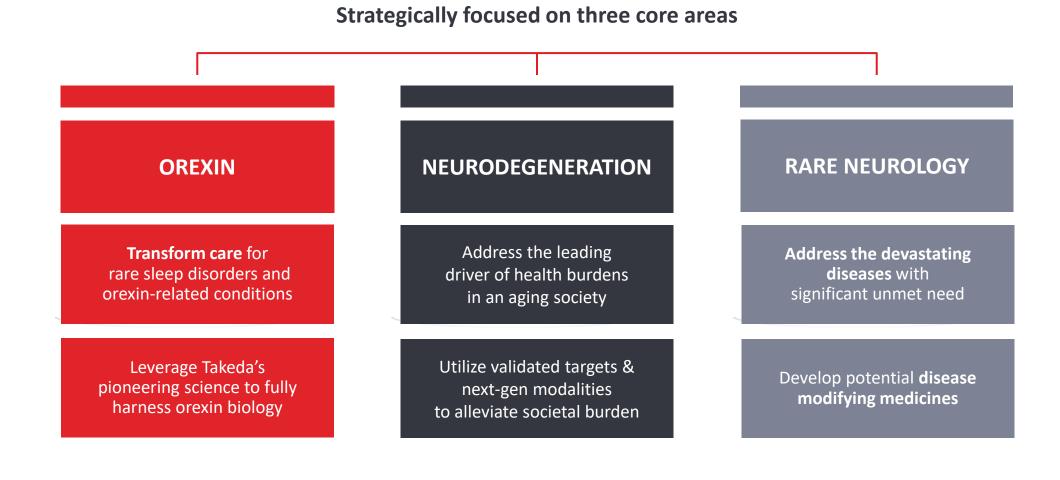


- **32** new neurological indications approved from 2018-2023
- Advancement in supportive reimbursement framework

1. Lancet Neuro, 2019 May;18(5):459–480 WHO <a href="https://www.who.int/news/item/14-03-2024-over-1-in-3-people-affected-by-neurological-conditions--the-leading-cause-of-illness-and-disability-worldwide 2) Global, regional, and national burden of neurological disorders, 1990–2016: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2016 3) Estimating the Economic Impact of Direct Health Expenditure on Brain Disorders, Globally and in the United States 4) https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK53103/ 5) Thomas et al, 2024, A Comprehensive Review of Novel FDA-approved Neurological Indications from 2018–2023_6) https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK53103/ 5) Thomas et al, 2024, A Comprehensive Review of Novel FDA-approved Neurological Indications from 2018–2023_6) https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC9945815/

Our vision is to be a leader and partner in neuroscience by discovering and delivering life-changing medicines for people and society







Leading Orexin Franchise



Takeda pioneering the field of orexin therapeutics – franchise leading with oveporexton, a potential first-in-class treatment for NT1



Oveporexton (TAK-861): TAK-360 and beyond: First & Fast³ in NT1 Additional assets/indications The most advanced orexin agonist – Addressing orexin deficiency as the • underlying pathophysiology in NT1¹ •

- **Target Ph3 readout in CY2025**
- Ph2 and Long-term Extension (LTE) data support potential transformative profile
- Significantly accelerated Phase 3 program
- Breakthrough therapy designation received in U.S., China

- TAK-360: Accelerated development in NT2 & IH
 - New chemistry and profile
 - Fast track designation received in U.S.
 - Target Ph2 start FY2024 in NT2/IH
- **Exploration of indications** pertinent to orexin biology: sleep-wake, respiration and metabolism
- Tailored assets/profiles (e.g., TAK-925² and others) to deliver optimal exposure for additional indications

- Dauvilliers, Y., N Engl J Med, 2023; 389, 309-321;
- Suzuki M et al., British Journal of Anaesthesia, 2024; IARS Conference, Denver, 2023; HV: Healthy Volunteer
- Referring to the accelerated development timeline

NT1 patients face daytime and nighttime debilitating symptoms impacting daily function



Daytime Symptoms



Excessive Daytime Sleepiness (EDS)

Cataplexy

Cognitive Symptoms

Nighttime Symptoms



Disrupted Nighttime Sleep, Disturbing Dreams¹

Hallucinations, Sleep Paralysis

These symptoms may have significant impact on daily functions

ReducedReducedChallengedReducedLimitedWork productivitySchool PerformanceSocial InteractionsPersonal ResponsibilitiesRecreational Activities

NT1 pathophysiology is caused by loss of orexin neurons

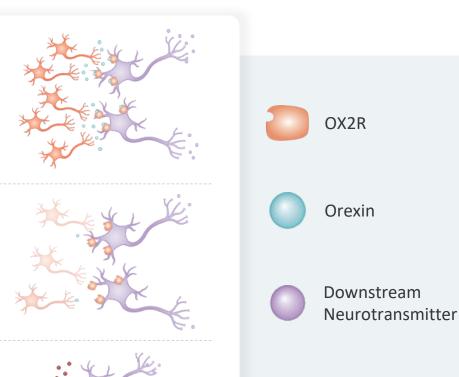


01 Healthy Individual Healthy orexin neurons with normal postsynaptic downstream neurotransmitter activity

02 Individual with Narcolepsy type 1 **Reduced availability of orexin** as orexin neurons are lost, reducing downstream neurotransmitter activity

03 Highly Specific OX2R Agonist

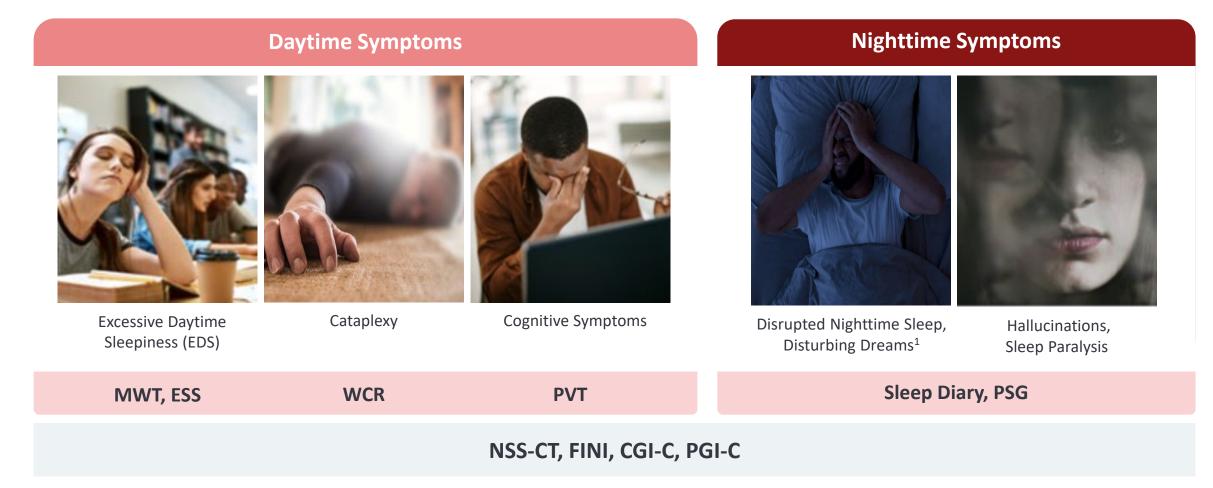
Orexin 2 receptor (OX2R) agonist may **restore downstream neurotransmitter activity** lost when endogenous orexin levels decline



OX2R Agonist

Comprehensive approach to evaluate full spectrum of NT1 symptoms with established and novel endpoints defining a new treatment class

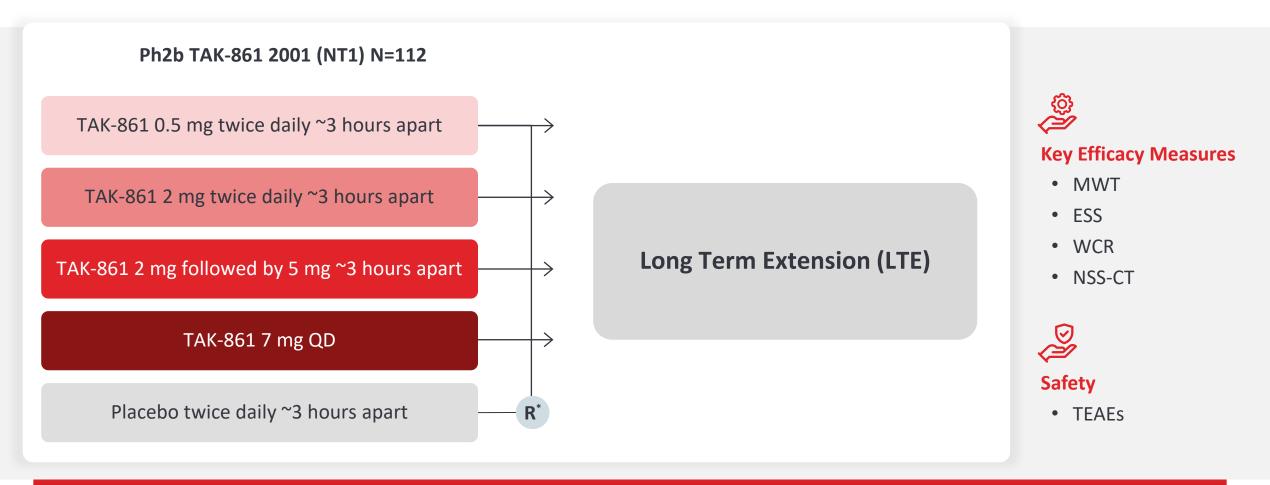




ESS: Epworth Sleepiness Scale; MWT: Maintenance of Wakefulness Test; NSS-CT: Narcolepsy severity scale; PVT: Psychomotor Vigilance Task; WCR: Weekly cataplexy rate; FINI: Functional Impacts of Narcolepsy Instrument; CGI-C: Clinical Global Impression of Change;

The extensive oveporexton (TAK-861) phase 2 program laid solid foundation for phase 3 program

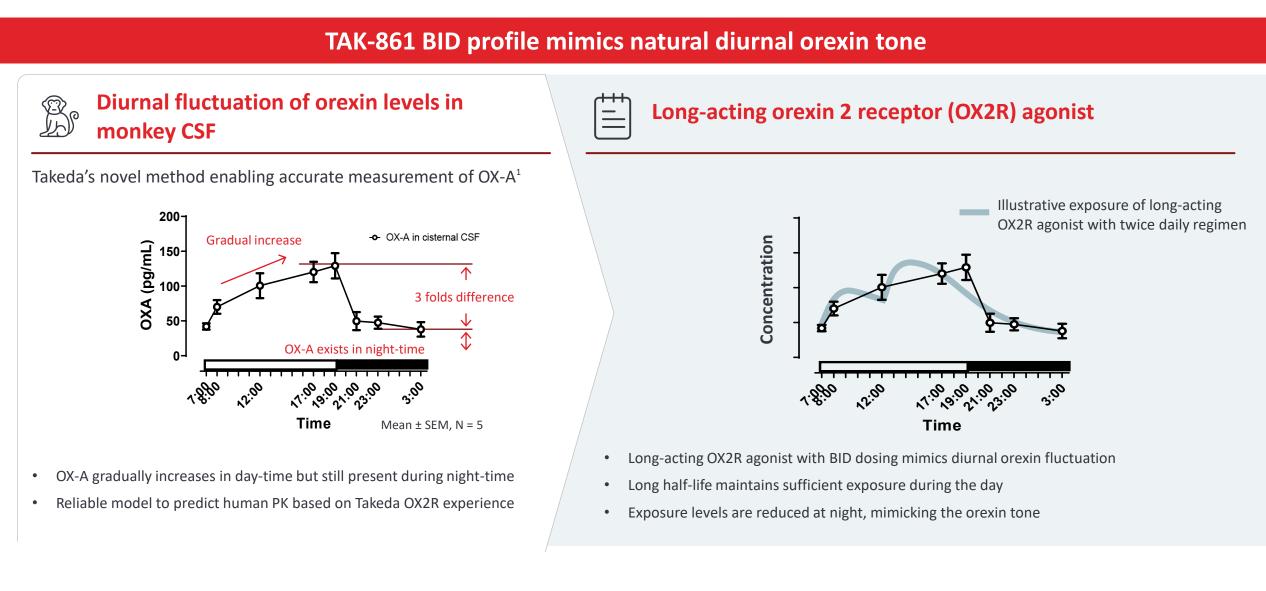




95% of participants that completed the placebo-controlled study enrolled in the LTE

Optimized dosing regimen critical to deliver transformative efficacy while minimizing adverse events

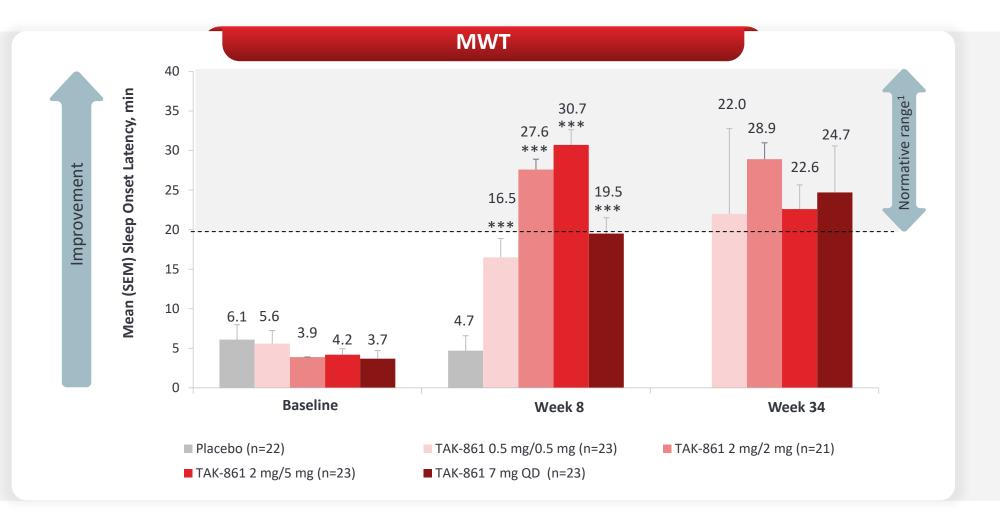




Oveporexton (TAK-861) demonstrated normalization of wakefulness (MWT) at 8 weeks and maintained over an additional 6 months



The Maintenance of Wakefulness Test (MWT): daytime polysomnographic procedure which quantifies wake tendency by measuring ability to remain awake during soporific circumstances (sleepiness condition such as dark quiet room)



Excessive Daytime Sleepiness (EDS)

 Oveporexton normalized sleep latency on MWT

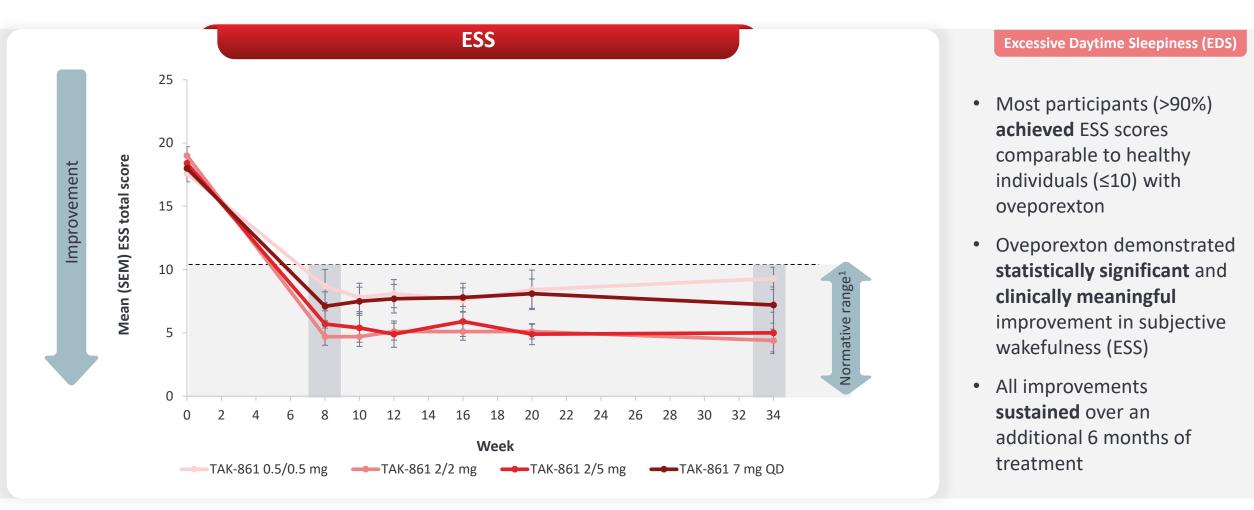
Sustained improvements in wakefulness in NT1 patients over an additional 6 months of treatment

***p≤0.001, all doses statistically significant compared to placebo at week 8 time point.

Oveporexton (TAK-861) demonstrated normalization of wakefulness (ESS) at 8 weeks and maintained over an additional 6 months



The Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS): short self-assessment to identify how likely to fall asleep during daytime, measured by eight questions. Total score range 0-24 (each question 0-3). Scores <10 reflect normal levels of daytime sleepiness, and scores over 10 reflect excessive daytime sleepiness



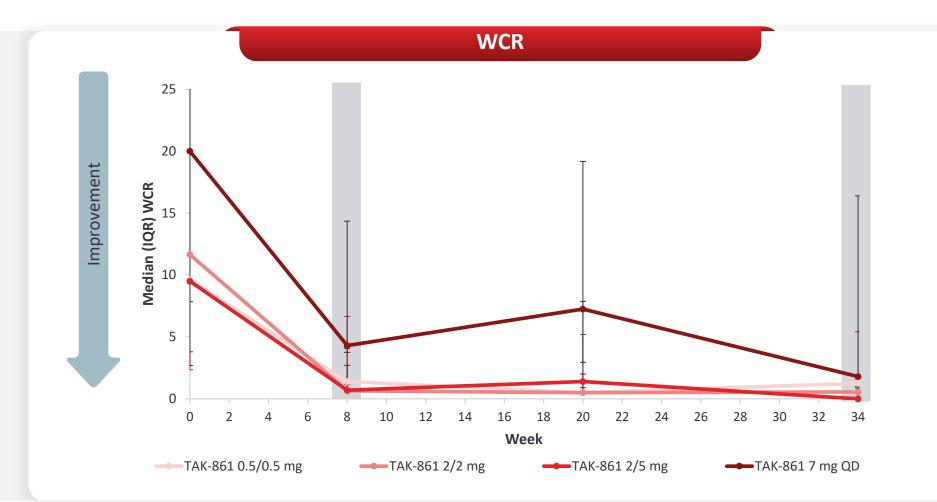
All doses statistically significant (p≤0.001) compared to placebo at week 8 time point.

33 1. Johns MW, *Sleep* 1991; 14: 540-5.

Oveporexton (TAK-861) demonstrated sustained reduction in cataplexy events over an additional 6 months



Weekly Cataplexy Rate (WCR): average number of cataplexy events per week



Cataplexy

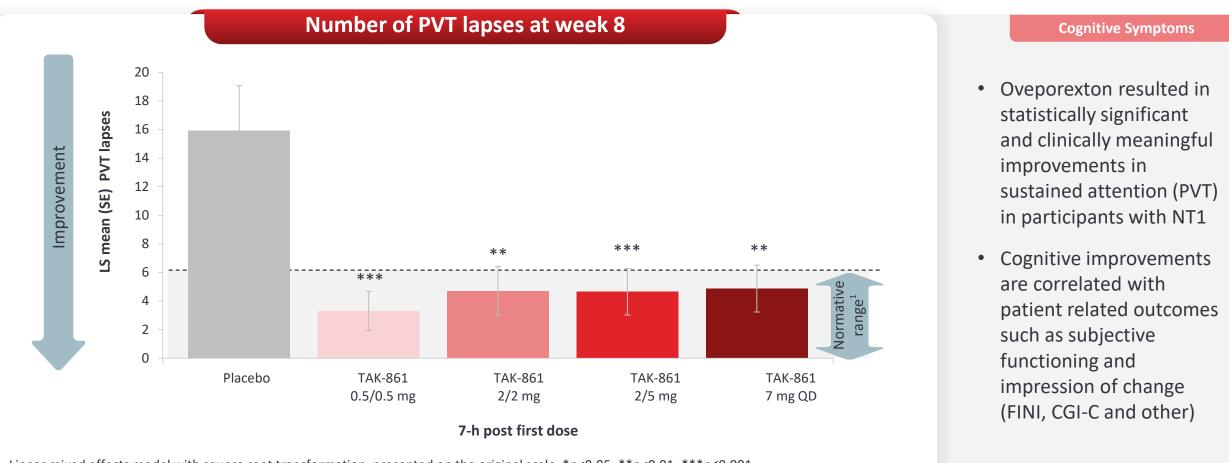
- Oveporexton showed statistically significant and clinically meaningful reduction in cataplexy events compared to placebo
- Reduction in WCR is sustained over an additional 6 months of treatment

 $p \le 0.01$ and $p \le 0.001$, for 2/2 mg and 2/5 mg respectively compared to placebo at week 8 time point.

Oveporexton (TAK-861) improved cognitive symptoms in NT1 patients, offering a unique advantage over standard of care



Psychomotor Vigilance Test (PVT): simple 10 min reaction performance task to measure sustained attention (test counts # of lapses in attention)

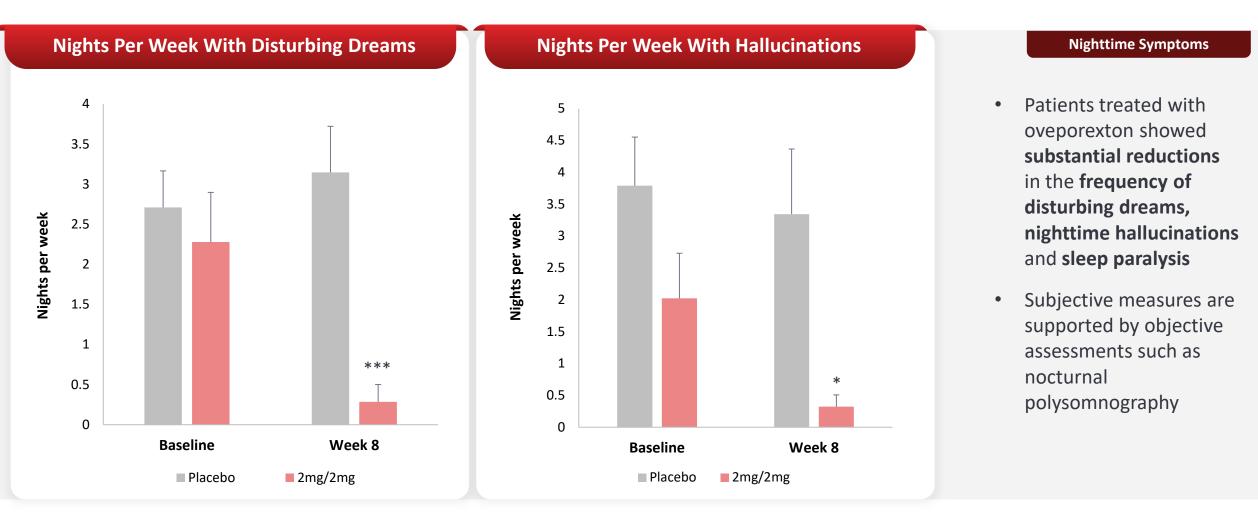


Linear mixed effects model with square root transformation, presented on the original scale. *p<0.05; **p<0.01; ***p≤0.001.

NT1 patients reported substantial improvements in nighttime symptoms with oveporexton (TAK-861)



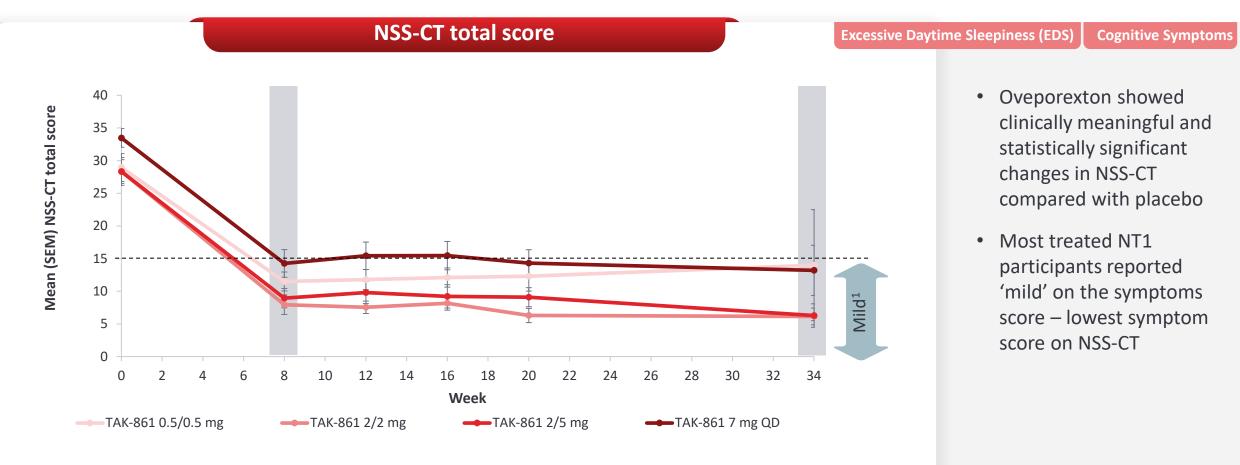
Sleep diary: daily recording of last night's sleep quality and disturbances (difficulty falling or staying asleep, nightmares as well as sleep paralysis and hallucinations)



Patient reported symptoms demonstrated sustained improvements in Narcolepsy Severity Score (NSS-CT) in participants with NT1



NSS: validated, self-administered, 15-item scale evaluating severity, frequency and impact of 5 narcolepsy symptoms (sleepiness, cataplexy, sleep paralysis, hallucinations and disrupted nocturnal sleep)^{1,2.}



All doses statistically significant (p≤0.001) compared to placebo at week 8 time point.

Oveporexton (TAK-861) was well tolerated by participants with NT1 over an additional 6 months of treatment





Oveporexton was **well tolerated by NT1 participants** with **no serious treatment-related TEAEs or discontinuations** due to TEAEs in the Ph2b trial and LTE.



The most common TEAEs observed were insomnia, urinary urgency and salivary hypersecretion. **Most AEs mild to moderate**, occurring within 1-2 weeks of treatment and transient.



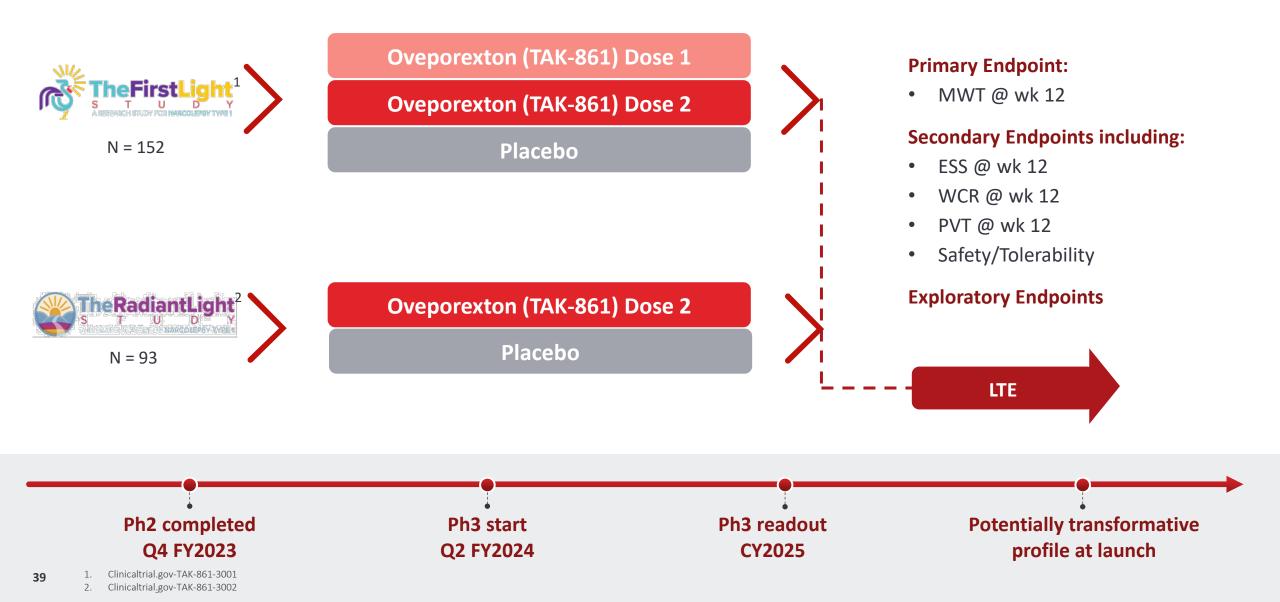
No cases of hepatotoxicity or visual disturbances reported in Ph2b or in the ongoing LTE.



~90% of patients continuing in LTE - will provide long term data for benefit-risk.

Oveporexton (TAK-861) Ph3 NT1 studies on track to readout in CY2025





Oveporexton (TAK-861) with potential best-in-class, transformative profile addressing NT1 symptoms holistically





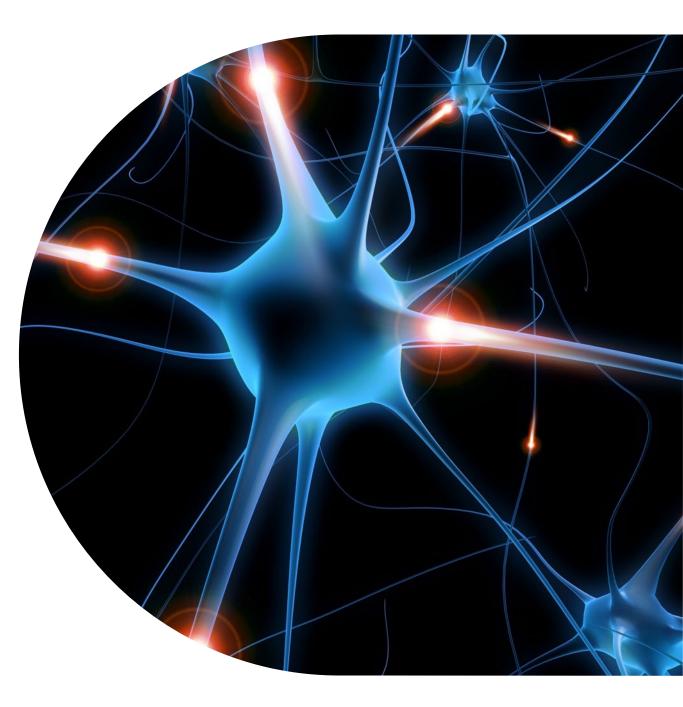
- Positioned to be first orexin agonist with potentially transformative profile:
- Statistically significant and clinically meaningful improvements in daytime and nighttime NT1 symptoms after 8 weeks of administration returning patients to normative range
 - **Sustained improvements** over an additional 6 months of treatment period
 - **Optimized BID profile** providing flexibility and optimal balance in efficacy and safety
- Functional improvements and quality of life support the potential for a new standard of care for patients living with NT1



• No cases of hepatotoxicity or visual disturbances reported in Ph2b or in the ongoing LTE



TAK-360 and beyond Additional assets/indications



Narcolepsy type 1 (NT1), narcolepsy type 2 (NT2) and idiopathic hypersomnia (IH) are all central disorders of hypersomnolence with significant unmet need



	Orexin deficiency is		NT1	NT2	ІН
	cause of NT1; unknown pathophysiology for NT2/IH	Excessive Daytime Sleepiness	~	~	~
	Common challenge: misdiagnosis and undertreatment	Cognitive Symptoms	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
		Cataplexy	\checkmark	×	×
	Different disorders with overlapping clinical features especially EDS	Hallucinations	\checkmark	\checkmark	Sometimes
		Sleep Paralysis	~	~	Sometimes
Disrupted Nighttime Sleep			~	Occasionally	×
>50%	Sometimes Occasionally	Sleep Inertia	Occasionally	Sometimes	✓

42 Based on Article Reviewed: 1. Sturzenegger C et al. J Sleep Res 2004;13:395–406; 2. Roth T et al. J Clin Sleep Med 2013;9:955–65; 3. Scammell T. Ann Neurol 2003;53:154–66; 4. Black J et al. Sleep Med 2016;24:57–62; 5. Maski K et al. Sleep 2020;43:zsaa066; 6. Trotti LM. Sleep Med Rev 2017;35:76–84; 7. Maski K et al. J Clin Sleep Med 2017;13:419–25; 8. Evangelista E et al. Sleep 2020;zsaa264 9. Trotti et al LM. Sleep Med 2020; 75:343-349

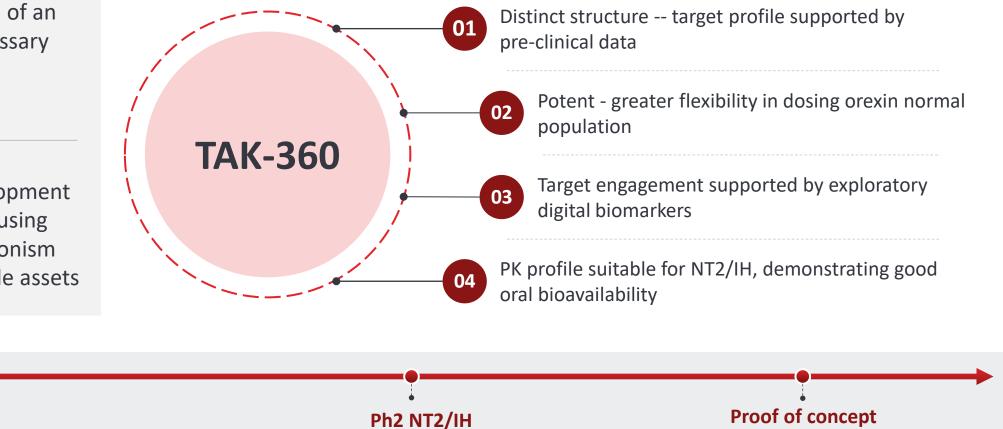
TAK-360: next-generation orexin agonist for NT2 and IH and potentially other indications in patients with normal orexin levels



FY2025

Higher doses (>3X) of an OX2R agonist necessary for orexin normal populations

Best in class development guided by models using extensive OX2R agonism data across multiple assets



target start FY2024

Ph1 started

Takeda pioneering the field of orexin therapeutics – franchise leading with oveporexton, a potential first-in-class treatment for NT1



Oveporexton (TAK-861):
First & Fast³ in NT1TAK-360 and beyond:
Additional assets/indications• The most advanced orexin agonist –
Addressing orexin deficiency as the
underlying pathophysiology in NT11• TAK-360: Accelerated development in NT2 & IH
• New chemistry and profile
• Fast track designation received in U.S.
• Target Ph3 readout in CY2025

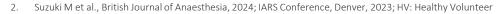
- Ph2 and Long-term Extension (LTE) data support potential **transformative profile**
- Significantly accelerated Phase 3 program
- Breakthrough therapy designation received in U.S., China

Tailored assets/profiles (e.g., TAK-925² and others) to deliver optimal exposure for

Exploration of indications pertinent to orexin

others) to deliver optimal exposure for additional indications

biology: sleep-wake, respiration and

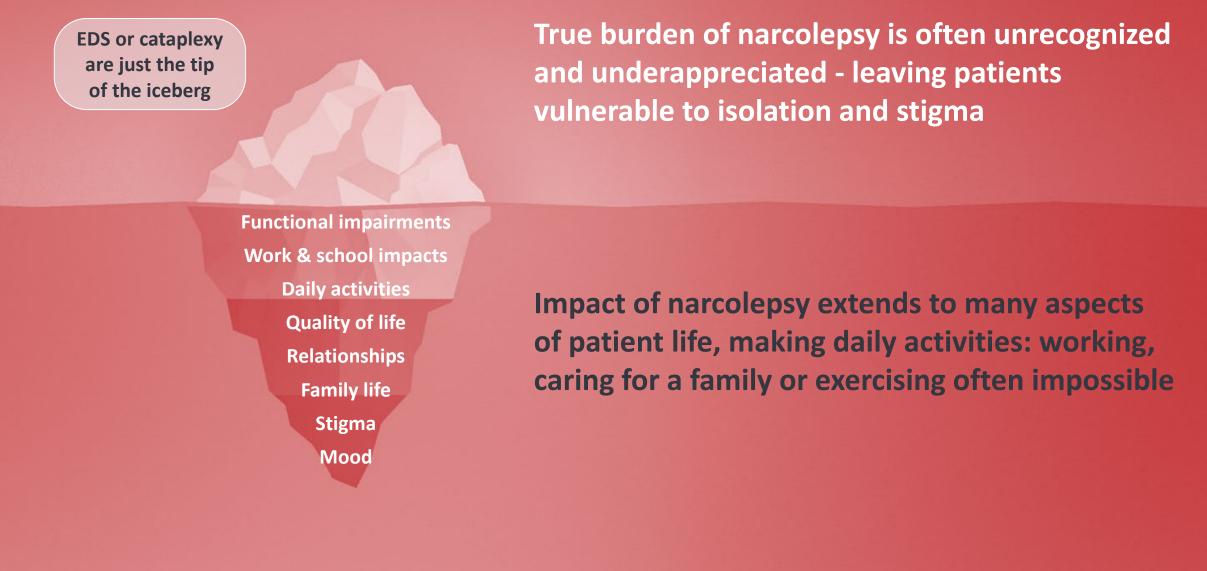


44 3. Referring to the accelerated development timeline

Orexin Franchise *Market Opportunity*

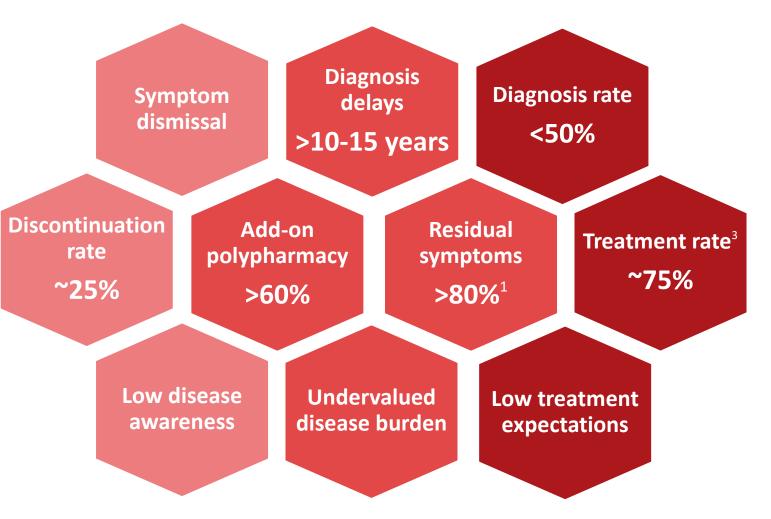
Unlocking the full value of orexin and potentially transforming patient care in sleep and beyond Narcolepsy is a life-altering condition with a significant burden – expanding far beyond symptoms





Patients with narcolepsy face significant challenges at each step of their journey - starting with one of the longest diagnosis delays Average diagnosis delay: 10-15 years ٠Å (Ŧ) **Treatment Start** Symptom Onset **Pre-Referral Testing & Diagnosis** & Adjustments Management of Narcolepsy • Lack of patient-centric goals & Patients undergo trial & • -fe outcomes, leading to low *error* with symptomatic • Patients present to **Spinning across** treatment expectations & agents, leading to specialties with primary care lifestyle limitations Significant wait times polypharmacy & physicians who often misdiagnosis of for sleep testing increasing burden fail to recognize a depression, ADHD, Limited capacity for treatment due to existing sleep disorder anxiety with follow-ups and monitoring, Suboptimal treatment infrastructure increasing stigma with increasing patient experience leads to & technology • Dismissal due to & isolation burden & quality of life discontinuation & constraints unspecific symptoms impact over time treatment burn-outs (excessive daytime Symptom overlap • 40% of patients who sleepiness), lexicon with comorbidities reach a sleep disconnect and low and treatment of specialist and undergo mood disorders awareness correct testing are masks narcolepsy still misdiagnosed 47

Significant unmet needs remain today - with no treatment options addressing the underlying cause and holistic burden of NT1



Published population-based prevalence estimates that NT1 affects ~95,000 - 120,000 people in U.S.²

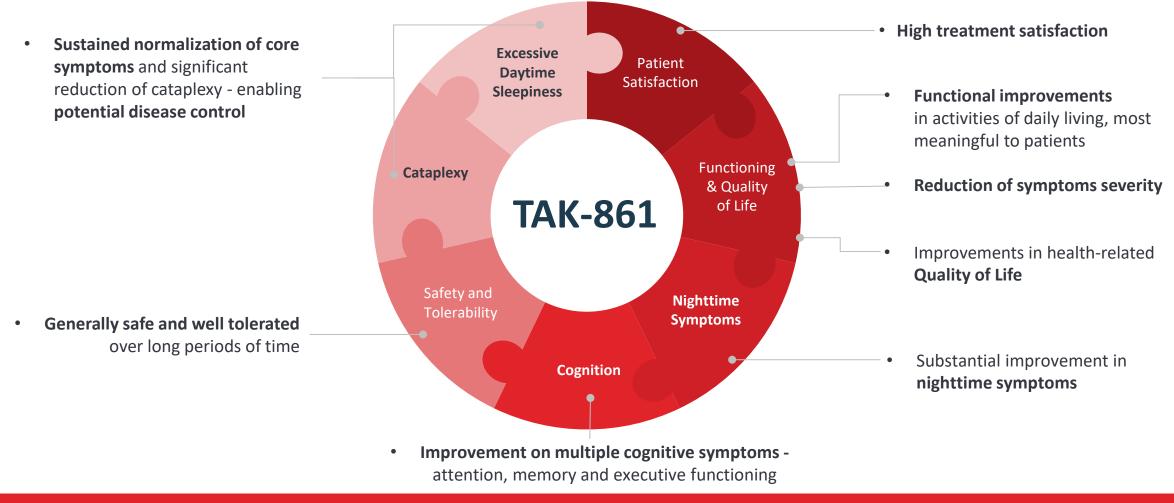
- 1. Burden of Illness Study Among Patients with Central Disorders of Hypersomnolence in Six European Countries, Y. Dauvilliers et al, EAN, 2024
- 2. Silber MH, et al. *Sleep*. 2002;25(2):197-202
- 3. Treatment rate of diagnosed patients

48

Oveporexton (TAK-861) has the potential to address the overall disease burden important to patients with NT1



Potential first-in-class orexin agonist addressing broader disease burden and functional impacts



Potentially transformative profile as the first treatment addressing orexin deficiency, the cause of NT1, and eliminating the need for polypharmacy Takeda is advancing multiple industry-leading solutions to support a holistic transformation of narcolepsy patient care

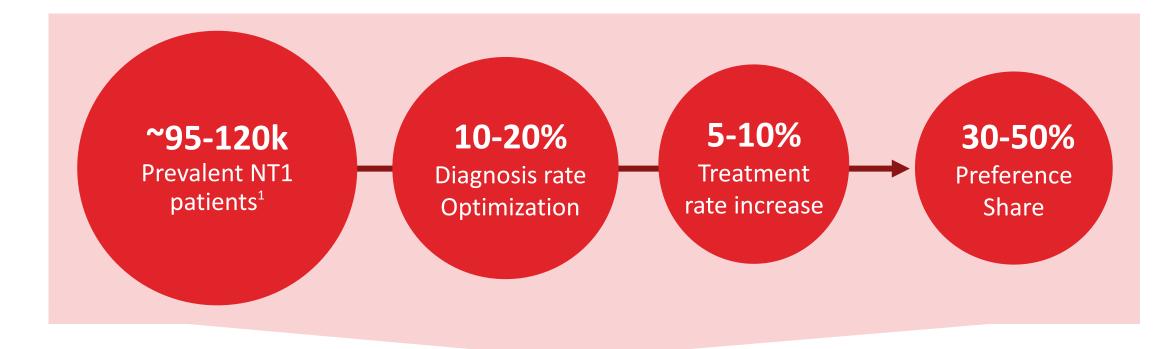


Takeda Orexin Franchise Focus

Uncovering the True Burden of Narcolepsy				Advancing & Accelerating Diagnosis			Redefine Treatment Outcomes		
Evidence generation & real-world data				Industry-leading digital initiatives			Capturing patient-centric outcomes of daily living		
Largest real-world studies on disease burden	Pioneering data on broader impacts	Elevating treatment expectations	Novel biomarkers	Wearable & home test solutions	Al algorithms of high accuracy	Bridging symptoms with patient impacts	First disease- specific PRO ¹ measure	Real-world monitoring of outcomes	
	eing half-awo not fully livin			r years withou agnosis or mis			have better n I am not just s	,	
Voice of the Patient									

50 1. PRO: patient reported outcomes

Oveporexton – On track to be the first orexin agonist with potential to transform NT1 treatment paradigm, starting in the U.S.





Uncover the true burden of narcolepsy



Improve rate, speed and accuracy, of NT1 diagnosis utilizing digital tools



Redefine treatment outcomes with new MOA

ent new

Deliver transformative efficacy by addressing orexin deficiency

Oveporexton's (TAK-861) peak revenue potential : \$2-3B

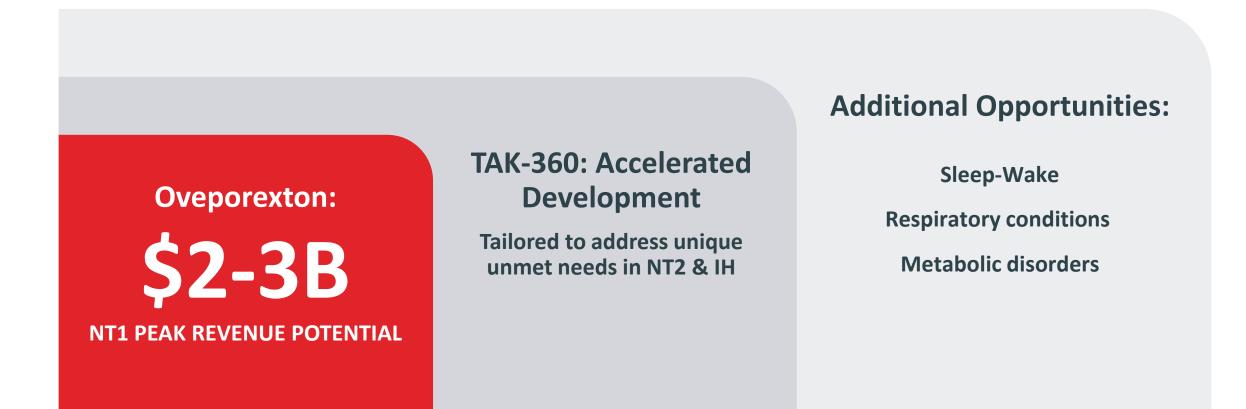
Source: 1. Silber MH, et al. Sleep. 2002;25(2):197-202. Scheer D, et al. Sleep. 2019 Jul 8;42(7):zsz091. Abioye, et al Sleep Medicine Volume 100, Supplement 1, December 2022, Page S154.

51 Takeda claims analysis; Takeda physician research; company filings.

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about peak revenue estimates.

Tailored portfolio of potentially transformative treatments to unlock full value of orexin





Strong foundation of Takeda capabilities in maximizing global launches and advancing patient care ecosystems – powered by our established leadership in orexin science & development Takeda is unlocking the full value of orexin with a multi-asset, multi-indication franchise – Leading with oveporexton (TAK-861), peak revenue potential \$2-3B



1	<u> </u>	

Oveporexton is on track to become the 1st and potentially best-in-class, transformative treatment indicated for NT1



Unprecedented Ph2 and LTE data demonstrated oveporexton **normalized symptoms** across all aspects of the disease



Continue **expanding the franchise** by exploring indications relevant to orexin biology **leading with TAK-360 in NT2/IH**



Takeda is uniquely positioned to holistically transform the treatment landscape of NT1 and advance diagnosis through digital innovation and data generation



Global peak revenue potential: \$2-3B

Today's Agenda



TIME (JST)	AGENDA
8:30-8:40	A Global, Innovation-driven Biopharmaceutical Company Christophe Weber, President & CEO
8:40-9:00	R&D Strategy and Pipeline Highlights Andy Plump, President Research & Development
9:00-9:50	Neuroscience: Deep-dive on Orexin Franchise Sarah Sheikh, Head of Neuroscience Therapeutic Area Unit and Head of Global Development Ramona Sequeira, President of Global Portfolio Division
9:50-10:00	Break
10:00-11:30	Gastrointestinal and Inflammation (GI&I): Deep-dive on Zasocitinib, Rusfertide, Mezagitamab, Fazirsiran Chinwe Ukomadu, Head of GI&I Therapeutic Area Unit Ramona Sequeira, President of Global Portfolio Division
11:30-12:00	Lunch
12:00-12:20	Oncology: Deep-dive on Elritercept – newly announced BD deal P.K. Morrow, Head of Oncology Therapeutic Area Unit Teresa Bitetti, President of Global Oncology Business Unit
12:20-13:15	Q&A Session
13:15-14:00	Reception



Gastrointestinal & Inflammation (GI&I): Deep-dive on Zasocitinib, Rusfertide, Mezagitamab, and Fazirsiran





Chinwe Ukomadu Head of GI&I Therapeutic, Area Unit

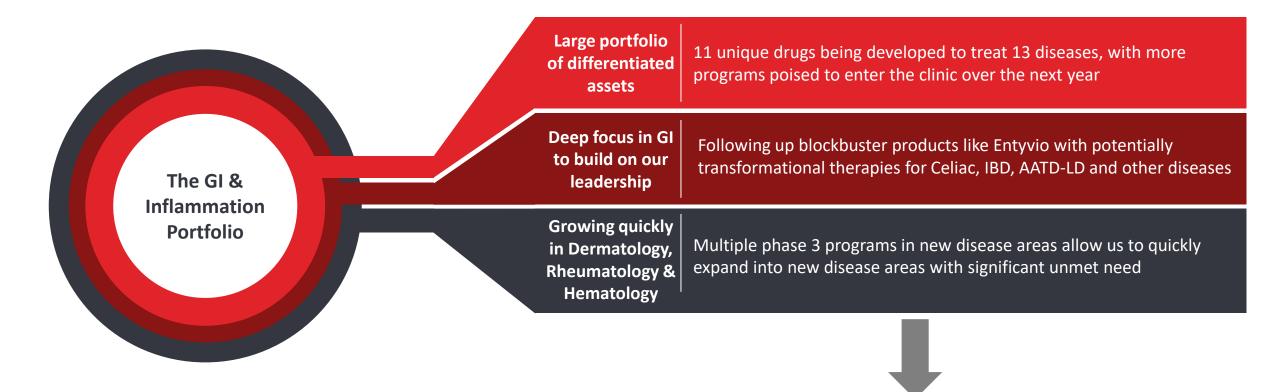


Ramona Sequeira President, Global Portfolio Division

Better Health, Brighter Future

The GI & Inflammation portfolio is designed to deliver high-value therapies in the next 5 years and over the long-term to ensure strong & sustainable growth





Our strategy rapidly expands Takeda into new inflammatory disease areas with high unmet need <u>in the near-term</u> while strengthening our leadership in GI <u>over the long-term</u>

Late-stage programs have significant value potential; oveporexton, zasocitinib, rusfertide phase 3 data expected in 2025



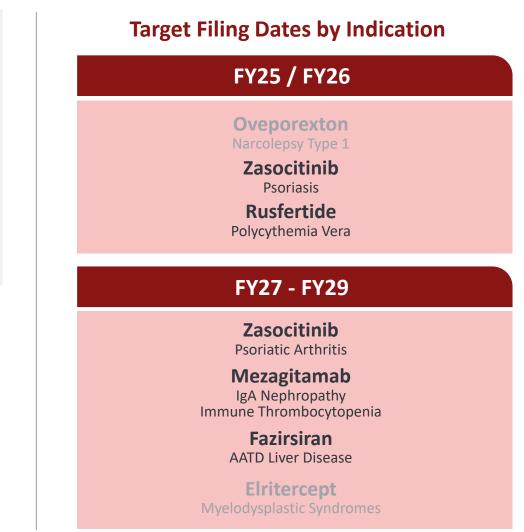
Three Phase 3 Data Readouts Over the Next 12 Months

- Oveporexton in Narcolepsy Type 1
- Zasocitinib in Psoriasis
- Rusfertide in Polycythemia Vera¹



>70% PTRS² to approval





.. Our partner Protagonist Therapeutics is responsible for Phase 3 development of Rusfertide and has stated Phase 3 data may be available as soon as March 2025 which is our Q4 FY24

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about PTRS and peak revenue estimates

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about the Elritercept license agreement

57



Zasocitinib (TAK-279)

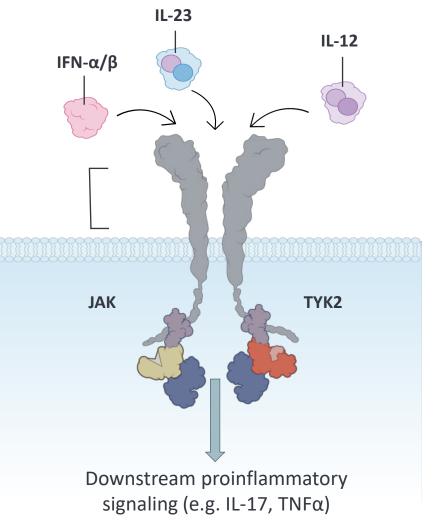
Next-generation TYK2 Inhibitor, potential to be the 1st choice advanced therapy



59 IFN, interferon; IL, interleukin; JAK, Janus kinase; TNF, tumor necrosis factor; TYK2, tyrosine kinase 2. 1. Shang L, et al. J Inflamm Res. 2022;15:5373-5385. 2. Manetti R, et al. J Exp Med. 1993;177:1199-1204. 3. Muramoto R, et al. World J Biol Chem. 2022;13:1-14. 4. Trinchieri G, Scott P. Immunol Today. 1994;15:460-463. 5. Chasset F, Arnaud L. Autoimm Rev. 2018;17:44-52. 6. Gonciarz M, et al. Immunotherapy. 2021;13:1135-11504

TYK2 is the fundamental regulator of immune signaling pathways including IL-23 and IFN α/β which play a critical role in inflammatory diseases

- IL-23 & INF α/β signaling plays a role in several inflammatory diseases such as,
 - PsO, PsA, UC, Crohn's and others
- TYK2 regulates the signaling of these pathways
- The burden of disease is lessened by reducing the signaling of these pathways in patients with inflammatory diseases



Adapted from Shang et al, 2022 and Muramoto et al, 2022.



Studies suggest that genetic alteration in TYK2 function protects against inflammatory diseases, without significant adverse outcomes





A common genetic alteration in the *TYK2* gene has been identified and results in an **~80% reduction of TYK2 signaling**^{1,2}

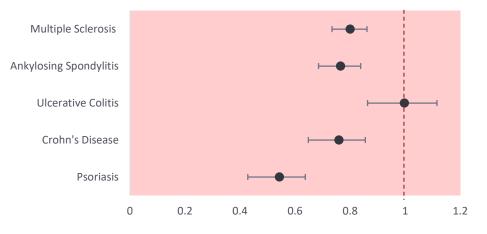


This alteration is **highly protective** against inflammatory diseases²

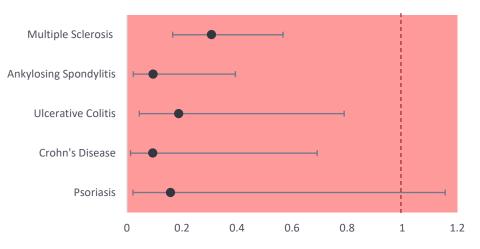


This alteration is **generally well tolerated and safe;** not effecting major health measures (mortality, malignancy, hospitalization due to serious infection)¹

People with One Altered Copy of TYK2



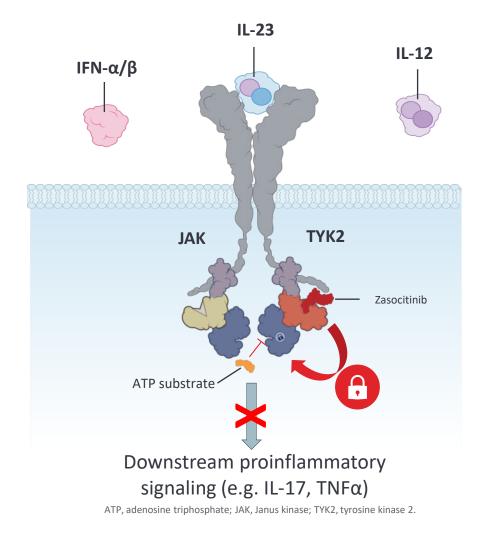
People with Two Altered Copies of TYK2



Zasocitinib's high selectivity supports the evaluation of a range of doses without concern of JAK1/2/3 inhibition



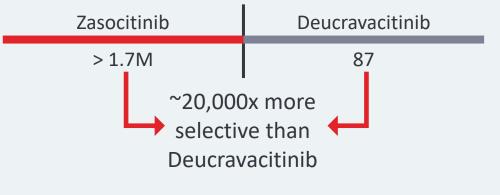
Zasocitinib binds to the **regulatory domain of TYK2** allowing it to demonstrate **exquisite selectivity**, unlike traditional kinase inhibitors





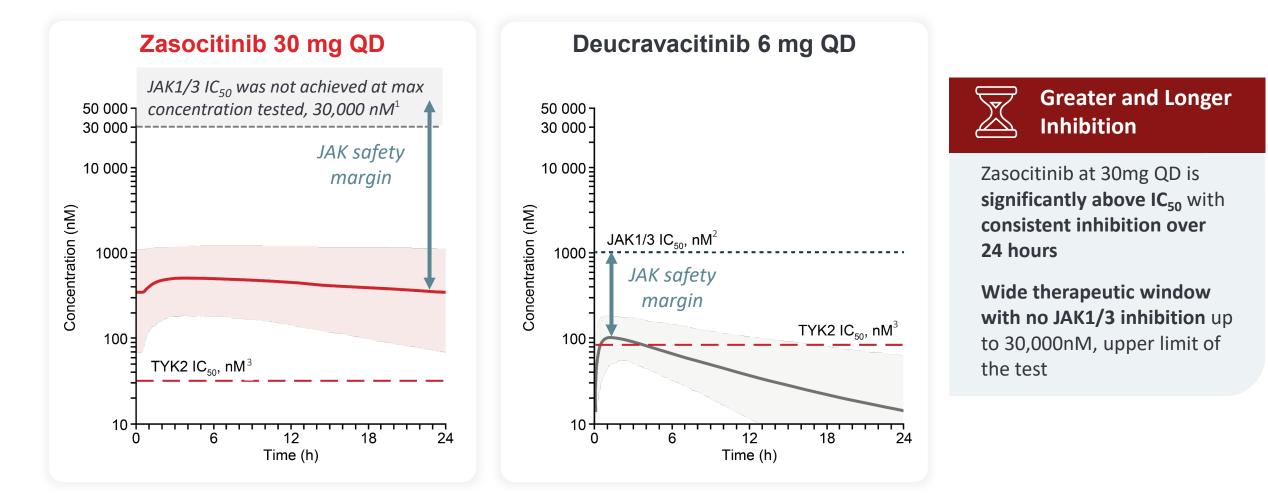
Supports the evaluation of a range of doses, important for diseases like IBD which may require higher dosing

Selectivity for TYK2 compared to JAK1



Zasocitinib exhibits greater and longer TYK2 inhibition versus deucravacitinib and no inhibition of JAK1/3





1. The maximum concentration evaluated was 30 000 nM

2. JAK1/3 IC₅₀ is based on IL-2 pSTAT5

62 3. TYK2 IC₅₀ is based on IL-12/IL-18-dependent production of IFN-γ; S Mehrotra, Y Sano, P Halkowycz, et al. (Poster LB054). Poster presented at ESDR 2024; 4–7 September 2024; Lisbon, Portugal

Despite numerous treatment options available to patients with psoriatic diseases there is still unmet need for a simple, safe and effective oral treatment

Takeda

- Psoriasis is estimated to affect
 >60 million adults¹
- Lesions are painful, disfiguring, and disabling
- Lesions can occur anywhere on the body; commonly affected areas include scalp, trunk, gluteal fold, elbows, and knees
- Frequently associated with several chronic conditions and comorbidities which may affect lifespan and significantly impair QoL
 - Cardiovascular disease
 - Mental health: Depression and anxiety
 - Obesity



Limbs and joints



nritis

Psoriati

Trunk



- Psoriatic arthritis is a chronic, progressive, inflammatory disease of the joints
- Up to 30% of people with psoriasis develop psoriatic arthritis²
- Psoriatic arthritis presents painful, swollen joints & digits and >80% of patients having skin lesions³
- Early identification, diagnosis and effective disease management are important factors to prevent joint destruction, improve patient outcomes and quality of life



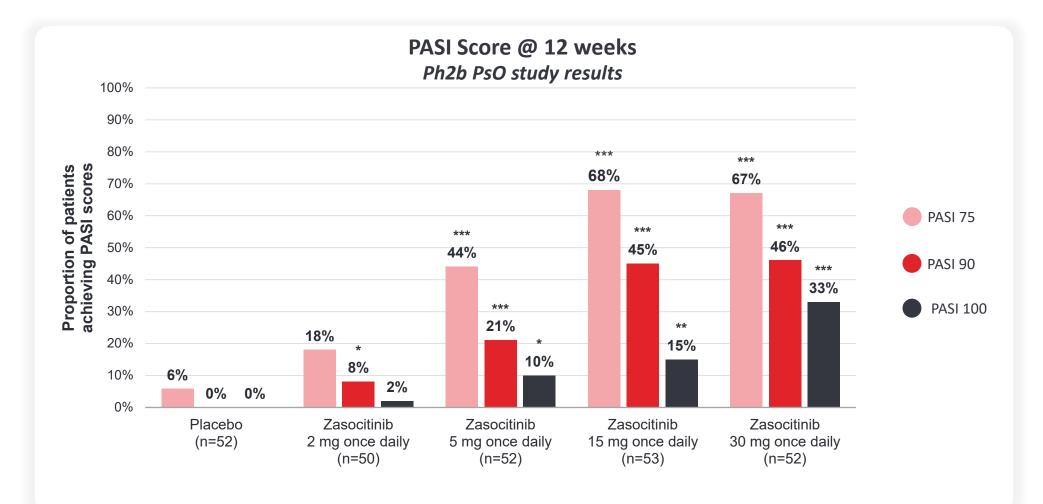
1. AlQassimi S et al. Intl J Dermatol. 2020; 59:566-571; 2. Ritchlin CT, et al. New Engl J Med. 2017; 376:957-970; 3. FitzGerald O, et Al Arthritis Res Ther. 17, 115, 2015

4. Pustake M, Vidhale T, Nadgire S. Psoriatic Arthritis With Dactylitis: A Case Report and Concise Review of Treatment Options. Cureus. 2021;13(8):e16966. Published 2021 Aug 6. doi:10.7759/cureus.16966

Psoriasis

One-third of patients achieved complete skin clearance at 12 weeks with 30 mg once daily of zasocitinib





P values from a Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test, with prior biologic treatment included as a stratification factor, comparing the proportion of patients in the treatment group versus placebo. For secondary endpoints (PASI 90 and PASI 100), P values are nominal: *P<0.05; **P<0.005; **P<0.005; **P<0.001. Modified intent-to-treat (mITT) analysis set: all patients who were randomized and received at least one dose of study treatment.; PASI, psoriasis area and severity index.; Armstrong AW, Gooderham M, Lynde C, et al. Tyrosine Kinase 2 Inhibition With Zasocitinib (TAK-279) in Psoriasis: A Randomized Clinical Trial. JAMA Dermatol. Published online August 21, 2024. doi:10.1001/jamadermatol.2024.2701;

No evidence of JAK-related safety signals, consistent with zasocitinib's exquisite selectivity



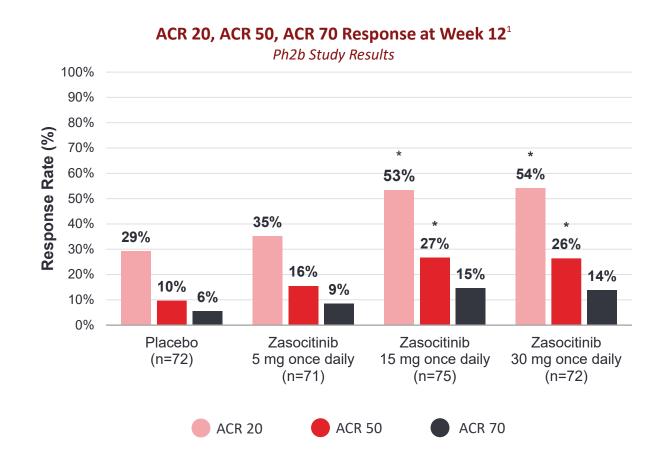
Ph2b PsO study results AE, n (%)	Placebo (n=52)	Zasocitinib 2 mg once daily (n=50)	Zasocitinib 5 mg once daily (n=52)	Zasocitinib 15 mg once daily (n=53)	Zasocitinib 30 mg once daily (n=52)
Deaths	0	0	0	0	0
SAEs	0	0	0	1 (1.9)	0
AEs	23 (44.2)	31 (62.0)	28 (53.8)	28 (52.8)	31 (59.6)
AEs leading to discontinuation	1 (1.9)	1 (2.0)	1 (1.9)	1 (1.9)	2 (3.8)
Most frequent AEs ¹					
COVID-19	1(1.9)	6(12.0)	4(7.7)	6(11.3)	7(13.5)
Acne	0	0	1(1.9)	3(5.7)	2(3.8)
Acneiform Dermatitis	0	0	1(1.9)	1(1.9)	3(5.8)
Diarrhea	1(1.9)	3(6.0)	1(1.9)	1(1.9)	0

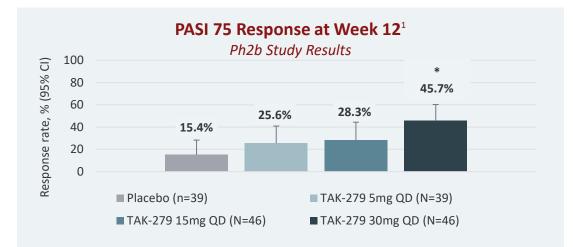
- Zasocitinib was generally well tolerated with a balanced benefit-risk profile.
- The incidence of AEs was higher in the zasocitinib groups compared with placebo, but there was no clear dose dependence.
- No clinically meaningful differences were observed in laboratory parameters for cholesterol, blood cell, liver enzyme, or kidney function with zasocitinib compared with placebo.

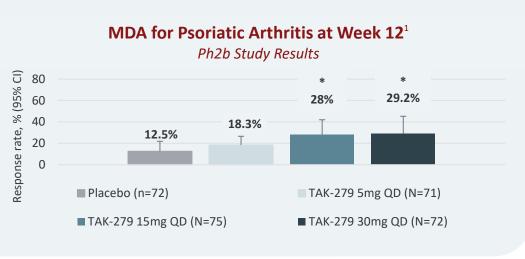
^{65 1.} AEs reported by ≥3 patients in any treatment group (events elicited by laboratory testing are not included).;AE, adverse event; COVID-19, coronavirus disease 2019; SAE, serious adverse event; Armstrong AW, Gooderham M, Lynde C, et al. Tyrosine Kinase 2 Inhibition With Zasocitinib (TAK-279) in Psoriasis: A Randomized Clinical Trial. JAMA Dermatol. Published online August 21, 2024. doi:10.1001/jamadermatol.2024.2701

Strong efficacy across joint and skin endpoints demonstrated in Ph2b PsA study









* p<0.005, vs placebo; p values for secondary endpoints (ACR 50, ACR 70, MDA, PASI 75) are nominal. ; ACR, American College of Rheumatology; CI, confidence interval; MDA, minimal disease activity; QD, once daily. 1. Kivitz A, et al. Poster L12. Presented at: the 2023 American College of Rheumatology Annual Meeting; November 10-15, 2023; San Diego, CA, USA.

66

Safety data from psoriatic arthritis Ph2b study supports that zasocitinib is generally well tolerated with a balanced benefit-risk profile



	Placebo	Zasocitinib 5 mg QD	Zasocitinib 15 mg QD	Zasocitinib 30 mg QD
Ph2b PsA study results	(n=72)	(n=71)	(n=75)	(n=72)
	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)
Any TEAEs	39 (54.2)	42 (59.2)	45 (60.0)	56 (77.8)
TEAEs leading to study discontinuation*	1 (1.4)	0	3 (4.0)	5 (6.9)
Serious TEAEs	4 (5.6)	4 (5.6)	3 (4.0)	2 (2.8)
Grade 3 or higher TEAEs	7 (9.7)	6 (8.5)	7 (9.3)	3 (4.2)
TEAEs leading to death	0	0	0	0
Most frequent TEAEs ⁺				
Nasopharyngitis	3 (4.2)	6 (8.5)	7 (9.3)	7 (9.7)
URTIS	2 (2.8)	8 (11.3)	3 (4.0)	7 (9.7)
Headache	3 (4.2)	2 (2.8)	6 (8.0)	4 (5.6)
Rash	0	3 (4.2)	6 (8.0)	4 (5.6)

• The incidence of AEs was higher in the zasocitinib groups compared with placebo, but there was no clear dose dependence.

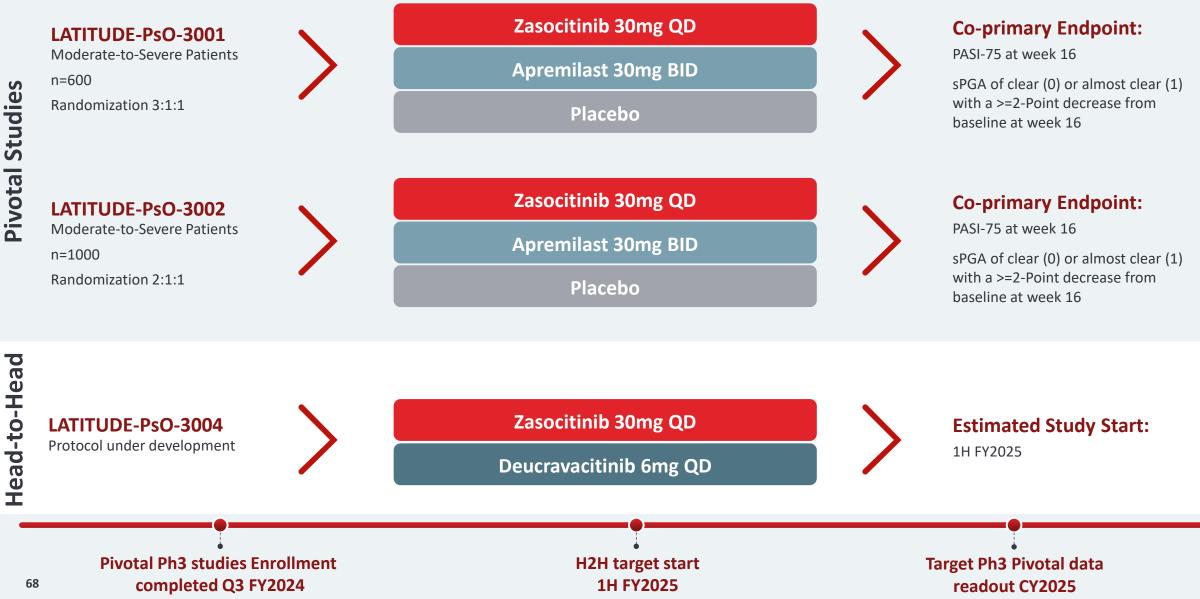
• No clinically meaningful differences were observed in laboratory parameters for cholesterol, blood cell, liver enzyme, or kidney function with zasocitinib compared with placebo.

*Placebo: psoriatic arthropathy; zasocitinib 15 mg: erythema nodosum, gastrointestinal inflammation, atrial fibrillation/atrial flutter/mitral valve incompetence; zasocitinib 30 mg: dermatitis acneiform, dermatitis allergic, abdominal pain, pharyngitis, Bell's palsy.

67

Completed enrollment ahead of schedule in two pivotal Ph3 studies in PsO with plans to begin head-to-head study versus deucravacitinib





Takeda has advanced zasocitinib into phase 3 for psoriatic arthritis





More than 5 million patients globally suffer from IBD

Takeda

IBD is a chronic inflammatory condition which includes two subtypes: Ulcerative Colitis (UC) & Crohn's Disease

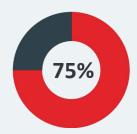
IBD patients experience diarrhea, abdominal pain, and, in the case of UC, perianal bleeding Patients experience **morbidity** from prolonged medical therapy, particularly as a **consequence of steroid exposure**



Mortality rates for IBD range from 1.4 to 5 times the general population



of Crohn's disease patients experience relapse within 10 years



70

of IBD patients do not achieve remission or lose response over time



of Crohn's disease patients don't respond to current treatment

Patients are in need of safe, efficacious & convenient novel therapies

Alatab et al, The Lancet Gastroenterol and Hepatol 2020; Jairath et al, The Lancet Gastroenterol and Hepatol 2020; McDowell et al, Inflammatory Bowel Disease. 2024; Xu et al, World J Gastroenterol 2022; Alsoud D. et al. The Lancet Gastroenterol and Hepatol 2020; McDowell et al, Inflammatory Bowel Disease. 2024; Xu et al, World J Gastroenterol 2022; Alsoud D. et al. The Lancet Gastroenterol and Hepatol 2020; McDowell et al, Inflammatory Bowel Disease. 2024; Xu et al, World J Gastroenterol 2022; Alsoud D. et al. The Lancet Gastroenterol and Hepatol 2020; McDowell et al, Inflammatory Bowel Disease. 2024; Xu et al, World J Gastroenterol 2022; Alsoud D. et al. The Lancet Gastroenterol and Hepatol 2020; McDowell et al, Inflammatory Bowel Disease. 2024; Xu et al, World J Gastroenterol 2022; Alsoud D. et al. The Lancet Gastroenterol and Hepatol 2020; McDowell et al, Inflammatory Bowel Disease. 2024; Xu et al, Dig Disease. 2024; Xu et al, N Engl J Med, 369 (2013): 699-710; Sandborn W.J., et al. N Engl J Med, 376 (2017): 1723-1736; Bargo D., et al. Inflamm Intestinal Dis. 2021;6(4):186-98; Moens A., et al. Inflamm Bowel Dis. 2022;28(8):1135-42; Dalal R.S. et al. Dig Dis Sci. 2023;68(1):223-32; Sine B., et al. N Engl J Med Evid, 2022;1(8)

Zasocitinib has strong scientific rationale to support exploration in IBD





Genetic analysis has identified an alteration in the *TYK2* gene that is highly protective against inflammatory diseases, including Crohn's & UC¹



Animal models of colitis demonstrate a significant reduction in disease activity at high dose zasocitinib³

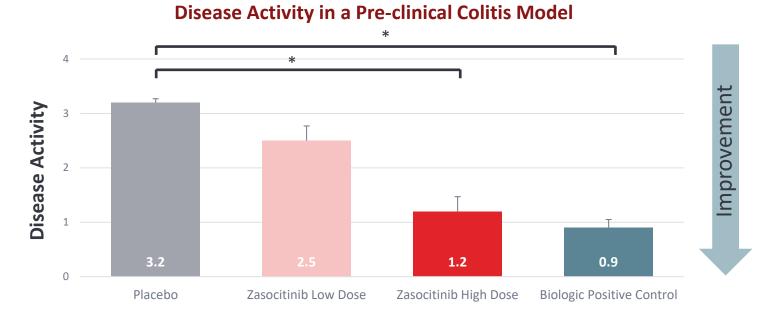


71

Zasocitinib can achieve and maintain nearcomplete TYK2 inhibition²



Zasocitinib is highly selective, supporting higher dosing to ensure target tissue coverage in IBD



1. Dendrou CA, et al. Sci Transl Med. 2016;8(363):363ra149.

2. Mehrotra S, et al. Poster presentation at: European Society for Dermatological Research (ESDR) Conference 2024; 4–7 September 2024; Lisbon, Portugal. Poster LB054.

3. Kong KF, et al. Poster presentation at: Congress of the European Crohn's and Colitis Organisation (ECCO) 2024; 21-24 February 2024; Stockholm, Sweden. Poster 143.

Takeda is currently evaluating zasocitinib in phase 2b studies in IBD

Zasocitinib Dose 1

Zasocitinib Dose 2

Zasocitinib Dose 3

Placebo





Endoscope response based on SES-CD at week 12

Key Secondary Endpoint:

Clinical remission based on CDAI at week 12 Clinical response based on CDAI at week 12 Endoscopic remission based on SES-CD at week 12 Safety



Patients will have the option to move to the long-term extension and followed for safety & remission

LATITUDE-CD-2001

Randomization 1:1:1:1

n=268

Moderate-to-severe patients

With a deep history in inflammation, Takeda is uniquely placed to advance zasocitinib



Latitude	PHASE 2b START	PHASE 2b READOUT	PHASE 3	FILING
Psoriasis		Ph2b March 2023	Ph3 Start FY2023 Zaso vs Deucra Start FY2025	Target FY2026
Psoriatic Arthritis		Ph2b September 2023	Target Ph3 Start FY2024	Target FY28/29
Crohn's Disease	Ph2b March 2024	Target FY2026		
Ulcerative Colitis	Ph2b June 2024	Target FY2026		
Others	Planned			



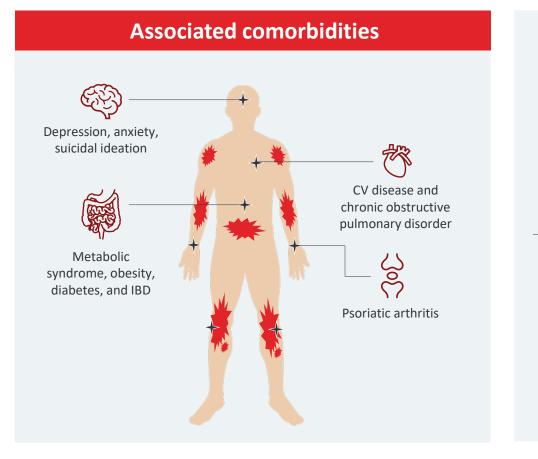
Zasocitinib Market Opportunity

Well-positioned to be the first-choice advanced therapy for psoriatic disease patients, leading the next-generation orals

PsO is much more than just a rash; patients are really suffering



The visible plaques, social stigma and higher risk of comorbidities negatively impact patients' QoL¹



"Psoriasis first spread over my entire body and then onto my face. For me personally facial psoriasis was the hardest to come to terms with. Not because it was the most painful, itchy or sore, but because it could be seen by everyone around me."



"The pain and itching were severe, and sometimes I couldn't sleep because of it. My life had simply turned into a living nightmare and **negative thoughts were overpowering everything inside me, making me feel frustrated and hopeless.**"

30% of PsO patients develop PsA, which comes with an even higher burden of disease



Patients experience unbearable symptoms...

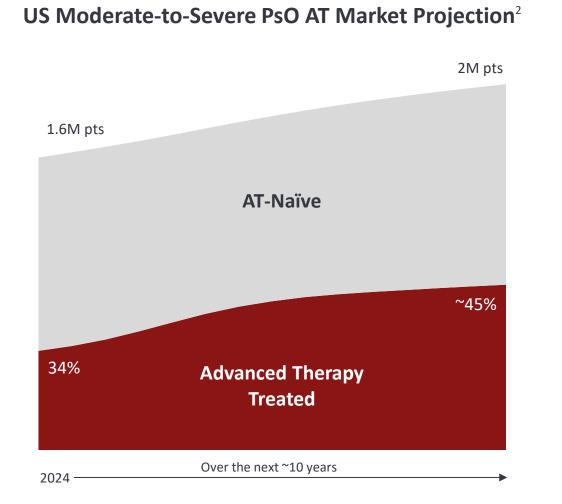
... with a significant impact on QoL



Rheumatologists are forced to make difficult trade-offs; more aggressive treatments may come with more safety issues

We expect significant growth of advanced therapies in both PsO and PsA markets, both already large at \$23B and \$7B worldwide, respectively





Significant headspace for growth of advanced therapy segment in PsO

- WW PsO Advanced Therapy (AT) Market ~\$23B¹ in 2023
- In the US, only 34% of patients are being treated with an advanced therapy
- This is even less worldwide, at only 30%
- AT penetration is projected to grow to ~45%

Similar growth opportunity in PsA

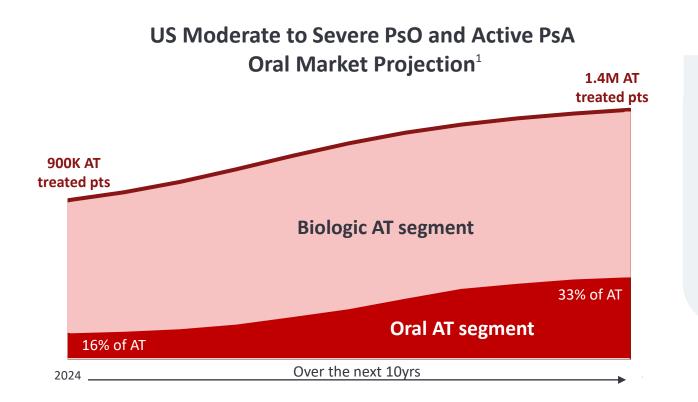
- WW PsA Advanced Therapy Market ~\$7B¹ in 2023
- Somewhat higher penetration of advanced therapy due to physician concern about permanent joint damage
- AT penetration is projected to grow from **50% to 60%**



There is an opportunity to provide better care for so many patients



Oral share is expected to double in both PsO and PsA



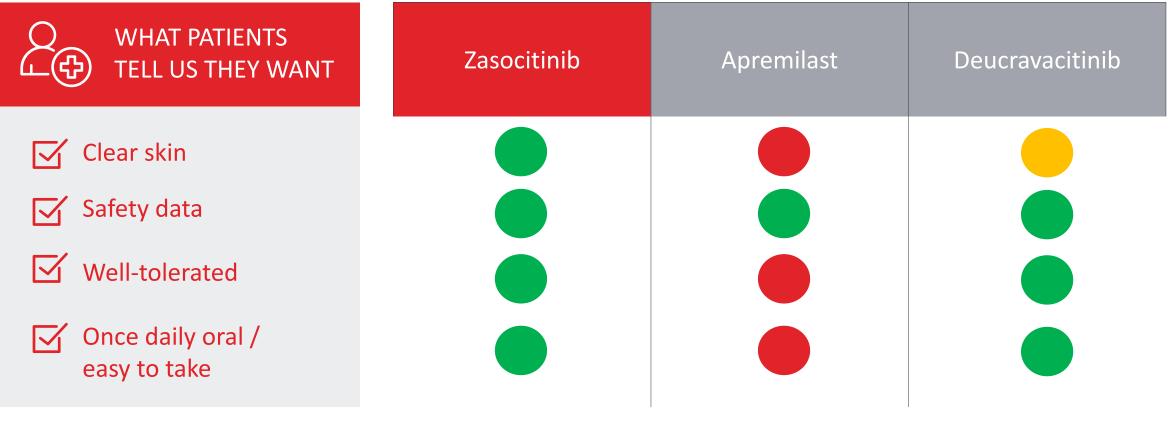
- Orals are where the market is going. It's where all the companies are investing. When a patient comes off of topicals, orals will be next.
 - US Dermatologist

Zasocitinib aims to...

REDEFINE WHAT IS POSSIBLE WITH AN ORAL THERAPY IN PSORIATIC DISEASE

Patients are seeking safe and effective oral treatment options when topical and conventional treatments aren't enough





Target profile based on Ph2b results

Zasocitinib has the potential to be the first oral treatment option that can address all patient needs

81 Target profile based on Ph2b results

Zasocitinib was designed to provide both efficacy & safety, along with a simple and easy treatment experience

A next-generation, highly selective and potent TYK2 inhibitor

A simple & easy treatment experience

- Once daily oral treatment
- Well-tolerated
- Can be taken any time of the day without regard to food

Favorable safety profile

- Highly selective TYK2 inhibitor, with potential for **no JAK effects**
- Strongly favorable benefit-risk profile

Biologic-like efficacy

PsO

- Potential for rapid, durable and complete skin clearance
- ~1/3 of patients with completely clear skin in 12 wks

PsA

- Reduced pain, swelling and inflammation in joints
- Minimal Disease Activity (MDA) reached in ~1/3 of patients



Greater and Longer inhibition

Highly selective

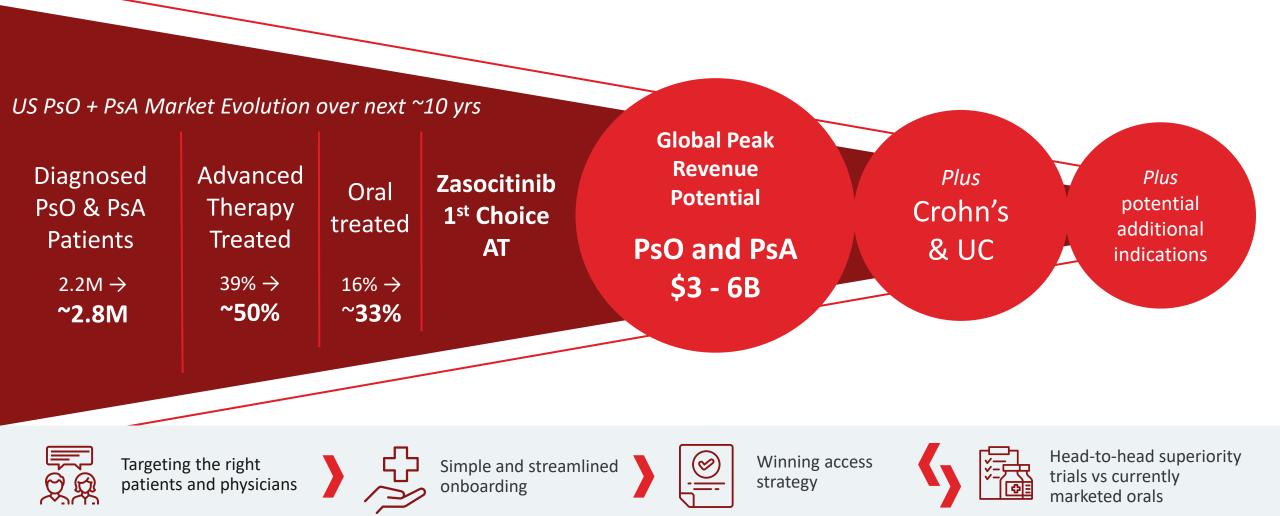
without off

target effects



PsO & PsA combine for up to \$6B of peak revenue, with the potential for additional indications including Crohn's & UC





Unique opportunity for zasocitinib





Large, growing market in PsO/PsA with only ~30-50% of moderate-to-severe patients currently on advanced therapy



Opportunity for improved oral options to expand the use of advanced therapy and more than double the share of AT patients on orals

	С,	
5		

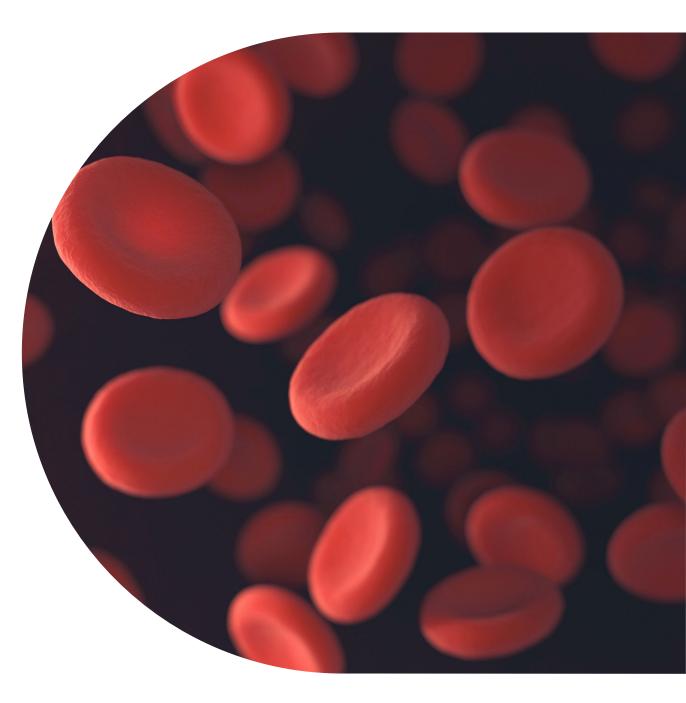
As a next-generation, highly selective TYK2 inhibitor, Zasocitinib has the potential **to deliver biologic-like efficacy with favorable tolerability & safety**, in a simple once-daily oral formulation



Zasocitinib is poised to be the first-choice advanced therapy, with global peak revenue potential of \$3-6B



Rusfertide: Advancing Polycythemia Vera (PV) Treatment for Superior Hematocrit Control



Elevated hematocrit is the hallmark of polycythemia vera (PV) and its clinical challenges



PV – Rare Myeloproliferative Neoplasm Characterized by Excessive Production of Red Blood Cells¹



PV is a **rare myeloproliferative neoplasm** characterized by elevated hematocrit (HCT)^{1,2}

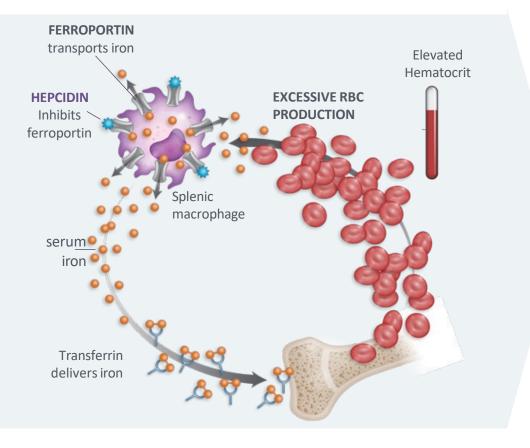
5	٥.	, c	0	2 0	
-	0		0		
	٥.		۰.		•
			Ŀ		$\mathbf{\dot{)}}$

000

85

Elevated HCT is due to overproduction of red blood cells²

There are ~155,000 PV patients in the US, with a median survival of 14 years¹



PRIMARY TREATMENT GOAL is to maintain HCT <45%^{3,4}

2. Spivak JL. Ann Hematol 2018; 19(2):1-14.; 3. Marchioli R, et al. N Engl J Med 2013; 368:22-33. 4. Barbui, T, et al. Leukemia 2018, 32(5), 1057-1069.





Inconsistent HCT Control

- Consistent HCT <45% is critical, as uncontrolled HCT is associated with ~4 times higher risk of death from cardiovascular causes or thrombotic events¹
- Real-world data shows that 78% of patients have uncontrolled HCT²

Increased Risk of Thrombotic Events

- 34-41% of patients experience thrombotic events³⁻⁵
- Common events include acute coronary syndrome, stroke, deep vein thrombosis, and pulmonary embolism^{3,5}

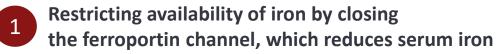
Significant Burden

- PV impacts daily activities and productivity⁶
- 84% of patients report fatigue, and 23% report spending full days in bed because of symptoms⁶
- Patients with PV often present with iron deficiency that can be further exacerbated due to iron loss from phlebotomy⁷

Mechanistic rationale of rusfertide in managing polycythemia vera



Rusfertide helps address the overproduction of red blood cells (RBCs) in patients with polycythemia vera (PV) through,



- Decreasing iron delivery to bone marrow
- Controlling RBC production

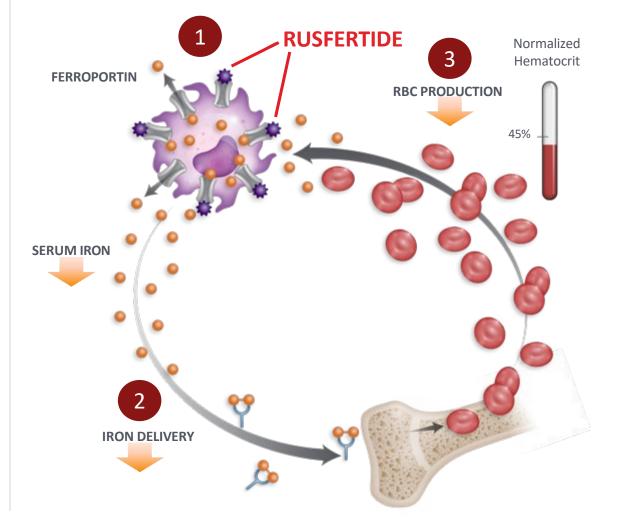


Key Outcomes of Rusfertide's Mechanism:

- Consistent and Sustained Hematocrit Control
 - HCT levels < 45%
 - Reduced risk of cardiovascular and thrombotic events
- Stabilizes iron metabolism

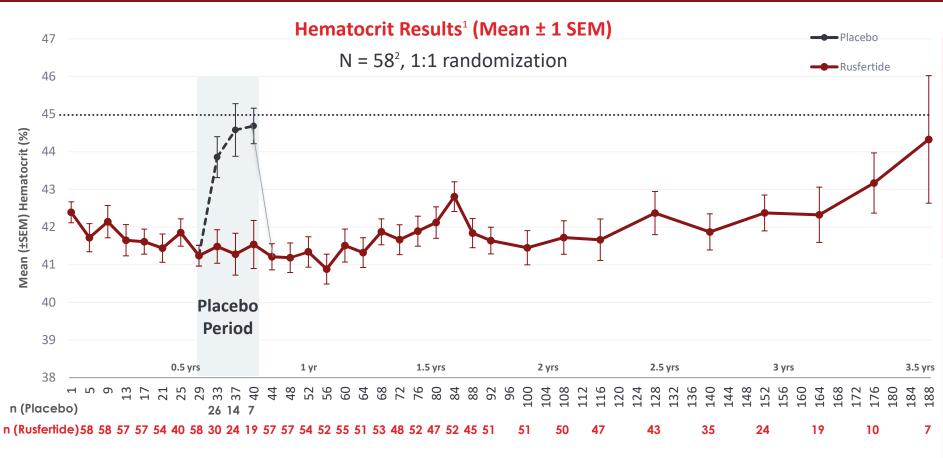
MOA of Rusfertide

Leveraging Hepcidin Mimetic to Target Excessive RBC Production



Takeda

REVIVE Study: PV patients requiring frequent phlebotomy <u>+</u> **cytoreductives; 90% phlebotomy free**



Week

Local laboratory results; Data on file

. Includes all REVIVE patients who continued to Part 3

88 3. improvement in symptom scores were in patients with moderate or severe symptoms at baseline assessed by the MPN-SAF

- Rapid, Sustained and Durable hematocrit control
- Robust efficacy for all patient categories
- Positive improvements in symptom scores³

- HCT levels rise during placebo period (wk 29-37)
- HCT levels revert to being controlled when rusfertide is restarted (wk 37-41)

REVIVE demonstrated a favorable long-term safety profile



Most common (≥20%) TEAEs

- Injection site reactions, fatigue, COVID-19, pruritus, arthralgia, dizziness, nausea, anemia, and headache
 - Grade 3 TEAEs occurred in 25.7% of patients and there were no Grade 4 or 5 TEAEs

Serious AEs

89

- 18 patients (26%) experienced SAEs
- Most SAEs were unrelated and likely associated with underlying disease; 1 SAE was assessed as treatment-related by the investigator

Thromboembolic events (TE)

- No TEs occurred in low-risk patients
- 40 patients entered the study with high-risk PV and 14 patients had a TE prior to study entry
 - 6 patients with high-risk PV developed 7 TEs on study (2 of these patients had a TE prior to study entry)

Patients in **REVIVE** were eligible to roll over to the open-label extension **THRIVE** study

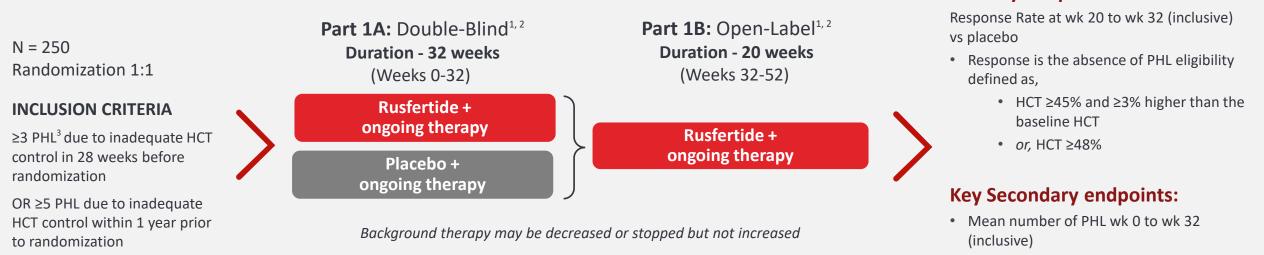
which will continue to assess the long-term safety and efficacy of rusfertide



Data cutoff: 9 April 2024; COVID-19, coronavirus disease; PV, polycythemia vera; SAE, serious adverse event; TE, thromboembolic event; TEAE, treatment-emergent adverse event.; Adapted from: Pettit KM, et al. Abstract Presented at the 29th European Haemotology Association Congress, June 13-16, 2024, Madrid, Spain.



Verify Study (Ph3) Design



- Proportion of patients with all HCT values
 <45% wk 0 to wk 32 (inclusive)
- Safety / Adverse Events

Primary endpoint:

- 1. ClinicalTrials.gov. NCT05210790. https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT05210790
- 2. ASCO'24: Bankar A, et al. VERIFY: A randomized controlled phase 3 study of the hepcidin mimetic rusfertide (PTG-300) in patients with polycythemia vera (PV). J Clin Oncol;2024;42;16_suppl. TPS6592
- **90** 3. PHL is an abbreviation for phlebotomy.

Rusfertide Market Opportunity

Advancing care in polycythemia vera by targeting critical unmet needs Patient Journey in PV identifies unmet need in current treatment paradigm as patients cycle through options with inconsistent HCT and tolerability



Presentation and Diagnosis

Initial Presentation: Routine blood work or thrombotic event

Work Up: Blood tests prompt a referral to Hematology/Oncologist

Diagnosis: Hem/Onc diagnoses PV and assesses risk

Initial Treatment and Management

Immediate: Phlebotomy (PHL) after diagnosis

- LOW RISK: Regular PHL to reduce HCT
 - PHL inconsistently, temporarily reduces HCT
 - PHL results in iron deficiency; amplifies PV symptoms
- HIGH RISK: PHL with HU or Interferon if PHL alone is insufficient

"I don't love phlebotomy. Most patients hate it. It's exchanging PV for symptomatic iron deficiency...nobody can sustain that."

- MPN Specialist

Cycling on through treatments

ΦE

2L/3L options often add-on to PHL

- Introduces 2L/3L treatments if not controlled and/or patient QoL is unmangable
- **2L HU** an off-label¹ cytoreductive chemotherapy
- Ruxolitinib or Ropeg-interferon added for HCT control or tolerability and/or based on HCP preference

Current 2L+ therapies may have side effects and *safety* concerns

Ongoing Management

(+)

Monitor blood counts and treatment side effects

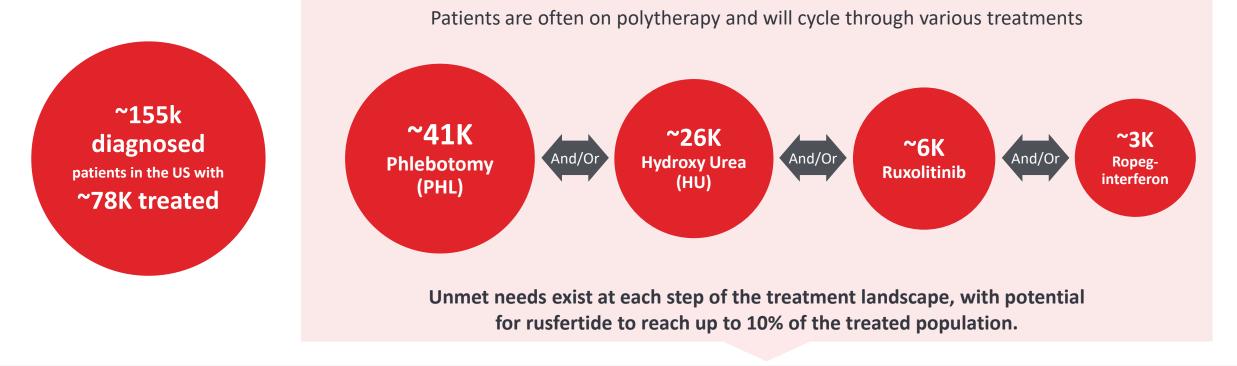
Adjusts treatment as necessary

"There's side effects that make HU impossible to take for some patients...30% of patients drop off." - MPN Specialist

HCPs also educate patients on lifestyle modifications, symptom surveillance, and treatment adherence through the management of PV

Rusfertide aims to deliver rapid, consistent & sustained HCT control and is expected to be used at each step of the treatment landscape







Driving awareness of the unmet needs in PV



Working broad access and inclusion in guidelines



Engaging with key stakeholders to promote use of Rusfertide



Exploring digital solutions for optimal patient onboarding

Rusfertide may provide consistent hematocrit control and reduce treatment burden to achieve peak revenue potential of \$1-2B

Unlocking the full potential of rusfertide for polycythemia vera patients



Advancing Care In The PV Space By Targeting Critical Unmet Needs



Approximately **155,000 patients diagnosed with PV** with only 78,000 currently being treated



Hematocrit control (<45%) is the primary goal of physicians in treating patients with PV



Patients cycle through treatment options according to guidelines and 78% of patients remain uncontrolled; HCT >45% increases risk of TE and CV



Current treatment options can exacerbate PV Symptoms and/or cause significant side effects



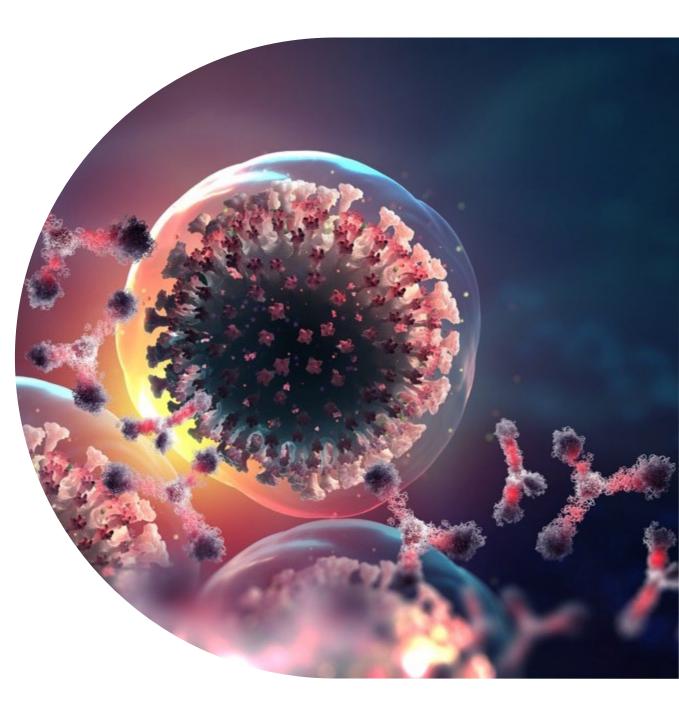
Rusfertide has the potential to provide rapid, consistent & sustained hematocrit control with favorable tolerability – Peak revenue potential \$1-2B



Mezagitamab (TAK-079)

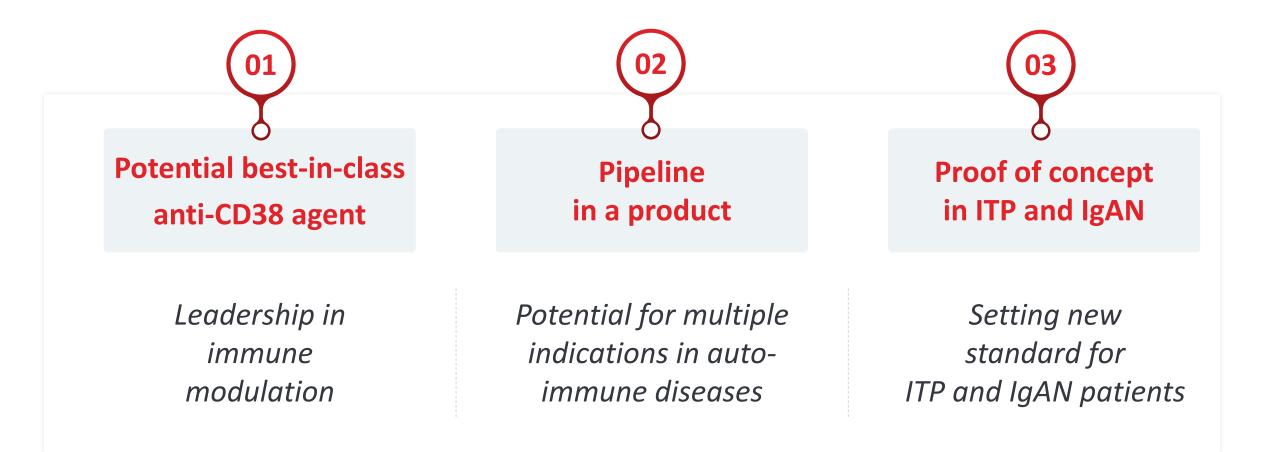
Transformative Potential for

Chronic Auto-immune Diseases



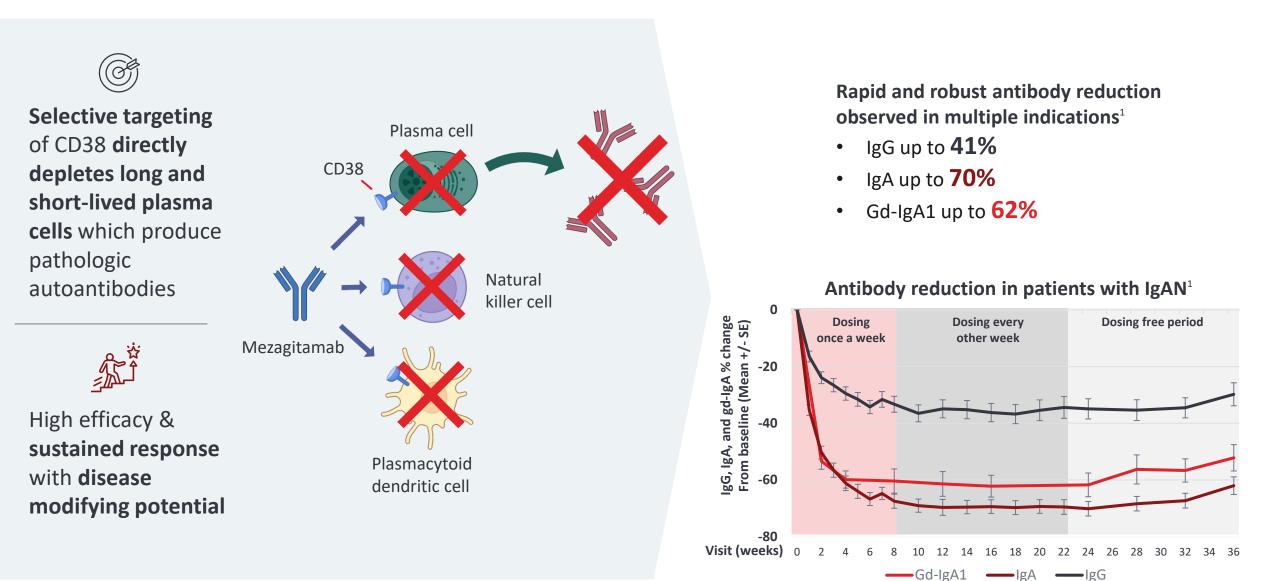
Mezagitamab: New unique anti-CD38 antibody with disease modifying potential providing rapid, safe, selective & sustained depletion of disease-causing immune cells





Mezagitamab is designed for rapid, selective, safe and sustained depletion of immune cells



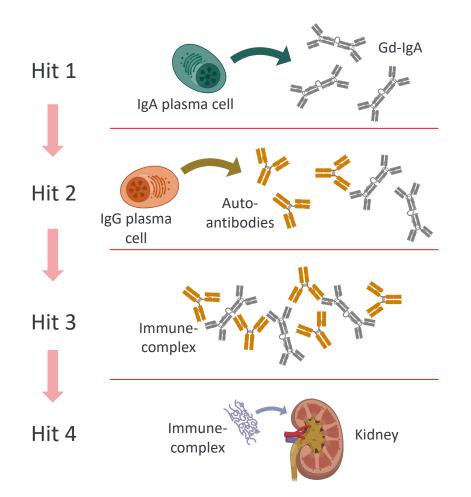


Understanding IgA Nephropathy (IgAN) pathophysiology and the consequences for patients



 IgAN is a chronic progressive autoimmune mediated kidney disease usually diagnosed between the ages of 16 and 35

 Patients with IgAN may present with hematuria, proteinuria, nephrotic syndrome, rapidly progressing glomerulonephritis and even kidney failure



4-hit model of IgAN pathophysiology¹⁻³

Other plasma cells produce IgG & IgA autoantibodies against Gd-IgA1

Plasma cells produce circulating galactose-

deficient (Gd-) IgA1

Formation of pathogenic immune-complexes of IgG and Gd-IgA1

Deposition of pathogenic immune-complexes in kidney leading to IgA Nephropathy

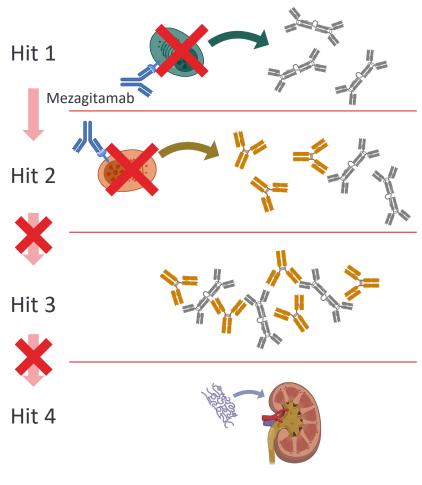
- 1. Suzuki H, et al. J Am Soc Nephrol. 2011; 22(10):1795–1803.
- 2. Karoui K EL, et al. JASN 2024; 35: 103-116.
- **98** 3. Cheung CK, et al. Frontiers in Nephrol. 2024 review

Mezagitamab addresses the root causes of IgAN, thereby delivering a sustained disease-modification (including off-treatment)



4-hit model of IgAN pathophysiology¹⁻³

Mezagitamab treatment leads to profound and sustained reduction in levels of pathogenic autoantibodies by depleting plasma cells



🗙 Mezagitamab impact on disease

Mezagitamab targets the initial steps in IgAN pathophysiology (Hit 1 and 2)¹⁻³

- Binding to CD38, mezagitamab depletes IgA and IgG producing plasma cells
- This suppresses the production of the abnormal IgA and the IgG autoantibodies.
- Disrupts the formation of pathological immune-complexes and
- Thus, prevents further damage to/loss of nephrons, thereby preserving kidney function (stabilization of eGFR).

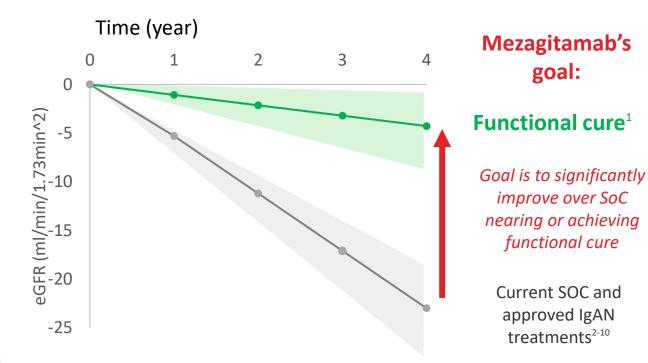
2. Karoui K EL, et al. JASN 2024; 35: 103-116.

Unmet need in IgAN is for a transformative disease modifying treatment that preserves kidney function

goal:



The primary goal of IgAN treatment is to halt the chronic kidney injury thereby preserving renal function (eGFR)





Unmet needs remain

Need for disease modifying treatment that,

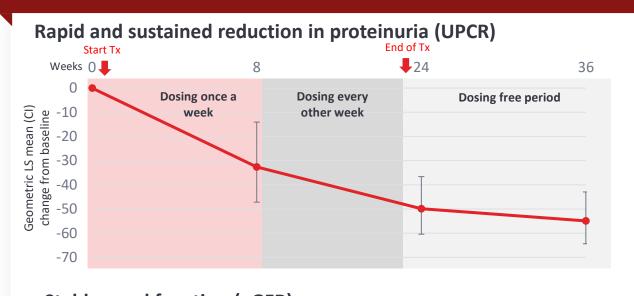
- Stops the chronic kidney damage
- **Prevents** the progressive **loss** of **renal** function (eGFR)
- Is safe and well-tolerated
- Allows for **convenient dosing and** extended dosing-free intervals

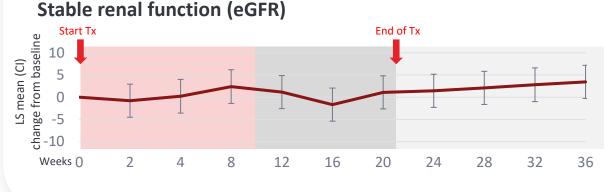
1. Baba M, et al. PLoS ONE 2015; 10 (6): e0129036. 2. Lafayette R, et al. Lancet 2023; 402: 859-70. 3. Rovin BH, et al. Lancet 2023; 402 (10417): 2077-2090; 4. Li PK-T, et al. Am J Kidney Dis 2006; 47 (5): 751-60; 5. Manno C, et al. Nephrol Dial Transplant 2009; 24 (12): 3694-3701; 6. Lv J, et al. JAMA 2017; 1; 318 (5) 432-442; 7. Wheeler DC, et al. Kidney Int 2021; 100 (1): 215-224; 8. Lv J, et al. JAMA 2022; 327 (19) 1888-1898; 9. Zhang H, et al. ASN Kidney Week 2023, poster TH-PO1123; 10. Mathur M, et al. N Engl J Med 2023; 390: 20-31.

Mezagitamab in POC study was well tolerated and showed rapid, sustained best-in-class UPCR reduction in patients with IgA nephropathy



Mezagitamab IgAN Phase 1 data¹





Best-in-Class Efficacy

- Mezagitamab demonstrated rapid and sustained reduction of serum IgA, IgG and gd-IgA1 over time during the treatment period
- Urinary protein creatine ratio (UPCR) was reduced by 55%
- Renal function (eGFR) was stable over 36 weeks, including 14 weeks off-treatment (follow-up ongoing)
- No discontinuations of study; 6 patients (35%) had a related hypersensitivity TEAEs mostly mild events. No grade 3 or more infections.

Regulatory interactions ongoing Target Phase 3 start FY2025

Potential best in class (anti-CD38) disease modifying agent in IgAN



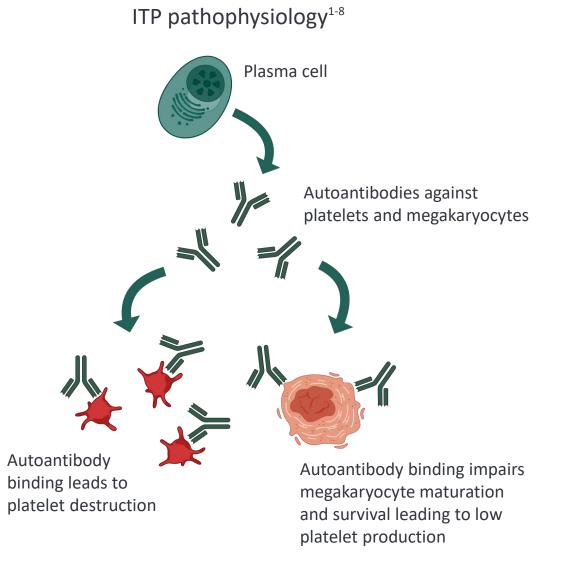
Not Disease	Disease Modifying Potential		
Modifying	Targeting B-cells	Targeting Plasma Cells	Mezagitamab
Corticosteroid Complement inhibitors ETA(AT1) inhibitors	Anti-APRIL Anti-APRIL/BLyS	Anti-CD38	Stabilizing renal function
ACE/ARB SGLT2 inhibitors			Efficacy maintained off-treatment
X Acts upstream (Hit 1/Hit 2)	Acts upstream (Hit 1/Hit 2)	Acts upstream (Hit 1/Hit 2)	NOT targeting memory B cells
Stops eGFR loss	Stops eGFR loss	Stops eGFR loss	Best-in-class antibody reduction
holiday	X Treatment holiday	Treatment holiday	antibudy reduction

Understanding immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) and its consequences for patients



 ITP is a rare chronic disorder characterized by an autoimmune response against platelets and megakaryocytes leading to low platelet count in the blood

 ITP patients have an increased risk of bleeding, including risk of fatal hemorrhage. Disease is also accompanied by fatigue and reduced QOL.

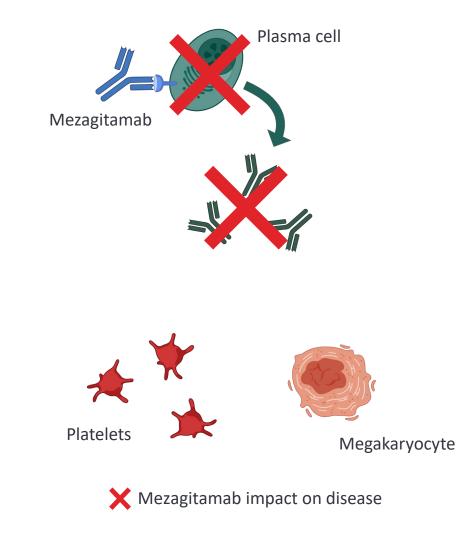


1. Fedyk ER, et al. Brit J Clin Pharmacol. 2020;86(7):1314–25; 2. Audia S, et al. Hemasphere. 2021;5(6):e574; 3. Singh A, et al. J Clin Med. 2021;10(4):789; 4. Zufferey A, et al. J Clin Med. 2017;6(2):16; 5. Alabbad S, et al. Biodrugs. 2020;34(5):557–66; 6. Cooper N, Ghanima W. N Engl J Med. 2019;381(10):945–55; 7. Vollenberg R, et al. Haematologica. 2019;104(6):1237–43; 8. Roepcke S, et al. Pharmacol Res Perspect. 2018;6(3):e00402.

Mezagitamab addresses the root causes of ITP, delivering a sustained disease-modifying treatment



- Binding to CD38, mezagitamab
 depletes IgG producing plasma cells
- This suppresses the production of the IgG autoantibodies and leads to a profound and sustained reduction in levels of pathogenic auto-antibodies against platelets and megakaryocytes

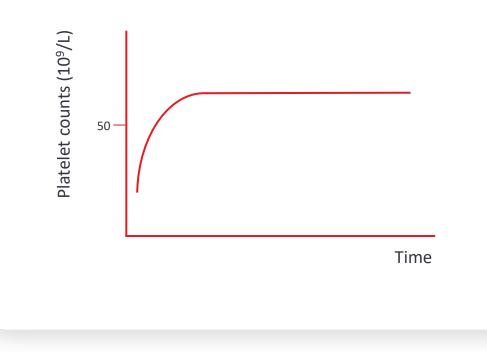


Current ITP treatments leave clinical unmet needs



The primary goal of ITP treatment is to quickly and sustainably restore safe levels of platelets

Stable platelet count over time¹



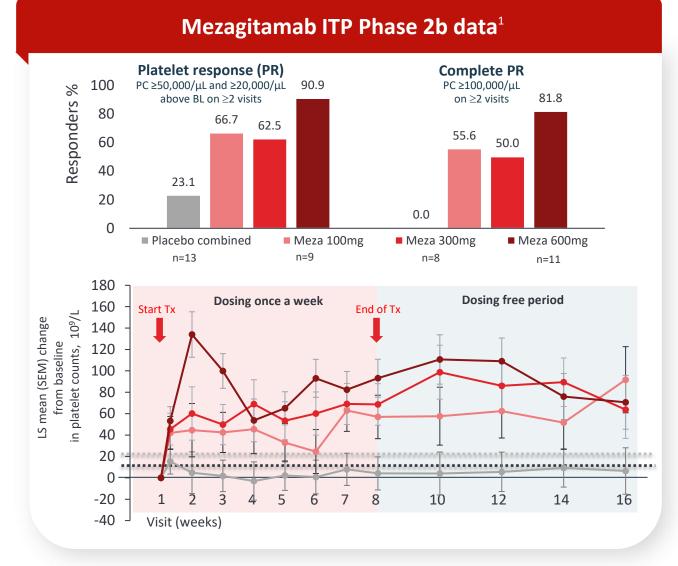


Patients want new novel treatments that deliver

- Durable platelet response
- Long-term remission off-treatment
- No bleeding events
- Favorable safety profile
- Improved QOL

Mezagitamab demonstrated rapid and sustained improvement in multiple efficacy measures of durable platelet response in patients with immune thrombocytopenia





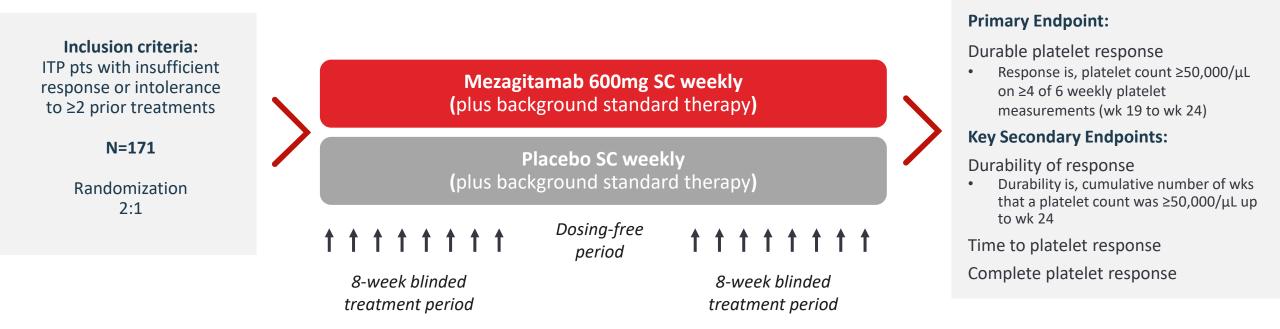
Robust and Sustained Efficacy and Favorable Safety¹

- Efficacy was demonstrated in highly refractory patients with many previous ITP treatments (1-13 previous treatments)
- No bleeding events reported in patients on 600 mg mezagitamab vs 14 on placebo arm
- ~1/3 of patients who had received mezagitamab had a sustained platelet response at week 24 offtreatment (up to 16 weeks off-treatment)
- Overall, the **incidence of TEAEs was similar** between patients treated with **mezagitamab** and patients on **placebo**

ITP phase 3 pivotal study – expected to start Q4 FY2024



Mode of action permits cyclic dosing thus allowing patients to have extended treatment free periods



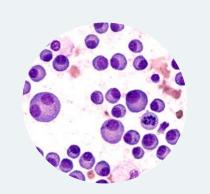
Target filing in ITP – FY28/29

Mezagitamab Market Opportunity

Well positioned to be the best-in-class anti-CD-38 agent to transform the IgAN and ITP markets by setting new standard for patients

Mezagitamab: a transformative approach to combat autoimmune diseases





Targets plasma cells

The direct source of auto-antibodies production



Disease modifying treatment potential

Rapid and sustained disease remission



Dosing holiday enhances potential for safety and convenience

Subcutaneous dosing with extended treatment-free periods

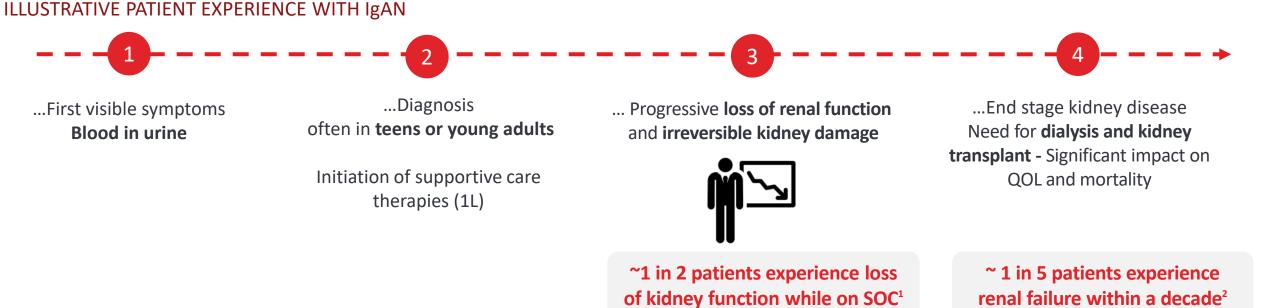
Pipeline in a Product

Proof of concept in IgAN & ITP and potential for multiple new indications

IgAN patients often experience progressive and irreversible loss of kidney function leading to end stage kidney disease



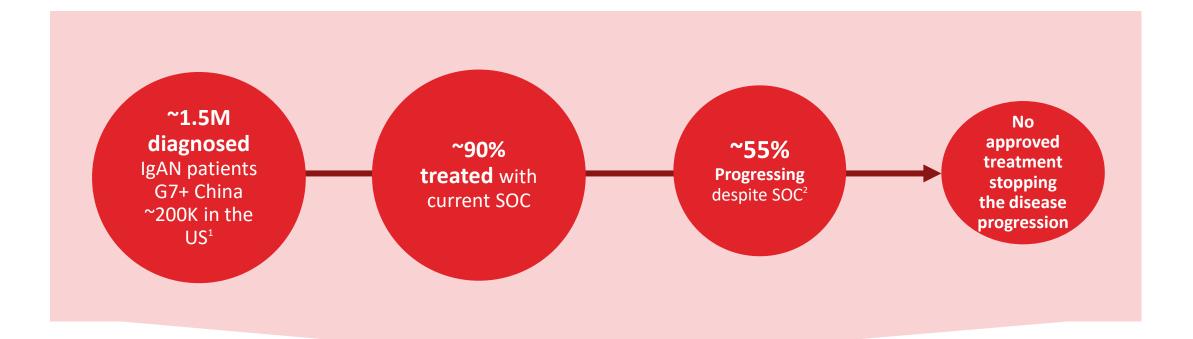




There are no approved therapy that specifically target the underlying cause of the disease and stop the disease progression

1. Therapy of IgA nephropathy: time for a paradigm change; Jonathan Barratt 1, Richard A. Lafayette 2 and Jürgen Floege 3 2. https://www.niddk.nih.gov/health-information/kidney-disease/iga-nephropathy#what. Accessed October 2024. Mezagitamab has the potential to stop the disease progression and address the root cause of the disease in IgAN







111

Establish the CD38 class as a new transformative approach to combat IgAN disease, a plasma cell driven disease

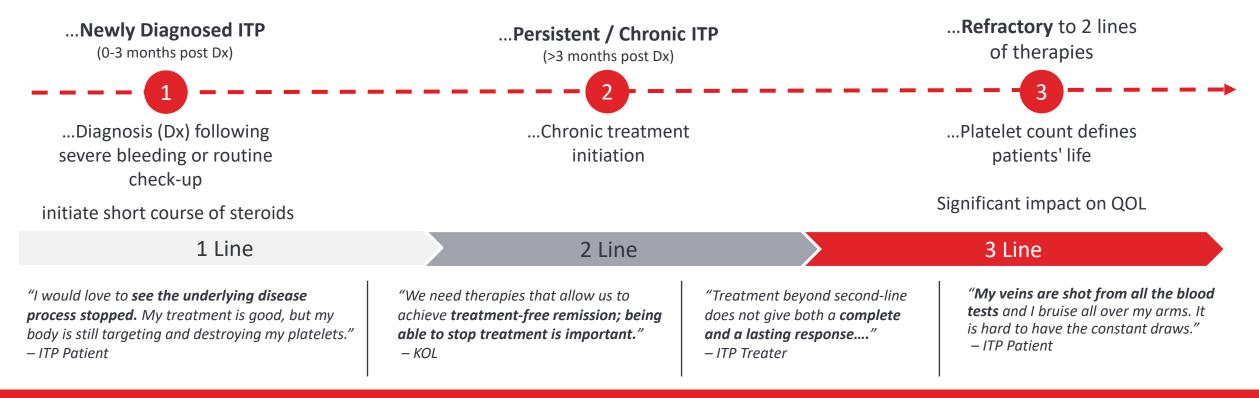


Differentiate mezagitamab as best-inclass CD38 in a subcutaneous dose In ITP, current therapies leave many patients struggling with their disease and looking for improved treatment options in 3L





ILLUSTRATIVE PATIENT EXPERIENCE WITH ITP

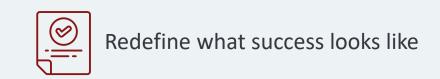


Efficacy of 3L agents are limited

The need for effective treatment for patients not responding well to current standard of care in ITP creates an opportunity for mezagitamab









Differentiate mezagitamab as 1st choice in patients not responding well to current standard of care

Potential to deliver a transformative profile, addressing the root cause in auto-immune diseases

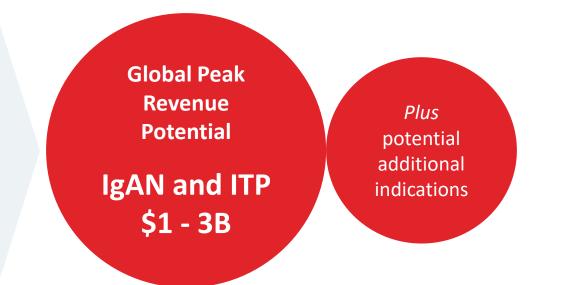


IgAN ambition

- 1st anti-CD38 choice
- Stop progression of disease (eGFR stabilization) with sustained kidney protection off-treatment
- Promise of treatment holiday (half of year)
- Favorable safety and tolerability profile

ITP ambition

- 1st choice in patients not responding well to current standard of care
- Sustained platelet restoration with treatmentfree remission periods
- Favorable safety and tolerability profile



Unlocking the full potential of mezagitamab in autoimmune diseases – Summary Slide





Mezagitamab is well positioned to be the **best-in-class anti-CD38** agent with disease modifying potential and treatment holiday to **transform the IgAN and ITP treatment** by setting new standard for patients



POC studies demonstrated stabilization of kidney function (eGFR) in IgAN and restoration of platelet count in ITP, with durable response off-treatment and favorable safety



Continue **expanding the asset potential beyond IgAN and ITP** by prioritizing the most relevant indications to mezagitamab



Global peak revenue potential: \$1-3B with IgAN and ITP alone with potential upside through new indications



Fazirsiran

The potential of a transformative therapy for patients living with Alpha-1 Antitrypsin Deficiency Liver Disease (AATD-LD)



There are no treatment options available to Alpha-1 Antitrypsin Deficiency liver disease (AATD-LD) patients today



AAT Deficiency (AATD), a genetic disease, often results in a misfolded AAT protein and increases risk of liver and lung disease

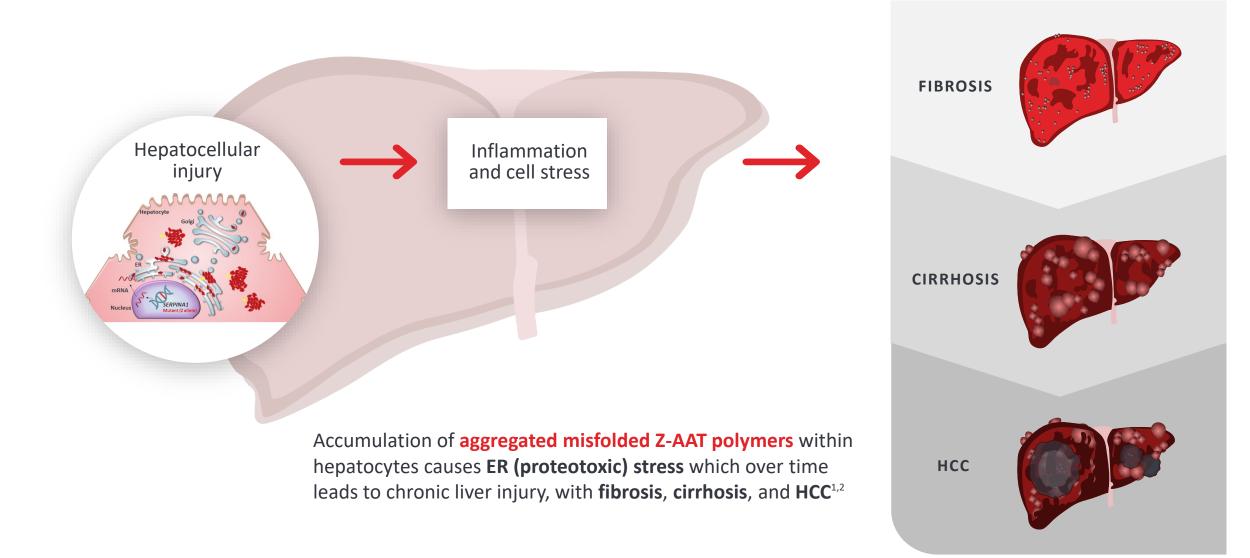


aggregation of misfolded abnormal protein (Z-AAT) in the liver **leading to inflammation and fibrosis**^{1, 2} AATD-LD is a largely asymptomatic and progressive chronic liver disease that has no approved treatments²

Fazirsiran treatment reduces/eliminates Z-AAT production, removing the trigger for fibrosis thereby preventing progression to end-stage liver disease^{3,4}

Z-AAT polymer accumulation is known to cause fibrosis and end stage liver disease





Fazirsiran's mechanism of action stops the production of Z-AAT, directly addressing the pathology in AATD liver disease



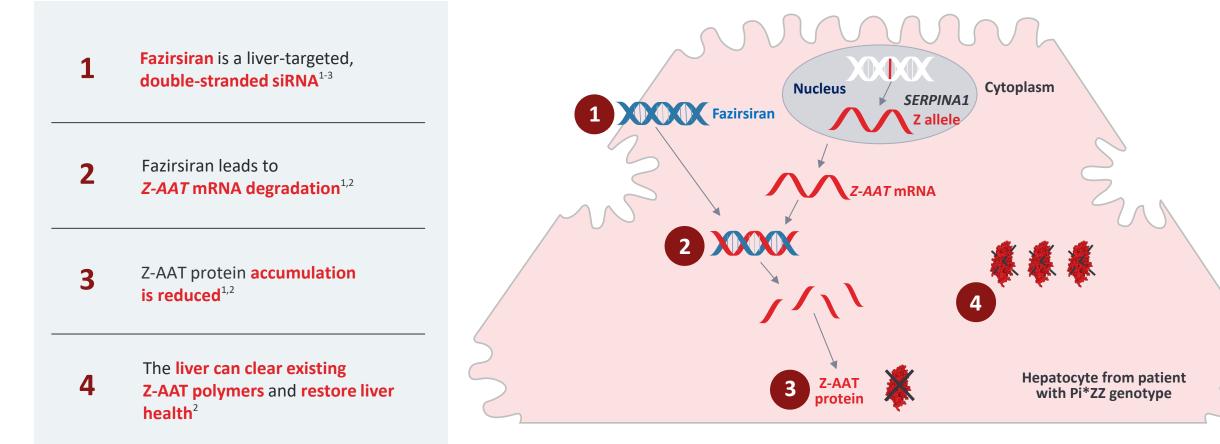


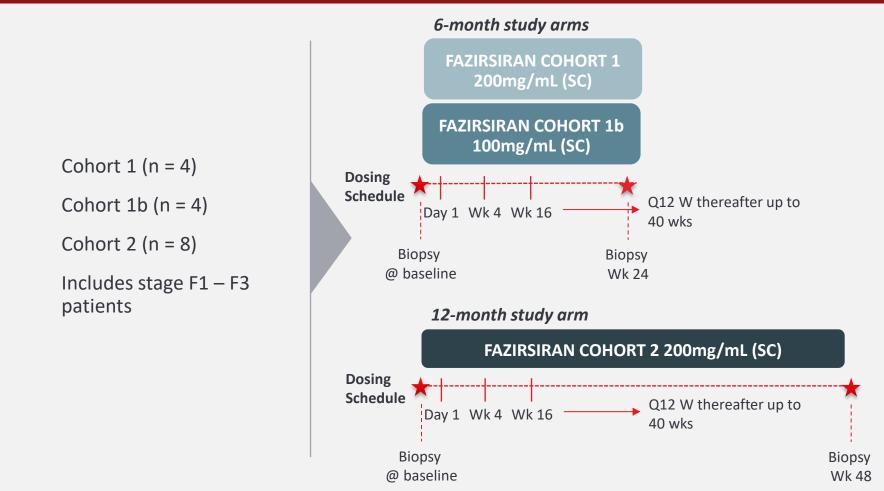
Figure adapted from Hu B, et al. Signal Transduct Target Ther. 2020;5(1):101.

AAT, alpha-1 antitrypsin; AATD, alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency; DNA, deoxyribonucleic acid; GalNAc, N-acetylgalactosamine; mRNA, messenger ribonucleic acid; siRNA, small-interfering ribonucleic acid; Z-AAT, alpha-1 antitrypsin produced by the Pi*Z SERPINA1 allele.
 Wooddell CI, et al. JCI Insight. 2020;5(12):e135348; 2. Strnad P, et al. N Engl J Med. 2022;387(6):514-24; 3. Hu B, et al. Signal Transduct Target Ther. 2020;5(1):101.

Ph2 study intended to demonstrate reduction of liver Z-AAT



AROAAT2002: Ph2 study design^{1,2}



Primary Endpoint:

• Change from baseline in liver Z-AAT @ wk 24/48

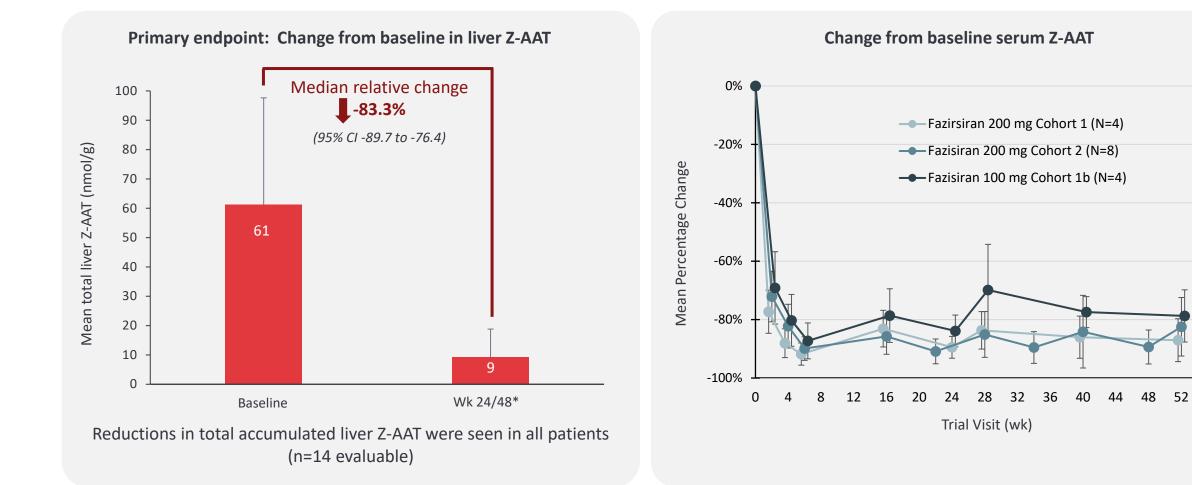
Secondary Endpoints include:

- Change from baseline in serum Z-AAT
- Treatment emergent AEs

Ph2 POC study showed that fazirsiran treatment leads to significant reductions in serum and liver Z-AAT concentrations



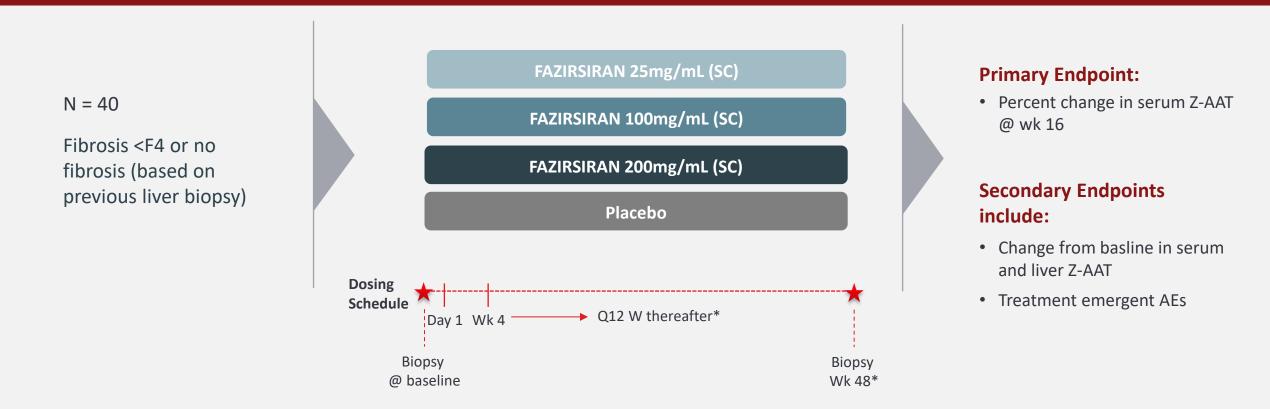
56



Randomized dose ranging placebo-controlled study that laid the foundation for Ph3 development



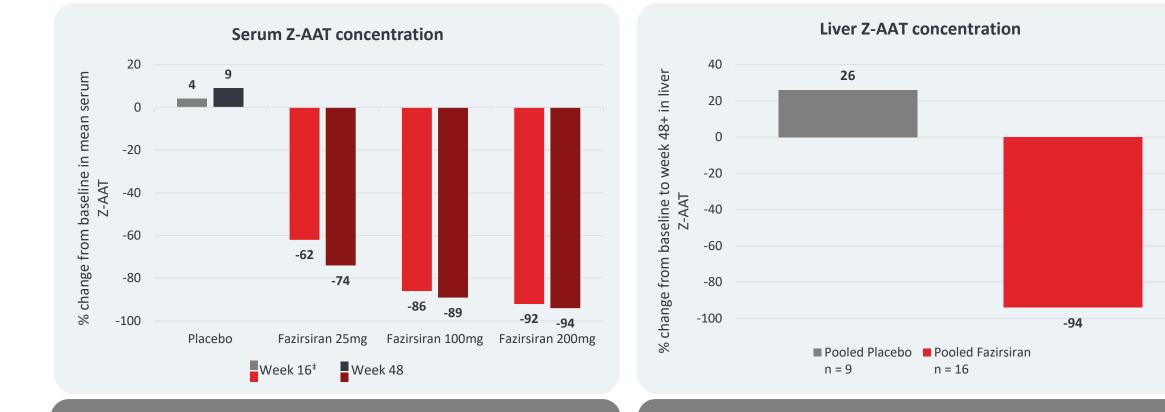
AROAAT2001 (SEQUOIA): Ph2 study design^{1,2}



*Patients with fibrosis at baseline had a post dose biopsy at week 48, 72, or 96. Q 12wk dosing after wk 4

Ph2 Placebo controlled study demonstrates fazirsiran's transformative potential in reducing Z-AAT





Fazirsiran reduced serum Z-AAT concentration in a dose-dependent manner

123

Fazirsiran reduced liver Z-AAT concentrations versus placebo from baseline to Week 48+

Strong safety profile demonstrated in Ph2, with no TEAE-related discontinuations, dose interruptions, or study withdrawals



Treatment emergent adverse events (TEAE)

AROAAT2001 (NCT03945292; Phase 2) ¹

Incidence, n (%)	Fazirsiran 25 mg (n=9)	Fazirsiran 100 mg (n=8)	Fazirsiran 200 mg (n=9)	Placebo (n=14)
TEAEs	9 (100)	8 (100)	9 (100)	13 (93)
Treatment-related TEAEs	2 (22)	4 (50)	4 (44)	8 (57)
Serious TEAEs	0 (0)	0 (0)	2 (22)	3 (21)
TEAEs in 4 or more subjects				
COVID 19	0 (0)	2 (25)	6 (67)	2 (14)
Headache	4 (44)	1 (13)	2 (22)	3 (21)
Procedural pain	1(11)	0 (0)	4 (44)	3 (21)
Arthralgia	2(22)	2 (25)	0 (0)	3 (21)
Diarrhea	2 (22)	1 (13)	0 (0)	2 (14)
Nausea	1 (11)	0 (0)	1 (11)	3 (21)
Back pain	1 (11)	1 (13)	2 (22)	0 (0)
Fatigue	1 (11)	1 (13)	0 (0)	2 (14)

• Serious TEAEs on fazirsiran 200 mg (infective exacerbations of bronchiectasis in participants with history of pulmonary disease receiving AAT augmentation therapy)

• Serious TEAEs on placebo [one patient with acute pancreatitis, influenza and staphylococcal wound infection; one patient (on AAT augmentation therapy) with decreased PFT and hypertensive crisis; and one with presyncope]

Consistent safety profile demonstrated in AROAAT2002:

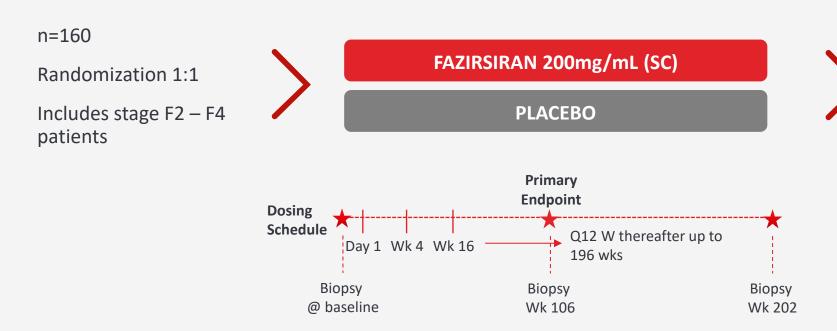
Patients followed for 1.5-year, there were no deaths, discontinuations, or dose interruptions²

124

Fazirsiran Ph3 ongoing: target filing FY2028



Redwood Study (Ph3) Design¹



Primary Endpoint:

 ≥ 1 point reduction in fibrosis score (F2-F3) by liver biopsy @ wk 106

Secondary Endpoint include:

- Percent change in total liver Z-AAT (F2-F3) @ wk 106
- ≥ 1 point reduction in fibrosis score (F2-F4) by liver biopsy @ wk 202
- Treatment emergent AEs

Exploratory Innovative Endpoints:

• Change in fibrosis as evaluated by AI

Fazirsiran Market Opportunity

Well positioned to be the first available treatment indicated for AATD associated Liver Disease

Fazirsiran represents an opportunity to offer hope in the form of a transformative therapy for patients living with AATD-LD





I had lived a perfectly healthy life for 50 years when I suddenly became unwell with several subtle changes, then suddenly became jaundiced.

I was diagnosed with Alpha-1 Antitrypsin Deficiency [Liver Disease] and became very ill very fast. I was only sick for 5 months before I was at a 40 MELD (Model for End-Stage Liver Disease) and earnestly dying.

I was given a **liver transplant** on April 1, 2017 with only hours left. I never thought about my liver until it got sick. **Your liver affects every part of your body and it won't tell you it's sick till it's very sick.**

My family never knew we had the Alpha gene. Since my diagnosis, several have been tested and a **niece and nephew are diagnosed**, but thankfully they are aware and asymptomatic as of now."

Linda K.

AATD-LD, an asymptomatic disease progression coupled with higher risks for cancer and liver transplant





ILLUSTRATIVE PATIENT EXPERIENCE WITH AATD -LD





Undiagnosed	+10 years	Diagnosed	+6 months	+1 year
Potential elevated LFTs		Referral to hepatologist	Severe burden including	
Misdiagnosis (e.g. MASH) Identification of lung disease		Definitive AATD-LD diagnosis	e.g. jaundice, swelling, bleeding, confusion	Liver cancer Death

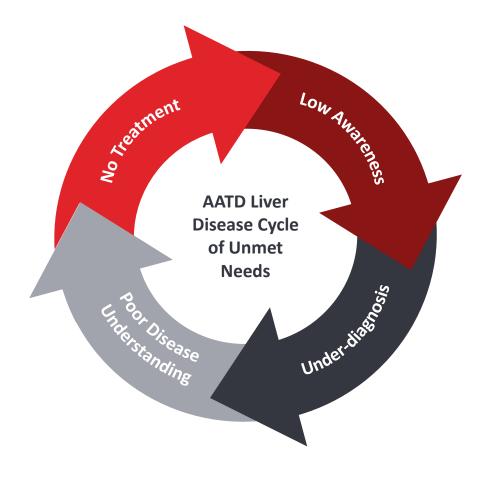
Patients living with AATD-LD have 20x risk of cancer¹ & 40x risk of liver transplant²

1. Fromme M, Schneider CV, Trautwein C, et al. Alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency: A re-surfacing adult liver disorder. Journal of hepatology. 2022;76(4):946-58.

128 2. P S, CV S, V C. Clinical approach to liver disease in adults. In: Pavel S, Mark LB, Robert B, editors. α1-Antitrypsin Deficiency (ERS Monograph). Sheffield: European Respiratory Society,; 2019. p. 114–26..

AATD-LD has significant unmet needs anchored around the lack of available treatments, low awareness & low diagnostic rates







There are **no treatments available** to slow or stop progression to end-stage liver disease and liver failure in AATD patients



Disease awareness is low as a consequence of relatively low incidence and lack of treatment options



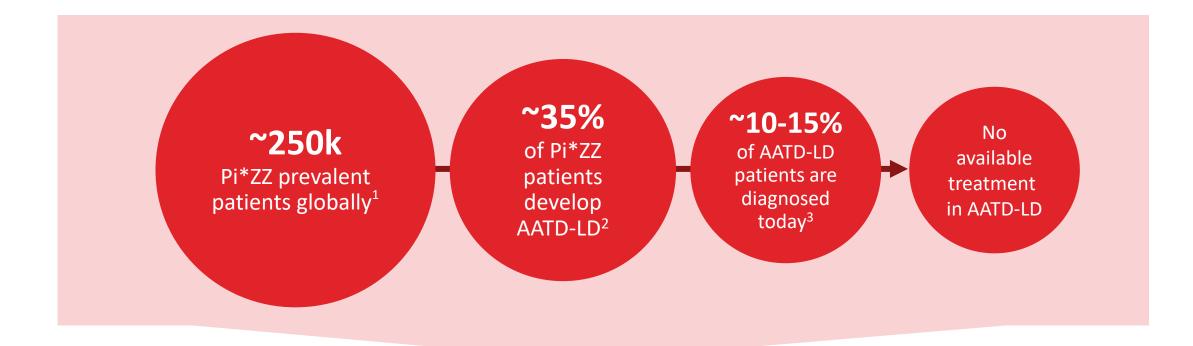
AATD liver disease **often goes undiagnosed** or misdiagnosed as other-cause liver disease (e.g., MASH)



Disease understanding and management standards are underdeveloped due to low diagnosis and awareness

Opportunity to fundamentally transform management of AATD liver disease with Fazirsiran

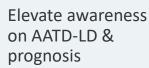
The AATD-LD market & Fazirsiran's potential are poised to benefit from the advancements in MASH & diagnosis acceleration upon availability of an effective treatment in AATD





Advancement in liver disease management (i.e. MASH)







Accelerate adoption of diagnosis in AATD-LD upon approval of Fazirsiran



Fazirsiran's (TAK-999) global peak revenue potential : \$1-3B

1. Blanco I, Bueno P, Diego I, Pérez-Holanda S, Casas-Maldonado F, Esquinas C, Miravitlles M. Alpha-1 antitrypsin Pi*Z gene frequency and Pi*ZZ genotype numbers worldwide: an update. Int J Chron Obstruct Pulmon Dis. 2017 Feb 13;12:561-569; 2. Clark VC, Marek G, Liu C, **130** Collinsworth A, Shuster J, Kurtz T, Nolte J, Brantly M. Clinical and histologic features of adults with alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency in a non-cirrhotic cohort. J Hepatol. 2018 Dec;69(6):1357-1364; 3. Horvath, I. et all ERJ Open Res 2019 Mar 11;5(1):00171-2018, Takeda physician research; Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about peak revenue estimates. Fazirsiran (TAK-999): The 1st Potential Treatment for AATD-LD with global peak revenue opportunity of \$1-3B



-0-0	

Fazirsiran is on track to be the 1st available treatment indicated for AATD associated liver disease



Strong Phase 2 clinical data demonstrates Fazirsiran reduces Z-AAT, reverses fibrosis, and restores liver health



Fazirsiran has been granted **Breakthrough Therapy Designation** by the FDA and **Orphan Designation** from European Commission



Takeda is well-poised to transform the patients' journey by elevating awareness and accelerate diagnosis of AATD

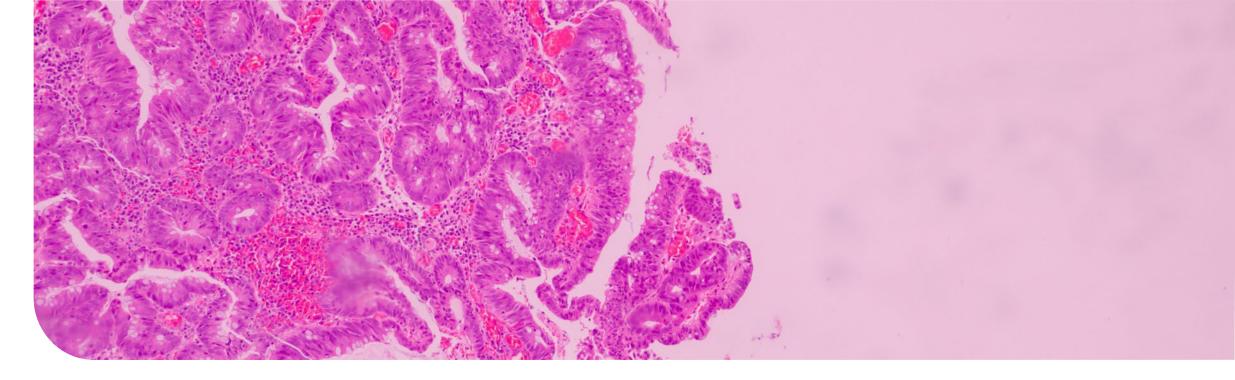


Global peak revenue potential: \$1-3B

Today's Agenda



TIME (JST)	AGENDA
8:30-8:40	A Global, Innovation-driven Biopharmaceutical Company Christophe Weber, President & CEO
8:40-9:00	R&D Strategy and Pipeline Highlights Andy Plump, President Research & Development
9:00-9:50	Neuroscience: Deep-dive on Orexin Franchise Sarah Sheikh, Head of Neuroscience Therapeutic Area Unit and Head of Global Development Ramona Sequeira, President of Global Portfolio Division
9:50-10:00	Break
10:00-11:30	Gastrointestinal and Inflammation (GI&I): Deep-dive on Zasocitinib, Rusfertide, Mezagitamab, Fazirsiran Chinwe Ukomadu, Head of GI&I Therapeutic Area Unit Ramona Sequeira, President of Global Portfolio Division
11:30-12:00	Lunch
12:00-12:20	Oncology: Deep-dive on Elritercept – newly announced BD deal P.K. Morrow, Head of Oncology Therapeutic Area Unit Teresa Bitetti, President of Global Oncology Business Unit
12:20-13:15	Q&A Session
13:15-14:00	Reception



Oncology: Deep dive on Elritercept – newly announced BD deal





P.K. Morrow Head of Oncology Therapeutic Area Unit



Teresa Bitetti

President, Global Oncology Business Unit

Better Health, Brighter Future

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about the Elritercept license agreement

Late-stage programs have significant value potential; oveporexton, zasocitinib, rusfertide phase 3 data expected in 2025



Three Phase 3 Data Readouts Over the Next 12 Months

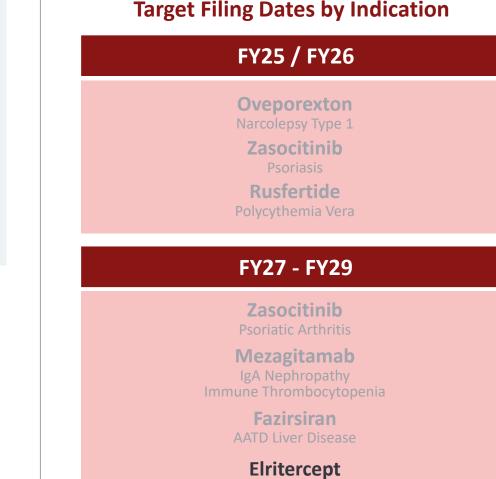
- Oveporexton in Narcolepsy Type 1
- Zasocitinib in Psoriasis
- Rusfertide in Polycythemia Vera¹



134

>70% PTRS² to approval





Myelodysplastic Syndromes

1. Our partner Protagonist Therapeutics is responsible for Phase 3 development of Rusfertide and has stated Phase 3 data may be available as soon as March 2025 which is our Q4 FY24

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about PTRS and peak revenue estimates

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about the Elritercept license agreement

Oncology strategy is focused on leveraging internal and external innovation to address unmet medical need



Vision

We aspire to cure cancer with inspiration from patients and innovation from everywhere

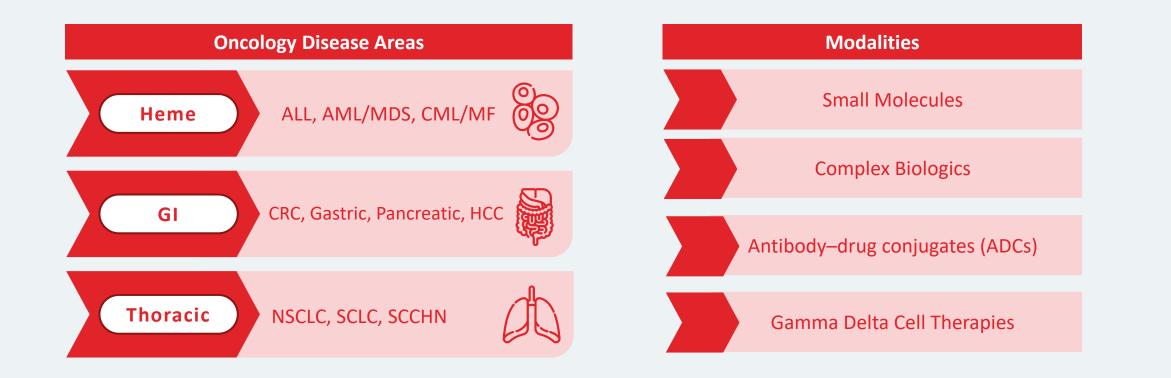
• ENRICH mid- and late-stage pipeline through internal and external innovation, and create a robust, sustainable and risk-balanced portfolio in areas of high unmet patient need

Areas of Focus

- FOCUS our R&D efforts on three disease areas (thoracic, gastrointestinal, hematologic cancers), and four modalities (small molecules, complex biologics, ADCs, gamma delta T cell therapies)
- **OPTIMIZE** our portfolio of approved medicines via robust life cycle management
- **DOUBLE DOWN** on data, digital and technology

Oncology R&D efforts focus on three disease areas and four modalities





ALL: Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia, AML: Acute Myeloid Leukemia, CML: Chronic Myeloid Leukemia, CRC: Colorectal Cancer, HCC: Hepatocellular Carcinoma, MDS: Myelodysplastic Syndrome, MF: Myelofibrosis, NSCLC: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer,
 SCCHN: Squamous Cell Carcinoma of Head and Neck, SCLC: Small-Cell Lung Cancer.

Recent business development transactions enhance realization of Takeda's Oncology strategy



Aligning our disease focus, exploring diverse modalities and addressing high unmet patient needs

Fruzaqla [®] (Fruquintinib)	Mirvetuximab soravtansine-gynx	
In-licensing of fruquintinib ¹ from HUTCHMED Takeda leads development and commercialization globally (ex-China, Hong Kong and Macau)	Licensing agreement with AbbVie (formerly ImmunoGen) to develop and commercialize mirvetuximab soravtansine-gynx in Japan	
Aligned with gastrointestinal cancer focus Establishes foundation in CRC modality	Strong strategic fit with Antibody-drug conjugate existing expertise (ADC) modality	
	Elritercept	
Olverembatinib	Elritercept	
Option agreement with Ascentage Pharma to enter license ² for olverembatinib, a third-generation BCR-ABL tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI)	Elritercept Entered into agreement with Keros Therapeutics to in-license elritercept ³ Opportunity to realize synergies with existing capabilities	

1. Worldwide license outside of mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau

137

2. Olverembatinib/HQP-1351 is included for reference only. Ascentage Pharma retains ownership of this asset and is solely responsible for its clinical development prior to Takeda's potential exercise of its option to exclusively license the asset (global rights in all territories outside of mainland China, Hong Kong, Macau, and Russia), which is subject to customary conditions including regulatory approval

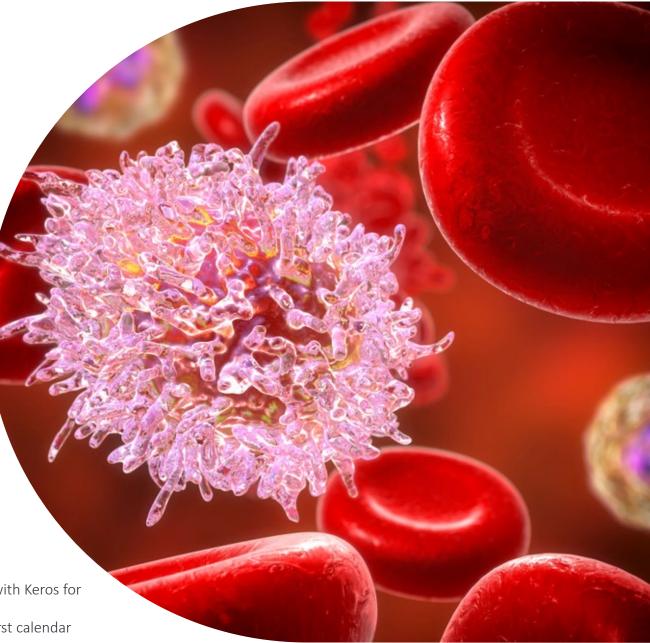
3. Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about the Elritercept license agreement



Elritercept

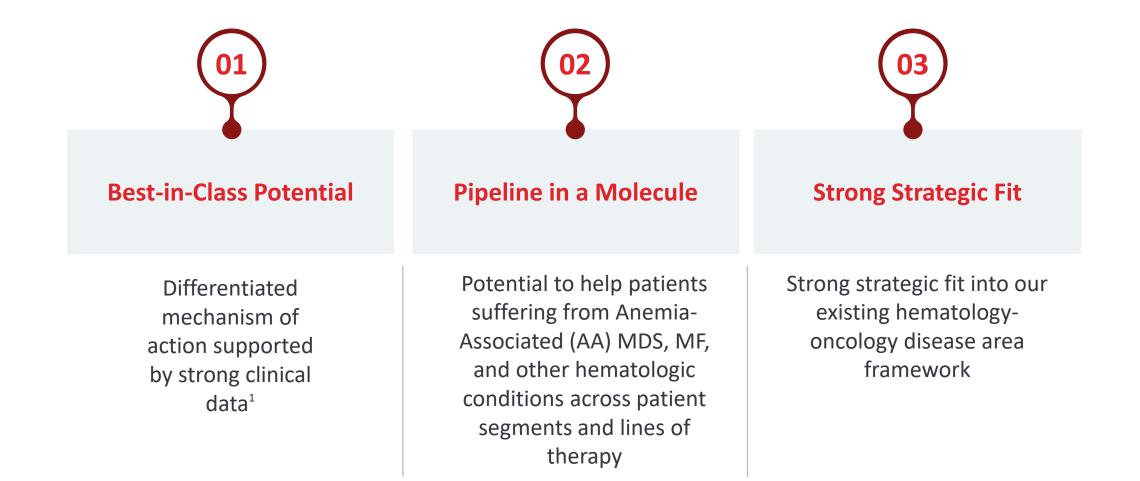
Potentially best-in-class activin inhibitor for treatment of anemia associated with hematologic diseases, including myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) & myelofibrosis (MF)

Elritercept is included for reference only. Takeda entered into an exclusive license agreement with Keros for global rights, in all territories outside of mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau, to Elritercept The closing of the transaction is subject to receipt of regulatory approval(s), expected in the first calendar quarter of 2025. Takeda does not currently have rights to Elritercept



Elritercept represents a foundational opportunity to further realize Takeda's Oncology strategy and grow our footprint in hematologic cancers





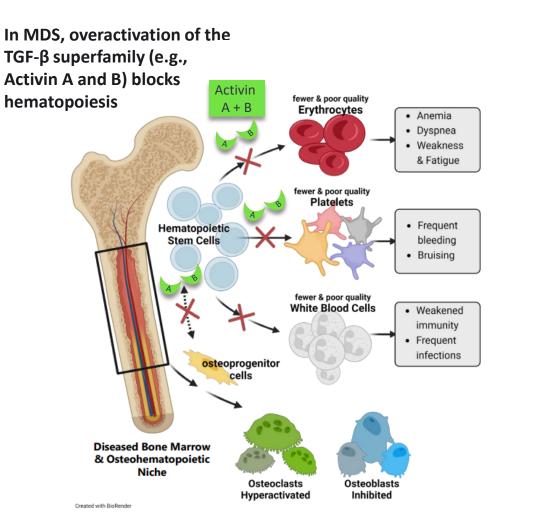
1. Feigenson, M et al. European Hematology Association. 2001.

139 MDS: Myelodysplastic Syndrome, MF: Myelofibrosis

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about the Elritercept license agreement

High unmet need remains for MDS patients despite advances





MDS comprises several bone marrow disorders characterized by ineffective hematopoiesis and peripheral cytopenias, which may arise from overactivation of the TGF-β superfamily

Anemia-Associated LR-MDS

- MDS patients frequently have anemia, requiring chronic blood transfusions, which impact QoL and may lead to complications
 - Poor outcomes may include infection, hemorrhage, and progression to AML (10-15% of LR-MDS¹)
- High unmet need remains in anemia-associated (AA) low-risk MDS as the treatment landscape is highly fragmented
 - Patients with high transfusion burden and patients with ringed sideroblast negative (RS-) disease represent segments with poorest outcomes and the highest unmet need today

140 AA: Anemia-Associated; QoL: Quality of Life.; TGF-β: Transforming Growth Factor Beta.

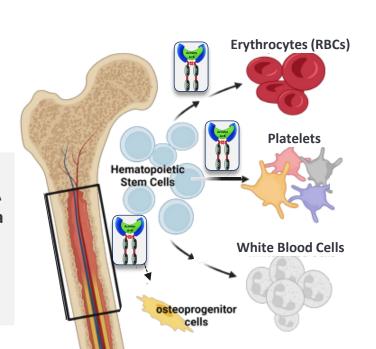
Diez-Campelo, et al. ASH. 2023; Zhou, et al. Blood. 2008; Garcia-Manero. AJH 2023; Steensma. Mayo Clin Proc. 2015; Dayyani et al., Cancer 2013; UpToDate; Leukemia and Lymphoma Society.

Elritercept is a potentially best-in-class treatment for anemia-associated diseases



Elritercept

Elritercept inhibits Activin A and B, restoring a balanced early and late hematopoiesis process



Elritercept has the potential to address significant clinical unmet need that persists despite currently available anemia-associated LR-MDS treatments

- Potent inhibitor of both Activin A and B impacting early and late stages of blood cell development
- Effect on the osteohematopoietic niche targeting a broad range of pathways - improving in both red blood cells and platelet counts
- Potential to treat a broad set of LR-MDS patients including:
 - RS+ and RS-
 - High or low transfusion burden
- Generally well tolerated safety profile

Diez-Campelo, et al. ASH. 2023.

141

LR-MDS: Low-Risk Myelodysplastic Syndrome; RBCs: Red Blood Cells; RS: Ring Sideroblast.

5/14 (35.7%) 3/9 (33.3%) RS-

12/30 (40%)

Giagounidis, et al. ASH. 2024. Data cutoff 30Aug2024. 1. Response data are presented for the modified intent to treat 24 week population (mITT24) that includes recommended Ph2 dose patients who had at least 24 weeks of elritercept treatment or who have discontinued (n=81); 2. Includes data for Weeks 0-24 in mITT₂₄ participants with baseline EPO < 500 U/L, excluding one participant with del5q MDS; 3. Defined as achieving modified IWG 2006 HI-E and/or TI; 4. Modified IWG 2006. HI-E = mean increase in hemoglobin ≥1.5 g/dL (NT+LTB) or reduction in transfusion of ≥4 RBC units (HTB) over 8 weeks on treatment compared to 8-week pre-treatment period; 5. TI-evaluable participants received at least 2 RBC units in the 8-week pre-treatment period

AA: Anemia-Associated; EPO: Erythropoietin; HI-E: Erythroid Response; HTB: High Transfusion Burden; IWR: International Working Group; LR-MDS: Low Risk Myelodysplastic Syndrome; mITT₂₄: Modified Intent to Treat 0-24 weeks; RS: Ring Sideroblastic; TI: Transfusion Independence.

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about the Elritercept license agreement

21/41 (51.2%)

% Responders¹

Overall Response³

RS+

RS-

TI ≥8 weeks⁵

RS+

Modified IWG 2006 HI-E⁴

Elritercept demonstrated strong responses across AA LR-MDS segme	nt
supporting the potential to treat a broad proportion of patients	

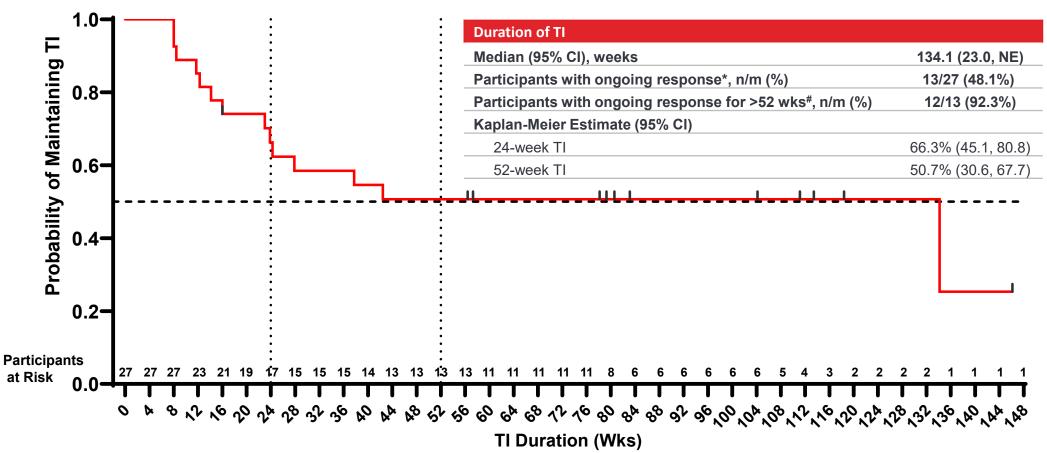
$EPO < 500 U/L^2$		
All (N=71)	HTB (N=39)	 Response rates in patients with
60.6%	56.4%	high transfusion burden (HTB)
52.1%	53.8%	were similar to those observed in the overall population
55.8%	53.3%	
42.1%	55.6%	 Sustained transfusion independence intervals
26/55 (47.3%)	15/39 (38.5%)	observed regardless of RS status



- to those observed population nsfusion e intervals
 - ardless of RS status

Elritercept resulted in prolonged and durable transfusion independence (TI) in Ph2 study

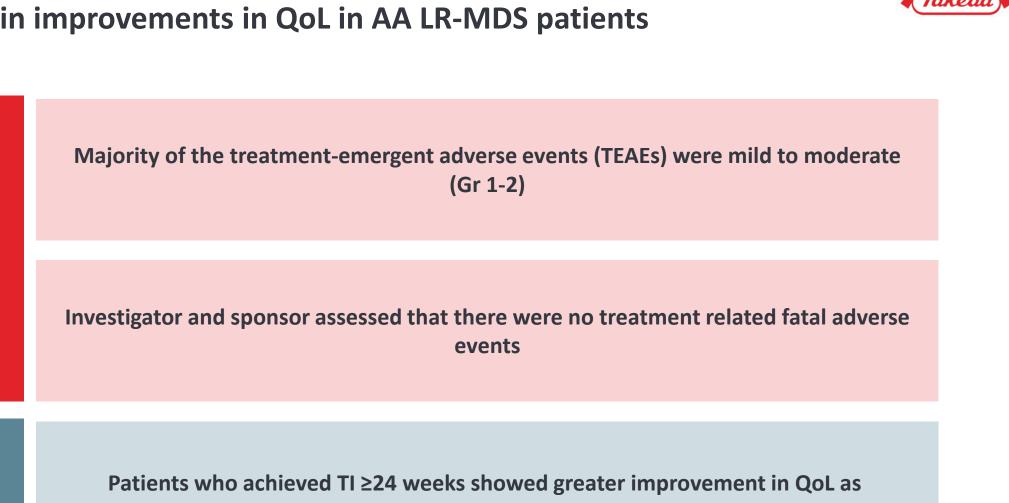




Longest TI interval in mITT₂₄ participants who achieved TI ≥ 8 wks from baseline through Wk 24**

Giagounidis, et al. ASH. 2024. Data cutoff 30Aug2024. Participants with ongoing TI response (i.e. without transfusion event) at time of cutoff are censored and denoted by vertical lines. *Red Blood Cell (RBC) transfusions for elective surgery and intercurrent disease (i.e. bleeding events) were recorded but were not counted towards baseline requirement or efficacy assessment. **Due to ongoing TI responses as of the data cutoff date, the median duration of TI is expected to change as data continues to accumulate. #6/12 (50%) participants with ongoing TI for > 52 weeks were HTB, including participants who had received up to 11 RBC U/8 weeks at baseline. CI: Confidence Interval; mITT₂₄: Modified Intent to Treat 0-24 weeks; NE: Not Evaluable; TI: Transfusion Independence.

Elritercept showed a generally well tolerated safety profile and has resulted in improvements in QoL in AA LR-MDS patients



compared to those who did not achieve TI ≥24 weeks

Giagounidis, et al. ASH. 2024. Data cutoff 30Aug2024. AA: Anemia-Associated; Gr: Grade; QoL: Quality of Life; TI: Transfusion Independence

Safety

QoL

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about the Elritercept license agreement

144



RENEW Ph3 Study Design

N = 225 Randomization 2:1

145

Elritercept + BSC*

Placebo + BSC*

Stratification

- Transfusion Burden (high vs low)
- RS Status (positive vs negative)

Primary endpoint

 TI ≥ 8 weeks within the first 24 weeks (ITT population)

Secondary endpoint

• Safety/tolerability

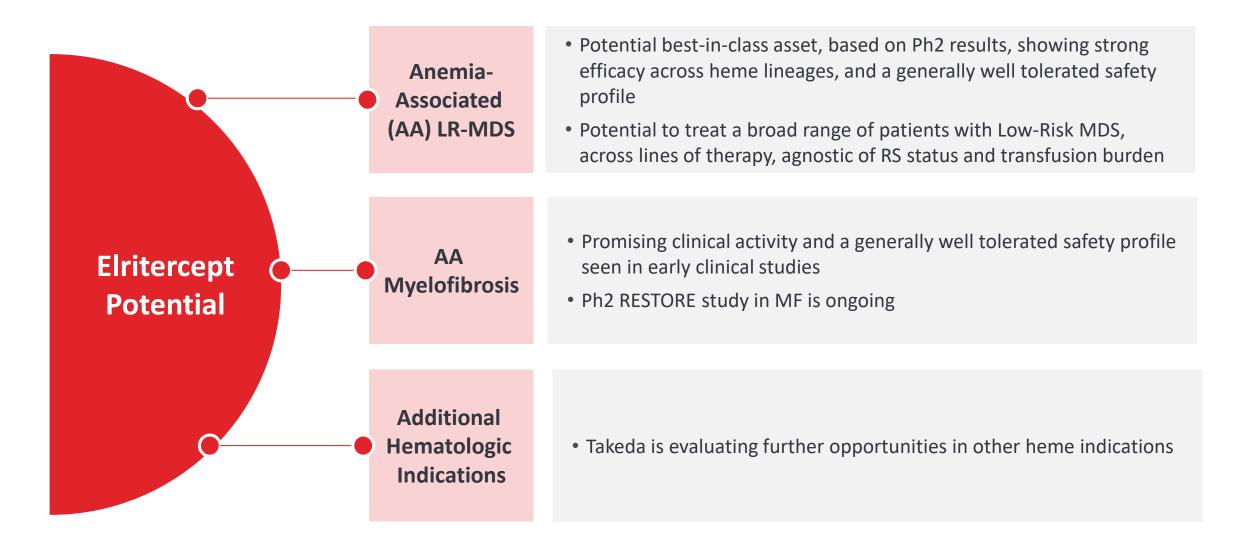
Target study start FY2024

*Best Supportive Care includes Red Blood Cell transfusions, as needed. RS: Ring Sideroblast; TI: Transfusion Independence.

Clinicaltrials.gov (NCT06499285); Keros Corporate Presentation, Aug. 2024.

Elritercept is a molecule that has the potential to benefit patients across a wide portfolio of hematologic indications



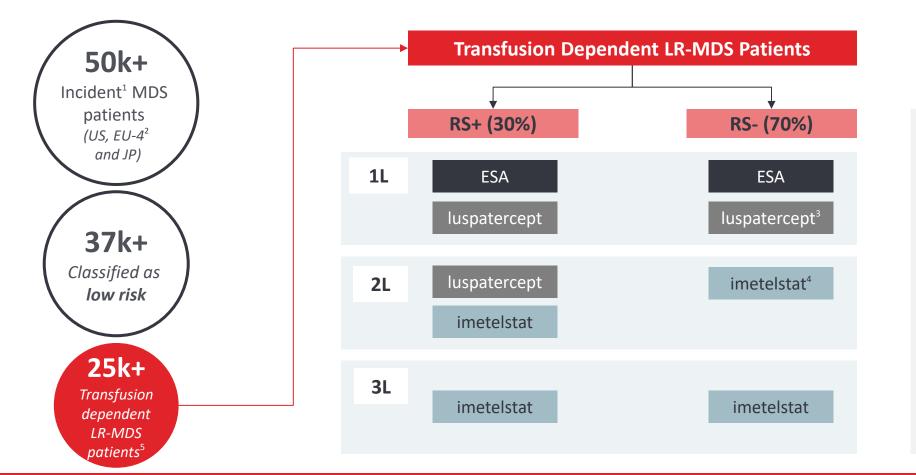


Elritercept *Commercial Opportunity*

Well positioned to be the best-in-class agent for treating anemia associated with LR-MDS across treatment lines

LR-MDS is a large growing space with significant unmet medical need





- ~40% of patients will not respond to ESA in 1L and will progress within a year
- Majority of patients in later lines have high transfusion burden (HTB)
- RS- and HTB patients represent the segments with the poorest outcomes and highest unmet need

MDS sales currently estimated at \$2B+ with estimated growth to \$6B+ by 2030 Majority of sales coming from lower-risk^{6,7}

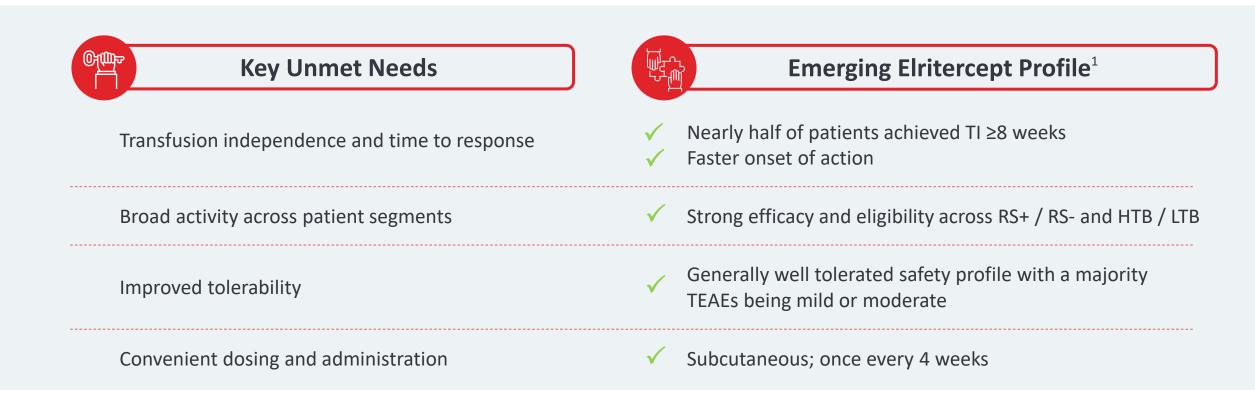
1. Per annum

148

- 2. Germany, France, Italy, Spain
- 3. Luspatercept indicated for 1L treatment however use in RS- patients is limited; Source HealthVerity US claims data pulled October 2024
- 4. Indicated for the treatment of adult patients with low- to intermediate-1 risk myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) with transfusion-dependent anemia requiring 4 or more red blood cell units over 8 weeks who have not responded to or have lost response to or are ineligible for erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (ESA); only approved in US
- 5. Patients ESA eligible, not including patients with del(5q)
- 6. Landscape & Forecast Myelodysplastic Syndromes August 2023
- 7. EvaluatePharma Myelodysplastic syndrome

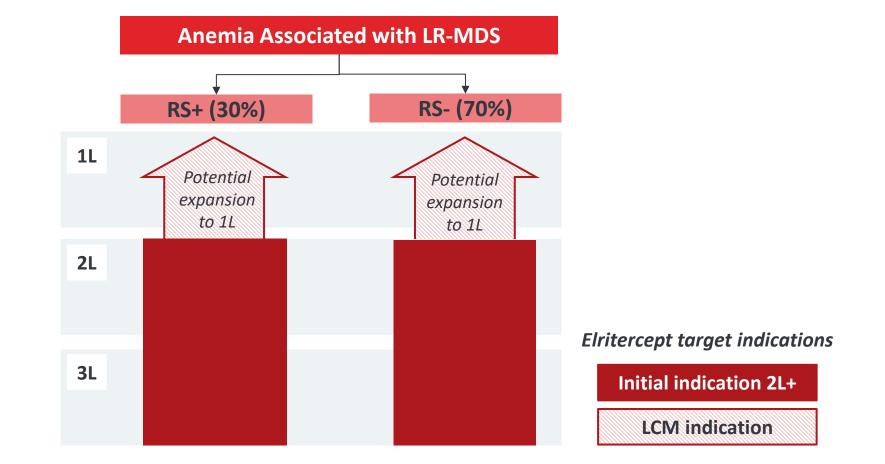
ESA: Erythropoiesis-Stimulating Agents





Elritercept is a potential best-in-class treatment for AA LR-MDS targeting an initial indication in 2L+ with the aim to expand quickly into 1L





Elritercept peak revenue potential \$2 – 3B

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about peak revenue estimates.

Elritercept: Potential to benefit a wide range of patients with MDS and MF





Strong strategic fit with existing hematology-oncology disease area focus



Differentiated mechanism of action impacting early and late haematopoiesis



Ph3 ready asset with lead indication in 2L+ AA LR-MDS and potential **expansion opportunities** in earlier lines, MF and other hematologic indications



Potential **best-in-class profile**, including prolonged and sustained efficacy across a broad set of patients and a generally well tolerated safety profile



Global peak revenue potential: \$2-3B

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about peak revenue estimates.

Late-stage programs have significant value potential; oveporexton, zasocitinib, rusfertide phase 3 data expected in 2025



Three Phase 3 Data Readouts Over the Next 12 Months

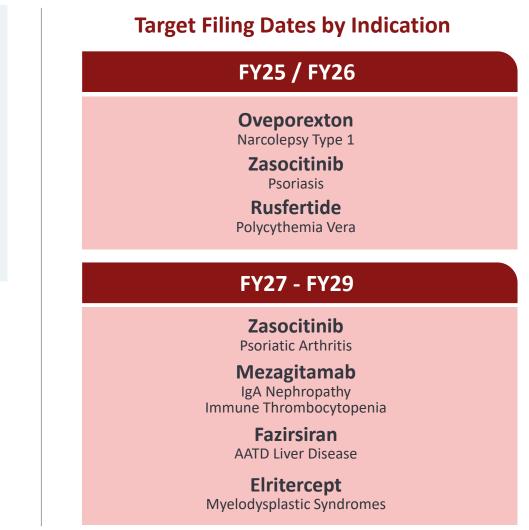
- Oveporexton in Narcolepsy Type 1
- Zasocitinib in Psoriasis
- Rusfertide in Polycythemia Vera¹



152

>70% PTRS² to approval





1. Our partner Protagonist Therapeutics is responsible for Phase 3 development of Rusfertide and has stated Phase 3 data may be available as soon as March 2025 which is our Q4 FY24

Please refer to the Important Notice at the start of this presentation for more information about PTRS and peak revenue estimates





CHRISTOPHE WEBER Representative Director; President & CEO



MILANO FURUTA Director; Chief Financial Officer



ANDY PLUMP Director; President, Research & Development



RAMONA SEQUEIRA President, Global Portfolio Division



Q&A



TERESA BITETTI President, Global Oncology Business Unit



CHINWE UKOMADU Head of GI&I Therapeutic Area Unit



SARAH SHEIKH Head of Neuroscience Therapeutic Area Unit & Global Development



P.K. MORROW Head of Oncology Therapeutic Area Unit

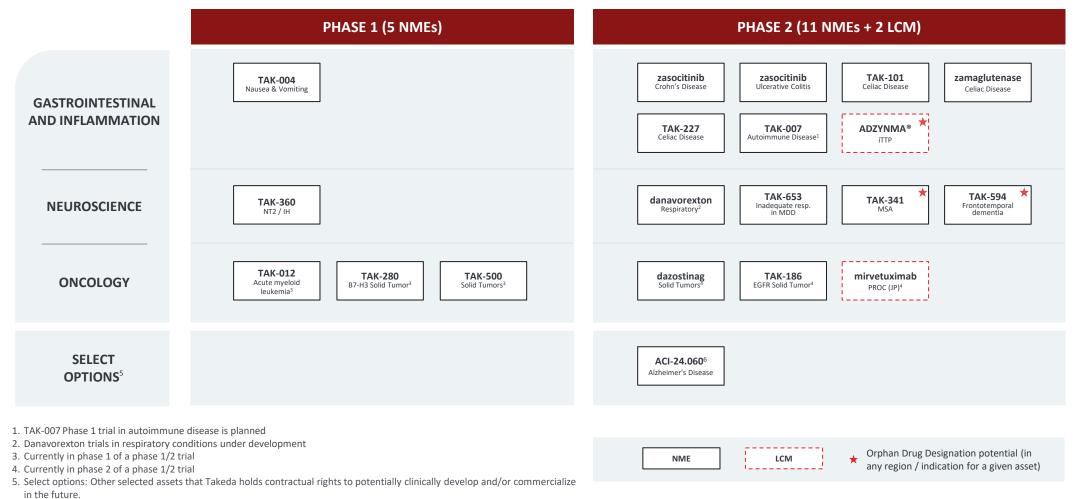


APPENDIX



Consolidated Development Pipeline by Phase





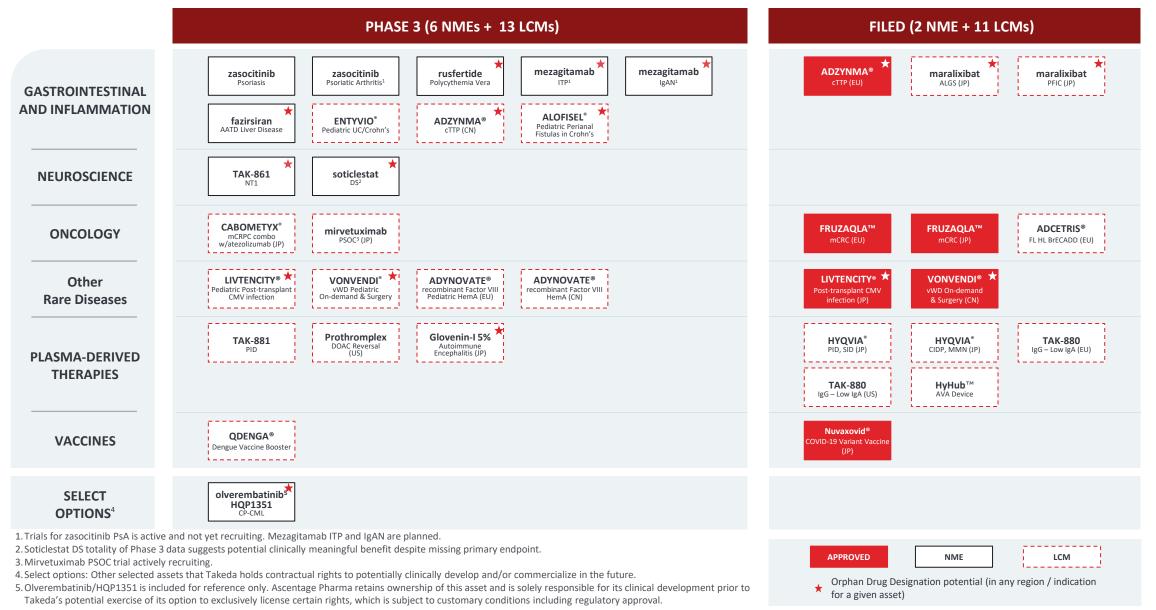
6. ACI-24.060 is included for reference only. AC Immune retains ownership of this asset and is solely responsible for its clinical development prior to Takeda's potential exercise of its option to exclusively license certain rights, which is subject to customary conditions including regulatory approval.

155 All timelines are approximate estimates as of December 13th, 2024, are subject to change and are subject to clinical and regulatory success. Table is not comprehensive. For full glossary of abbreviations please refer to appendix.

Consolidated Development Pipeline by Phase

156





All timelines are approximate estimates as of December 13th, 2024, are subject to change and are subject to clinical and regulatory success. Table is not comprehensive. For full glossary of abbreviations please refer to appendix.

Glossary of Abbreviations - 1



Regional Abbreviations:

CN: China; EU: Europe; JP: Japan; U.S.: United States of America

AA	anemia-associated
AATD	α1-antitrypsin deficiency
AATD LD	α 1-antitrypsin deficiency associated liver disease
ACE/ARB	angiotensin converting enzyme / angiotensin receptor blockers
ACR	American College of Rheumatology
ADAMTS13	a disintegrin-like and metalloproteinase with a thrombospondin type 1 motifs 13
ADC	antibody-drug conjugate
ADHD	attention deficit hyperactivity disorder
AE	adverse event
ALGS	Alagille syndrome
ALL	acute lymphocytic leukemia
AML	acute myeloid leukemia
APRIL	A PRoliferation-Inducing Ligand
AT	advanced therapy
АТР	adenosine triphosphate
BBB	blood brain barrier
BID	bis in die, twice a day
BLA	biologics license application
BLyS	B lymphocyte stimulator
BSC	best supportive care
BTD	breakthrough therapy designation
CAR NK	chimeric antigen receptor natural killer cell
CDAI	Crohn's Disease Activity Index
CGI-C	Clinical Global Impression of Change
СНМР	Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use
CI	confidence interval
CIDP	chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyradiculoneuropathy
CML	chronic myeloid leukemia
CMV	cytomegalovirus
CP-CML	chronic-phase chronic myeloid leukemia

CRC	colorectal cancer
CRPC	castrate-resistant prostate cancer
CSF	cerebrospinal fluid
cTTP	congenital thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura
cv	cardiovascular
DOAC	direct oral anti-coagulation
DS	Dravet syndrome
Dx	diagnosis
EDS	excessive daytime sleepiness
EGFR	epidermal growth factor receptor
eGFR	estimated glomerular filtration rate
EMA	European Medicines Agency
EPO	erythropoietin
ER	endoplasmic reticulum
ESA	erythropoiesis-stimulating agents
ESRS	European Sleep Research Society
ESS	Epworth Sleepiness Scale
ETA(AT1)	endothelin A - angiotensin II (1) receptor
F1-F4	liver fibrosis stages 1 to 4
FDA	U.S. Food & Drug Administration
FIH	first in human
FINI	Functional Impacts of Narcolepsy Instrument
FL	front line
fSCIG	facilitated Subcutaneous Immunoglobulin
FSI	first subject in
FY	fiscal year
Gd-IgA	galactose-deficient IgA
GI	gastrointestinal
GI&I	Gastrointestinal and Inflammation
H2H	head-to-head

нсс	hepatocellular carcinoma
НСР	healthcare professional
НСТ	hematocrit
HemA	hemophilia A
HI-E	hematologic improvement-erythroid
HL	Hodgkin lymphoma
HR	high risk
НТВ	high transfusion burden
HU	hydroxyurea
IBD	inflammatory bowel disease
IC50	50% inhibitory concentration
IFN-α/β	interferon alpha/beta
IgA	immunoglobulin A
IgAN	immunoglobulin A nephropathy
lgG	immunoglobulin G
н	idiopathic hypersomnia
IL-12/17/23	interleukin 12/17/23
IND	investigational new drug
INN	international non-proprietary name
IQR	Interquartile Range
ISTH	International Society on Thrombosis and Haemostasis
ITP	immune thrombocytopenia
ITP	immune thrombocytopenia immune thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura
iTTP	immune thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura
ittp IV	immune thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura intravenous
ittp IV IWG	immune thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura intravenous International Working Group
iTTP IV IWG JAK	immune thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura intravenous International Working Group Janus kinase
ITTP IV IWG JAK KOL LCM LFT	immune thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura intravenous International Working Group Janus kinase key opinion leader
ITTP IV IWG JAK KOL LCM	immune thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura intravenous International Working Group Janus kinase key opinion leader lifecycle management

Glossary of Abbreviations - 2



Regional Abbreviations:

CN: China; EU: Europe; JP: Japan; U.S.: United States of America

LS	least square
LTB	low transfusion burden
LTE	long-term extension
MASH	Metabolic dysfunction-associated steatohepatitis
mCRC	metastatic colorectal cancer
mCRPC	metastatic castrate-resistant prostate cancer
MDA	minimal disease activity
MDD	major depressive disorder
MDS	myelodysplastic syndrome
MELD	Model for End-Stage Liver Disease
MF	myelofibrosis
MG	myasthenia gravis
mITT ₂₄	modified intent to treat 0-24 weeks
MMN	multifocal motor neuropathy
mMS	modified Mayo Score
MOA	mechanism of action
MPN-SAF	Myeloproliferative Neoplasms Symptom Assessment Form
MSA	multiple system atrophy
мwт	maintenance of wakefulness test
ND	newly diagnosed
NDA	new drug application
NK	natural killer
nM	nano molar
NME	new molecular entity
NMPA	(China's) National Medical Products Administration
NSCLC	non-small cell lung cancer
NSS-CT	Narcolepsy Severity Scale
NT1 or 2	narcolepsy type 1 or 2
OX2R	orexin 2 receptor
OX-A	orexin A

PASI	psoriasis area and severity index
PC	platelet count
PDT	plasma derived therapies
PFIC	progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis
PGI-C	Patient Clinical Global Impression of Change
PHL	phlebotomy
PID	primary immunodeficiency
РК	pharmacokinetics
PMDA	Japan's Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency
POC	proof of concept
PR	platelet response
PRO	patient reported outcomes
PROC	platinum-resistant ovarian cancer
PSG	polysomnography
PSOC	platinum-sensitive ovarian cancer
PTRS	probability of technical and regultory success
PV	polycythemia vera
PVT	Psychomotor Vigilance Task
QD	quaque die, every day
QOL	quality of life
RBC	red blood cells
RS +/-	ringed sideroblast positive/negative
RTU	ready to use
SAE	serious adverse event
sc	subcutaneous formulation
SCCHN	squamous cell carcinoma of head and neck
SCLC	small-cell lung cancer
SEM	standard error of the mean
SES-CD	simple endoscopic score for Crohn's disease
SGLT2	sodium-glucose transport protein 2

SID	secondary immunodeficiency
SOC	standard of care
sPGA	static Physician's Global Assessment
TE	Thromboembolic events
TEAE	treatment emergent adverse event
TGF-β	transforming growth factor beta
ті	transfusion independence
ткі	tyrosine kinase inhibitor
TNFα	tumor necosis factor alpha
TTP	thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura
Тх	therapy
ТҮК2	tyrosine kinase 2
UC	ulcerative colitis
UPCR	urine protein-creatinine ratio
VEGFR	vascular endothelial growth factor receptors
vWD	von Willebrand disease
WCR	weekly cataplexy rate
ww	worldwide
Z-AAT	mutant Z-form of α1-antitrypsin

Takeda Investor Relations: takeda.ir.contact@takeda.com



Better Health, Brighter Future

© 2024 Takeda Pharmaceutical Company Limited. All rights reserved.