Corporate Governance

AIN HOLDINGS INC.

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The state of corporate governance of AIN Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") is described below.

<u>I. Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital</u> <u>Structure, Corporate Attributes and Other Basic</u> <u>Information</u>

1. Basic Views

Dispensing pharmacy and cosmetic and drug store are the key business areas being developed by the Group. As this business is characterized by responsibilities for people's health, we recognize it is indispensable to continue the sound and transparent business activities that prioritize compliance.

To achieve this goal, we have adopted a corporate auditor system to oversee not only important decision-making in the management and the business execution, but also general corporate management.

The Internal Audit Office which is under the direct control of the President serves to ensure thorough compliance with relevant laws and regulations and internal rules and regulations through field audits.

In addition, as part of our efforts to enhance corporate governance, we have established a Compliance Committee composed of all the Company's directors, corporate auditors and legal advisors to ensure that our business ethics and legal compliance system are permeated and established not only among the management but also among all employees.

[Reasons for Non-compliance with the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code]

We implement all principles of the Corporate Governance Code.

[Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code]

[Principle 1.4]

The Company holds shares that are expected to have synergistic effects on business alliances related to our business and maintenance and enhancement of business transactions, and shares that are necessary for maintaining relationships with local communities.

According to its policy, the Company in principle holds and maintains the cross-shareholdings which account for 5% or less of the total assets recorded on the consolidated balance sheet, and if the total amount of shares exceeds such percentage, the Company will promptly consider selling the shares.

In addition, the Company will examine at the Board of Directors whether the purpose of cross-shareholding is appropriate, whether the benefits and risks from each holding cover the Company's cost of capital, and whether there is any other effective use of funds, and decide whether to continue holding shares or reducing shares by selling them. We do not uniformly judge whether to exercise the voting rights as to their cross-shareholdings, but consider and determine each proposal from the viewpoint of improving corporate value and enhancing shareholder returns by emphasizing dialogue with companies into which the Company makes investment.

[Principle 1.7]

The Rules of the Board of Directors provide that the approval of the Board of Directors is required for conducting transactions with any of the directors. In addition, in order to confirm conflicts of interest transactions by officers of the Group, the Company regularly confirms with each officer whether the existence or nonexistence and the content of transactions between officers of the Group and their related parties and the Group.

[Principle 2.6]

The Human Resources Department of the Company which is in charge of management of corporate pension funds ensures the appropriateness of the management of corporate pension funds and checks the soundness of pension funds management in general in coordination with staff of the Accounting Department who have advanced expertise in financial accounting. In addition, persons in charge of pension funds management participate in various seminars related to pension funds to improve their skills.

[Principle 3.1]

(1) Company objectives (e.g., business principles), business strategies and business plans

The Company objectives and mid-to long-term business strategies are made available on the Company's website and in the financial results briefing materials.

Group principles: https://www.ainj.co.jp/about/principle.html

Financial results briefing materials: https://www.ainj.co.jp/ir/

(2) Basic views and guidelines on corporate governance

These are provided in this Report I-1 "Basic Views."

(3) Board policies and procedures in determining the remuneration of the senior management and directors by the board of directors

The remuneration consists of monthly remuneration and bonuses which is linked to the company's performance and reflects job responsibilities and achievements. Bonuses are determined based on the consolidated operating income for each fiscal year by comprehensively taking into account dividends, the balance with employees, trends of competitors in the same industry and past payment performance.

We have established a nomination and remuneration committees, the majority of whose members are independent outside officers with the aim of enhancing the fairness, transparency and objectivity of proceedings related to the determination of remuneration for directors. The nomination and remuneration committees determines the type and the range of amounts of the remuneration and the President and Representative Director determines matters related to the remuneration of directors in accordance with the above policy.

(4) Board policies and procedures in the appointment/dismissal of the senior management and the nomination of directors and corporate auditors' candidates by the board of directors

Candidates of the senior management and directors are comprehensively appointed/dismissed or nominated on the basis that they are capable of making accurate and prompt decisions and that each of them achieves popularity and ensures thorough compliance with laws and regulations and corporate ethics by taking into account the balance between knowledge, experience and abilities among the senior management and the board of directors as a whole. In addition, we have established a nomination and remuneration committees, the majority of whose members are independent outside officers with the aim of enhancing the fairness, transparency and objectivity of proceedings related to the appointment/dismissal of directors. The appointment/dismissal of directors will be determined after deliberation by the nomination and remuneration committees.

Candidates of corporate auditors are appointed from the comprehensive viewpoint of placing the right person in the right place, while ensuring balance of various perspectives between knowledge on financing and accounting, knowledge on the Company's business and corporate management.

Based on the above policy, corporate auditors are proposed by the president and decided by resolution of the board of directors.

(5) Explanation on individual appointment/dismissal of the senior management and appointment and the nomination of individual directors and corporate auditors' candidates

Reasons for individual appointment/dismissal and nomination in the appointment/dismissal of officers and the nomination of directors' candidates are disclosed in a notice of the meeting of shareholders.

[Supplemental Principle 4.1.1]

The Board of Directors establishes the Rules of the Board of Directors and other internal regulations to clarify matters that the Board of Directors should make decisions and those that the management should do.

The Board of Directors decides whether decision-making authority on matters other than execution of important business operations is granted to the management in light of the size and nature of the transaction, and such decision is provided in internal regulations.

[Principle 4.9]

When appointing independent outside directors, the Board of Directors prioritizes not only external requirements under the Companies Act but also their abundant experience and extensive knowledge in the company management. The Board of Directors appoints an outside director who is an independent director in accordance with the independence standards established by the Financial Instruments Exchange.

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.1]

When appointing directors, the Board of Directors endeavors to have a view on the appropriate balance covering every function and every business department of a company, the right person in the right place for prompt and appropriate decision-making, and diversity as a whole.

The Company currently appoints twelve directors including outside directors, and this is considered to be an appropriate size for prompt and appropriate decision-making. Policies and procedures are described in Principle 3.1(4).

[Supplemental Principle 4.11.2]

Important concurrent posts of each director and corporate auditor, including those at other listed companies, are disclosed in the "Status on Corporate Officers" in the business report (notice of convocation of annual meeting of shareholders), and "Status on Officers" in the securities report.

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.3]

For purposes of enhancing effectiveness of the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors annually conducts a selfassessment of 17 items in a questionnaire for directors and corporate auditors on a five-point scale. As for the evaluation for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018, each item in the questionnaire for internal directors, outside directors and corporate auditors is evaluated at three-point or more, and accordingly, the Company analyzes and evaluates that the Board of Directors functions effectively in general. Nevertheless, we recognize that we are expected to further enhance our explanations of the materials to be sent in advance and the surrounding information on the industry environment, etc.

[Supplementary Principle 4.14.2]

The Company appoints directors and corporate auditors who fully perform the required roles and responsibilities (including legal responsibilities) and are familiar with the Company's business, finance and organization, and provides them with a continuing opportunity of training.

The Company gives directors opportunities to attend lectures by internal and external lecturers regarding the Companies Act and the circumstances of the times and participate in external seminars, aiming to acquire legal knowledge and promote understanding of the roles and responsibilities of directors.

The Company also gives corporate auditors opportunities to attend lectures by internal and external lecturers and participate in external seminars in order to promote the acquisition of necessary knowledge and the understanding of roles and responsibilities.

The Company will bear the expenses for such training.

[Principle 5-1]

Officers in charge of investor relations and the Corporate Planning Division oversee dialogue with shareholders and investors, and are actively implementing such dialogue through a variety of initiatives including financial results briefings. Internal related departments that support dialogue have established a system to realize constructive dialogue by coordinating with each other, such as planning opportunities of dialogue and sharing necessary information. Measures to promote opportunities for dialogue include financial results briefings for investors which are explained by the representative director and the relevant officers and explanations for individual investors. We will further enhance opportunities for dialogue based on the opinions and requests of shareholders and investors that we have gained through such opportunities.

Opinions and requests that we have obtained through dialogue are relayed to the management and related departments as necessary to share information. During the period before the announcement of financial results as a silent period, we restrict dialogue with shareholders and investors and keep internal information confidential. In addition, we manage and keep insider information occurred internally confidential.

2. Capital Structure

Foreign shareholding ratio 30% or more

[Status of Major Shareholders] Updated

Name / Company name	Number of shares owned	Percentage (%)
Kiichi Otani	3,238,400	9.14
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	2,750,000	7.76
GOLDMAN SACHS INTERNATIONAL	1,695,643	4.79
Retirement Benefit Trust managed by Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. (Marubeni Corporation account)	1,594,500	4.50
The Hokkaido Bank, Ltd.	1,472,000	4.15
MSIP CLIENT SECURITIES	1,325,200	3.74
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust account)	1,133,700	3.20
North Pacific Bank, Ltd.	1,085,500	3.06
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust account)	902,400	2.55
The Norinchukin Bank	600,000	1.69

Controlling shareholder (except for Parent Company) Parent company

None

Supplementary explanation Updated

According to the Change Report Pertaining to Report of Possession of Large Volume which was made available to the public on June 13, 2019, Tybourne Capital Management (HK) Limited owned 2,328,000 shares (holding ratio of share certificates, etc.: 6.57%) as of June 7, 2019; however, as we cannot confirm the actual number of shares held as of April 30, 2019, the said company is not included in the above list of "Status of Major Shareholders."

3. Corporate Attributes

Listed stock market and market section	First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange and Sapporo Securities Exchange
Fiscal year-end	April
Type of business	Retail trade
Number of employees (consolidated) as of the end of the preceding fiscal year	1,000 or more
Sales (consolidated) in the preceding fiscal year	100 billion yen or more but less than 1 trillion yen
Number of consolidated subsidiaries as of the end of the preceding fiscal year	50 or more but less than 100 companies

4. Policy on Measures to Protect Minority Shareholders in Conducting Transactions with Controlling Shareholders

5. Other Special Circumstances which may Have Material Impact on Corporate Governance

The Company dispatches its personnel as directors or corporate auditors to the subsidiaries to participate in the decision-making in management through the Board of Directors. In addition, we are striving to strengthen corporate governance through field audits by the Company's Internal Audit

Office, corporate auditors and accounting auditors.

II. Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decisionmaking, Execution of Business, and Oversight

1. Organizational Composition and Operation

	Organization Form	Company with Corporate Auditors
[Din	rectors]	
	Maximum number of directors stipulated in the Articles of Incorporation	20
	Term of office of directors stipulated in the Articles of Incorporation	2 years
	Chairman of the Board	President
	Number of directors	12
	Status on election of outside directors	Elected
	Number of outside directors	4
	Number of outside directors appointed as an independent director	4

Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (1) Updated

Nama	Attribute		Rela	ntior	ishij	p wi	th tl	he C	omj	pany	y (X))
Name	Auribute	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
Ko Mori	From other companies								Δ			
Yasuyuki Hamada	Other										Δ	
Noriko Endo	From other companies								Δ			
Junro Ito	From other companies								0			

* Categories for "Relationship with the Company"

X "○" when the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

" Δ " when the director fell under the category in the past

- * • * when a close relative of the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;
 * ▲ * when a close relative of the director fell under the category in the past
- a. Executive of the Company or its subsidiaries
- b. Executive or non-executive director of a parent company of the Company
- c. Executive of a fellow subsidiary company of the Company
- d. A party whose major client or supplier is the Company or an executive thereof
- e. Major client or supplier of the Company or an executive thereof
- f. Consultant, accountant or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company besides compensation as a director/corporate auditor
- g. Major shareholder of the Company (or an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)
- h. Executive of a client or supplier company of the Company (which does not correspond to any of d, e, or f) (the director himself/herself only)
- i. Executive of another company in cases where an executive of the Company is an outside director/corporate auditor of such other company (the director himself/herself only)

- j. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the Company (the director himself/herself
- only) k. Others

Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (2) Updated

Name	Designation as independent director	Supplementary explanation of the relationship	Reasons for appointment
Ko Mori	0	Mr. Mori is from Marubeni Corporation which contributes to "Retirement Benefit Trust managed by Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd, Marubeni Corporation Account," one of our main shareholders, and is also from MarubeniSafenet, Co. LTD. which has insurance contracts with the Company.	Mr. Mori was appointed as an outside director to broadly contribute to the Company's management activities by providing advice to the Board of Directors and other bodies and by monitoring business execution, drawing on his extensive knowledge and experience as the manager of a major trading company. There is an insurance agreement executed between him and the Company, but the Company determines that the agreement has no impact because the amount of transactions is insignificant and the level of interdependence is low. There are no other affiliations that would raise questions about his independence from the Company's management. The Company designated him as an independent director because he has been serving as an outside director of the Company to strengthen the supervisory function of the Board of Directors from an objective standpoint since July 2012 and he is judged to have no conflicts of interest with general shareholders.
Yasuyuki Hamada	0	Mr. Hamada is an emeritus professor at Hokkaido University, a national university corporation.	Mr. Hamada was appointed as an outside director to broadly contribute to the Company's management activities by providing advice to the Board of Directors and other bodies and by monitoring business execution, drawing on his expertise and experience as an academic in the field of economics and finance. The Company made donations to Hokkaido University in the past, but the purpose of the donations was limited and they were not directly related to his research activities, so the Company determines that the donations have no impact. There are no other affiliations that would raise questions about his independence from the Company's management. The Company designated him as an independent director because he has been serving as an outside director of the Company to strengthen the supervisory function of the Board of Directors from an objective standpoint since July 2015 and he is judged to have no conflicts of interest with general shareholders.
Noriko Endo	0	Ms. Endo had been the Company's advisor until May 2018.	Ms. Endo was appointed as an outside director to broadly contribute to the Company's management activities by providing advice to the Board of Directors and other bodies and by monitoring business execution, drawing on her extensive knowledge and experience gained from positions in the editing department of an economics magazine and a public research institution, as well as knowledge obtained from market research in Japan and overseas. She previously worked for the Company in an advisory capacity, but the level of mutual dependence between her and the Company is low and there is no impact, as her contract with the Company terminated at the end of May 2018. There are no other affiliations that would raise questions about her independence from the Company's management. The Company designated her as an independent director because she is judged to have no conflicts of interest with general shareholders.

Junro Ito	0	Mr. Ito is a director of Ito-Yokado Co., Ltd. since March 2017.	Mr. Ito was appointed as an outside director to broadly contribute to the Company's management activities by providing advice to the Board of Directors and other bodies and by monitoring business execution, drawing on his wide range of knowledge on ESG (Environment, Social and Governance) as a director of a major retailer and his experience in charge of supervising affiliated companies of the Group in a corporate entity. There are lease contracts between the Company's subsidiaries and Ito-Yokado Co., Ltd., but the Company determines that the contracts have no impact because the amount of transactions is insignificant and the level of interdependence is low. There are no other affiliations that would raise questions about his independence from the Company's management. The Company designated him as an independent director because he is judged to have no conflicts of interest with general shareholders.
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Voluntary establishment of	
committee(s) corresponding to nomination committee or	Established
remuneration committee	

Committee's Name, Composition, and Chairperson's Attributes

	Committee's name	Total committee members	Full-time members	Internal directors	Outside directors	Outside experts	Other	Chairperson
Committee equivalent to nomination committee	nomination and remuneration committees	5	-	2	2	-	1	Internal directors
Committee equivalent to remuneration committee	nomination and remuneration committees	5	-	2	2	-	1	Internal directors

Supplementary Explanation

The committee members of the nomination and remuneration committees are appointed by a resolution of the Board of Directors, and more than half of them comprise independent directors. One person mentioned in the above column of "Other" is an outside corporate auditor.

Corporate Auditors

Establishment of the board of corporate auditors	Established
Maximum number of corporate auditors stipulated in the Articles of Incorporation	4
Number of corporate auditors	3

Cooperation among Corporate Auditors, Accounting Auditors and Internal Audit Office

Corporate auditors and accounting auditors exchange opinions for each accounting audit to improve the accuracy of audits by corporate auditors related to laws and regulations, the Articles of Incorporation, and accounting. In addition, accounting auditors and corporate auditors exchange opinions on the results of audits of our subsidiaries to strengthen mutual cooperation.

Status on appointment of outside corporate auditors	Appointed
Number of outside corporate auditors	2
Number of outside corporate auditors appointed as an independent director	1

Outside Corporate Auditors' Relationship with the Company (1)

Name	Attribute		Rel	lati	onsl	hip	wit	h tł	ne C	Com	ipai	ny (*)	
Ivanic			b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m
Akira Ibayashi	From other companies										Δ			
Osamu Muramatsu	From other companies										Δ			

* Categories for "Relationship with the Company"

X "○" when the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

- " Δ " when the director fell under the category in the past
- * "•" when a close relative of the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;
 - " \blacktriangle " when a close relative of the director fell under the category in the past
- a. Executive of the Company or its subsidiaries
- b. Non-executive director or accounting advisor of the Company or its subsidiaries
- c. Executive or non-executive director of a parent company of the Company
- d. Corporate auditor of the parent company of the Company
- e. Executive of a fellow subsidiary company of the Company
- f. A party whose major client or supplier is the Company or an executive thereof
- g. Major client or supplier of the Company or an executive thereof
- h. Consultant, accountant or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company besides compensation as a director/corporate auditor
- i. Major shareholder of the Company (or an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)
- j. Executive of a client or supplier company of the Company (which does not correspond to any of f, g, or h) (the director himself/herself only)
- k. Executive of another company in cases where an executive of the Company is an outside director/corporate auditor of such other company (the director himself/herself only)
- 1. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the Company (the director himself/herself only) m. Others

Name	Designation as an Independent Officer	Supplementary explanation of the relationship	Reasons for appointment
Akira Ibayashi		Mr. Ibayashi worked for the Hokkaido Bank, Ltd., which is the main bank of the Company	Mr. Ibayashi was appointed as an outside corporate auditor to contribute to our better internal control by providing his opinions at the Board of Directors, the Board of Auditors, etc. of the Company and by monitoring our execution of business based on his expertise obtained at financial institutions and experience as an auditor of other companies.
Osamu Muramatsu	o	Mr. Muramatsu worked for Nomura Securities Co., Ltd., which is the lead underwriter of the Company	Mr. Muramatsu was appointed as an outside corporate auditor to contribute to our better internal control by providing his opinions at the Board of Directors, the Board of Auditors, etc. of the Company and by monitoring our execution of business based on his expertise and experience obtained at major securities company. The securities company he worked for is our lead underwriter with which we have trading accounts, however, we believe that no effec would be recognized given low degree of interdependence and small transaction volume. Furthermore, no suspicious affiliation is recognized regarding his independence of our management. We believe that no risk of interest conflict with our general shareholders would arise, which caused us to appoint him as an outside auditor.

[Matter concerning Independent Officers]

Outside Corporate Auditors' Relationship with the Company (2)

Number of Independent Officers	5				
Other matters concerning independent officers					

[Matter concerning Incentives]

Implementation of measures concerning incentives for directors	No measures are implemented
Supplementary explanation	
Not applicable.	
Eligible persons for stock options	

[Matter concerning Directors' Remuneration]

Status of disclosure (of individual directors' remuneration)

No individual remuneration is disclosed.

Supplementary explanation

The Company discloses the total remuneration amount of each of its internal and outside directors in the securities report/business report.

Policy established to determine the amount of remuneration or method to Yes calculate this amount

Content disclosed out of the policy for determining the amount of remuneration or the method to calculate this amount

The maximum amount of remuneration for the directors was resolved to be ± 300 million per annum or less (± 50 million of which is allocated to the outside directors. No employee salary is included.) at the 44th General Meeting of Shareholders held on July 30, 2013. The Board of Directors resolves the amount of remuneration to be paid to the directors in comprehensive view of the business performance, economic conditions and other factors.

[System for Supporting outside directors (outside corporate auditors)]

Full-time directors or corporate auditors are in charge of the system for supporting the outside directors (outside corporate auditors), and the General Affairs Department serves to share necessary information in advance with them. The staff in administrative departments assists in the necessary clerical work depending on the nature of the work.

2. Matters concerning Functions of Business Execution, Audit and Supervision, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System)

1. Matters concerning business execution

The Company has adopted an executive officer system to clearly separate management decision-making/supervisory functions from the execution of business, with which we intend to vitalize the Board of Directors and enhance agility and flexibility of business execution. In addition to the above, the business execution in each department is discussed at the management meetings held once a week with attendance of department managers and above to monitor the practical operations of each department, which serves to provide mutual checks among the departments.

2. Matters concerning functions of audit and supervision

The Internal Audit Office of the Company conducts operation audits on the Headquarters and the stores at least once a year, as a rule, and checks the status of audits on our subsidiaries and the status of their internal audits.

Furthermore, the effectiveness of internal audits is enhanced by discussing and reviewing the internal auditing method of the Company and its effect based on internal auditing materials submitted to the corporate auditors and field audits conducted with them as well as by consulting and cooperating with the accounting auditors on auditing methods, etc. at the time of accounting audits.

The status of internal audits is reported at the management meetings, and efforts are made to improve compliance through individual guidance and reexamination in cooperation with each department.

In addition to the above-mentioned activities, the corporate auditors exchange opinions with the accounting auditors at the time of the accounting audits, and endeavor to improve the accuracy of the corporate audits in terms of the relevant laws, the Articles of Incorporation and accounting. The corporate auditors attend the accounting audits conducted by the accounting auditors on the subsidiaries in order to strengthen the functions.

The outside corporate auditors, together with the full-time corporate auditors, develop audit policies and audit plans, inspect important documents related to management, audit financial documents and reference documents, audit agenda to be submitted at shareholders meetings, and confirm status of directors' business execution. Based on discussions on the results thereof at the Board of Corporate Auditors, the outside corporate auditors provide advice, proposals and recommendations to the directors and the Board of Directors.

Regarding the function of management supervision, although prompt decision-making is required at all times to promote the aggressive business expansion policy, the Company strives to make the function of management supervision work mutually among the directors when making important decisions by holding the management meetings once a week with the participation of the directors and the full-time corporate auditors and by requiring outside directors to participate in the management of the Company through appropriate advice from a multifaceted perspective provided at the Board of Directors.

3. Reasons for Adopting Current Corporate Governance System

The Board of Directors, which is the current important decision-making body of the Company, is composed of twelve members. The outside directors participate in the management of the Company with appropriate advice from a multifaceted perspective in making important decisions.

Currently, the Company has four outside directors. The head of the Internal Audit Office is in charge of internal control and internal audit. The person in charge of internal audit and internal control cooperates with the Board of Corporate Auditors in a position equivalent to that of the Directors. Such person effectively maintains a system that ensures the confidence of the shareholders and the investors by giving a report on internal audit and internal control at the meetings of the Board of Directors when required.

In order to clearly separate management decision-making and supervisory functions from business execution functions, the Company has adopted an executive officer system to vitalize the Board of Directors and enhance the ability and flexibility of business execution.

In addition to the above, the business execution in each department is discussed at the management meetings held once a week with attendance of department managers and above to monitor their practical operations, which serves to provide mutual checks among the departments.

III Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders

1. Initiatives to Vitalize General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights

	Supplementary explanation
Provision of convocation notice (summary) in English	Before dispatching the notice of convocation, the Company posted the notice of convocation in English (summary) on its website (on July 5, 2019).

2. Investor Relations Activities

Supplementary explanation		Explanation by the Representa- tive
Preparation and publication of disclosure policy	The disclosure policy is posted on our website.	
Periodic presentation for analysts and institutional investors:	A briefing session is held for each settlement and interim settlement.	Yes
IR Information on website	In addition to financial closing documents, a video of the last briefing session for analysts and institutional investors is also available on our website.	
Creation of an IR-related dept. (IR Personnel)	The Corporate Planning Division is in charge of IR-related services.	

3. Initiatives to Ensure Due Respect for Stakeholders

	Supplementary explanation
Provisions on Respect for the Positions of Stakeholders in Internal Rules	The AIN Group Basic Financial Reporting Policy provides for timely disclosure of information that contributes to investors' decisions, which ensures transparency and fairness in information disclosure.
Environmental preservation activities and CSR activities	In order to contribute to the research and development of the pharmaceutical field, the Company has established endowed courses at national universities and is conducting joint research.

IV Matters Related to Internal Control System

1. Basic Views on Internal Control System and Progress of System Development

Pursuant to the Companies Act of Japan and the Regulation for Enforcement of the Companies Act, the Company shall set forth the following basic policies on the development of systems required to ensure the appropriateness of the business conducted by the corporate group consisting of the Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as the "Group"):

1. System to ensure that the execution of duties by the directors and the employees complies with relevant laws and the Articles of Incorporation

(1) The Board of Directors shall, pursuant to the provisions of the relevant laws, the Articles of Incorporation and the Rules of Board of Directors, make decisions on important matters relating to the business execution and supervise the execution of duties by the directors.

(2) In order to maintain and enhance the supervisory function of the directors in the execution of their duties, the Group shall continuously appoint outside directors in consideration of independence adopt the executive officer system in consideration of the execution function and the supervisory function.

(3) The officers and the employees of the Group (hereinafter referred to as the "Officers and Employees") shall, in accordance with the Group's Code of Conduct, strive for corporate activities with common sense and ethics, always recognizing that they are engaged in the health-related business as well as complying with the relevant laws, the Articles of Incorporation, etc.

(4) For the purpose of fulfilling the duties of the Group in accordance with the relevant laws, the Articles of Incorporation and the Group's internal rules and enhance compliance therewith, the Company shall create the Compliance Committee to manage compliance throughout the Group.

(5) The Group shall develop the Compliance Hotline that enables direct notification to outside contractors in order to detect and correct violations of the relevant laws and other compliance-related problems as early as possible.(6) Based on the "Anti-insider Trading Rules", the Group shall conduct thorough management on the undisclosed material facts, make appropriate efforts to disclose information as required, and develop a system to prevent insider trading.

(7) The corporate auditors shall, as an independent organization, audit the execution of duties by the directors, including the construction and operation status of the internal control system.

(8) The Internal Audit Office shall, from a viewpoint independent from the business execution organizations, conduct audits on the status of compliance by the Officers and Employees with the relevant laws, the Article of Incorporation and the like.

(9) The Group shall declare in the Group's Code of Conduct that it has no relationship with any anti-social forces, shall develop the "Rules for Dealing with Anti-social Forces" and shall strive as a whole organization to block involvement from anti-social forces in cooperation with the police, corporate lawyers, etc.

2. Systems related to the retention and management of information relating to the execution of the duties by the directors

The Company shall, in accordance with the "Document Handling Rules," retain and manage information relating to the execution of duties by the directors appropriately, by recording such information in writing or in electromagnetic media in a manner that is accessible from the directors and the corporate auditors as required.

3. Rules and other systems related to management of the risk of loss

(1) The Company shall formulate the "Risk Management Rules" and the "Risk Management Guidelines" both of which stipulate the risk management for the entire Group, shall designate the departments in charge for each risk category and shall manage the risks for the entire Group exhaustively and comprehensively.

(2) The Company shall create the Risk Management Section belonging to the General Affairs Department as a section that supervises the risk management status of all group companies and shall manage issues and countermeasures relating to the promotion of group-wide risk management.

(3) The Internal Audit Office shall conduct field audits to inspect the compliance by and effectiveness of the risk management system of the Group.

(4) The Company shall formulate the "Group's Business Continuity Plan (BCP)" in order to ensure the continuity of the businesses of the Group in the event of a crisis and shall ensure that all Officers and Employees are fully aware of it.

4. System for ensuring efficient execution of duties by the directors

(1) Each director of the Group shall execute one's allocated area of duties at one's own responsibility pursuant to the "Rules for Segregation of Duties." The Internal Audit Office and the Board of Corporate Auditors shall check whether the directors follow the above appropriately.

(2) The Company shall develop the management plan of the Group, and, for the purpose of giving shape to such plan, shall set management targets and allocate budget for the entire Group for each business year.

5. Systems to ensure the propriety of business activities in the Group and systems to give reports to the Company on matters concerning the execution of the duties by the subsidiaries' directors

(1) In order to ensure the propriety of business activities as a corporate group, the Company shall apply the "Rules for Management of Affiliated Companies" to each of its subsidiaries, which obliges them to give periodic reports on their important management matters requiring careful decision-making (including facts of occurrence).

(2) The Company shall hold a group management meeting every week attended by the directors of the Company and of its subsidiaries and shall oblige the subsidiaries to report any significant event at such meeting.

6. Matters concerning the employee if the corporate auditors have requested that an employee be appointed to assist with their duties

In the event that the corporate auditors request to appoint an employee who assists them in their duties, the Company shall appoint an appropriate employee as an assistant to them after consultation with them.

7. Matters concerning independence of the employee described in the preceding clause from the directors and matters concerning ensuring effectiveness of instructions given to the employee who should assist the duties of the corporate auditors

(1) In order to ensure the independence of the employee described in the preceding clause from the directors, the Company shall inform the corporate auditors of personnel changes or evaluations of such employee in advance and shall request their opinions.

(2) The Company shall specify in the "Corporate Audit Standards" the authority to give directions and instructions to the employees who should assist the corporate auditors.

8. The following systems and other systems relating to reporting to the Company's corporate auditors

(1) System to require the Company's directors and employees to give reports to the corporate auditorsIn the event that the directors detect any fact which is likely to cause significant damage to the Company in the

course of the business execution, they shall report the matters relating to such fact to the corporate auditors.
The Internal Audit Office shall report the execution of its business to the corporate auditors on a regular basis.

• The corporate auditors shall request reports from the directors or the employees if deemed necessary to fulfill their duties.

(2) System to report to the corporate auditors from the directors, the corporate auditors and the employees of the subsidiaries or from the persons who are reported such directors, the corporate auditors and the employees

• The Officers and Employees of the Group shall give an appropriate report promptly when they are requested by the corporate auditors of the Company to report on the matters concerning the execution of their duties.

• The Officers and Employees of the Group shall report to the corporate auditors if they find any fact which is likely to cause substantial damage to the Company in the course of the execution of the business.

• The Internal Audit Office shall report the execution of its business to the corporate auditors on a regular basis.

• The General Affairs Department, which is in charge of the whistle-blowing system, shall report the status of whistle-blowing from the Officers and Employees of the Group to the corporate auditors of the Company on a regular basis.

9. System to ensure that the persons who have made a whistle-blow set forth in the preceding clause will not be treated unfavorably on the basis of making such whistle-blow

The Company shall prohibit from treating the Officers and Employees of the Group who have made a whistle-blow to the corporate auditors of the Group unfavorably on the grounds of such whistle-blow and shall ensure that all Officers and Employees of the Group are fully aware of it.

10. Matters concerning the policy for expenses and debts arising from the execution of duties by the corporate auditors

(1) In the event that a corporate auditor requests to make an advance payment of expenses or disposal of debts that arise in connection with the execution of their duties, the Company shall dispose of such expenses and debts in accordance with the Corporate Audit Standards.

(2) In the event that the Board of Corporate Auditors requests outside experts, such as attorneys and certified public accountants, to fulfill their duties, the Company shall bear the cost thereof.

(3) The Board of Corporate Auditors shall budget in advance for expenses deemed necessary to fulfil their duties.

11. Other systems to ensure effective audits by the corporate auditors

In the event that the corporate auditors determine it necessary to cooperate with outside experts, such as attorneys and certified public accountants, in order to fulfill their duties, the Company shall request such cooperation.

2. Basic Concept for Elimination of Antisocial Forces and Status Thereof

In the Group's Code of Conduct, the Company shall declare to all its employees that we conform to social norms and a sense of justice and have no relationship with anti-social forces or similar organizations. At the same time, the Company shall collect necessary information and shall ensure safety by taking practical preventive measures under the Rules for Dealing with Anti-social Forces, by attending training sessions targeted for persons in charge of preventing unjust demands held by the National Center for the Elimination of Boryokudan and by working in close cooperation with police authorities and lawyers. The General Affairs Department is taking the lead in working to block involvement from anti-social forces on an organizational basis.

V Other

1. Introduction of Anti-takeover Measures

Introduction of anti-takeover measures	None

Supplementary Explanation

2. Other Matters Concerning Corporate Governance System

<Overview of the timely disclosure system>

The Company's current system for timely disclosure of corporate information is as follows.

The Company discloses its corporate information in a timely manner jointly by the Operational Support Division and the Corporate Planning Division under the supervision of the Representative Senior Managing Director in charge of operational support, who is the officer in charge of information disclosure.

 The head of each division in charge promptly reports to the division manager of the Operational Support Division any information or facts that may fall under the category of material information. The division manager of the Operational Support Division examines the possibility of the occurrence or determination of material facts.
 The division manager of the Operational Support Division, after consulting with the officer in charge of information disclosure, examines whether such information should be disclosed in accordance with the Regulations for Timely Disclosure, etc. Then, with regard to the material information of the Company and the information or facts that should be disclosed, the general manager prepares for disclosure after thorough and prompt exchange of information with the Corporate Planning Division and relevant divisions.

(3) After the President makes final confirmation on appropriateness of such disclosure and the Board of Directors resolves the same (excluding matters relating to some facts of occurrence), the Corporate Planning Division shall implement the procedures for timely disclosure.

Corporate Governance System

